THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 18, NUMBER 33. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1899. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

WE MEAN BUSINESS!

Our Clearing Sale Still Continues.

Watch the crowds that are going to Cale's Department Store. With our clearing sale—it isn't one of the "make-believe" affairs which are so common, the bargains are genuine, the cut prices bona fide, the goods exactly as represented. We have the reputation of doing as we advertise, and the sale which we are now conducting is an object lesson in the kind of retailing which has made this store popular with the people of Brainerd and vicinity. We want every one of our customers to obtain their share of the good values which we are distributing, a partial list of which is given below.

50c	Summer Underwear	35c
35c	" "	20c
25c	" "	15c
10c	" "	7c
5c	" "	3c

DRY GOODS.

6c	Prints goes at, per yard	4c
5c	" " "	3c
4c	" " "	2c
5c	L. L. Sheeting "	3½c
10c	Fruit of the Loom Muslin	5½c
5c	Amoskey and Lancaster Gingham	3½c
10c	Percales	6c
5c	Dress Linings, Cambric	3½c
15c	Dimity goes for	7½c
	SHOES and SLIPPERS from $2 to	25c
	See our Slippers	63c

EMBROIDERIES, LACES, INSERTINGS, at just ONE-HALF actual value.

This Sale is the talk of the town, and you will miss it if you don't come in and get some of the goods that are being sold at such Low Prices.

This Sale is for Cash Only

Yours for Low Prices and Good Goods,

L. J. CALE

Cale Block, Front Street.

WHERE'S the LEAK?

I can find it and stop the damage. What I'll charge for the work will be economy, not expense. Don't be afraid I'll refuse a small job, and don't be afraid I can't do a good one.

F. J. MURPHY,

First National Bank Block.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," *in letter*, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.*

Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

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Mr. Brown: Say, Jones, you are looking mighty fine it seems to me, picking right up in flesh. I actually believe you weigh 15 pounds more than you did a month ago.

Mr. Jones: Well, the fact is, Brown, my wife has made a change in the diet at our house and uses only **Kansas City Beef** in the way of meat, and you can't imagine what an agreeable change it is. Braces a fellow right up. You better drop into E. C. Bane's market on Sixth street, and give them an order, and I'll guarantee you will use no other.

DEE HOLDEN. CHAS. EKMAN.

H & E

Have Opened ... NEW ... and Elegant

Sample Rooms

In the Sleeper Block, Front Street ....

Everything New!
Everything of the Best!
Choice Wines and Liquors,
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Our Friends and the Public Generally are Invited to Call and see us At Our New Place.

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Ready for Business.

JAS. WICKHAM,

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Mr. Wickham desires to inform his many customers that he is again prepared to attend to their wants in his line in his new quarters at the old location, corner of 6th and Maple streets.

First-class Workmen.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

JAS. WICKHAM, Prop.

MONEY To PATENT Good Ideas may be secured by our aid. Address, THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

Subscriptions to The Patent Record $1.00 per annum.

Money to Loan.

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JAS. WICKHAM,

Blacksmith and Shoeing Shop.

Mr. Wickham desires to inform his many customers that he is again prepared to attend to their wants in his line in his new quarters at the old location, corner of 6th and Maple streets.

First-class Workmen.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

JAS. WICKHAM, Prop.

MONEY To PATENT Good Ideas may be secured by our aid. Address, THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md. Subscriptions to The Patent Record $1.00 per annum.

Money to Loan.

Money to loan on improved farms.

SIGNOR & SCHALLERN, Little Falls, Minn.

4-31

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - MINNESOTA.

Marrying a title is the dream of many an heiress.

A pretty girl's mirror indulges in pleasant reflections.

The man with the least money often carries the biggest purse.

The falling of a man's countenance naturally lowers his face value.

The darkest cloud, financially speaking, is one that has no silver lining.

Matches may be made in heaven, but love can be made in any old place.

Laugh a little more at your own troubles and a little less at your neighbors.

A woman seldom loves her friend with the same intensity that she hates her enemies.

It may never be too late to mend, but a wise mother begins early on her small boy's trousers.

Methuselah probably lived to a ripe old age just to spite some girl who married him for his money.

The lady who horsewhipped Marcus Mayer has not yet selected the play in which she will star next season.

A St. Louis bride-to-be broke up a wedding by eloping with the best man, who proved to be the worst fellow in the crowd.

A summer resort, established thirty years ago on temperance and religious principles, has today as large a net income as any hotel in this country. The very restriction from which cynics predicted failure, have been the secret of its triumph. Young people cannot be too often reminded that it is by raising rather than by lowering one's standard that success is permanently won.

Citizens of Belgium who neglect or refuse to vote are promptly arrested, tried and heavily fined for their unwillingness to participate in the politics of the nation. The Belgian law, enforced in this country, would cause a marvelous shaking-up of serene old fossils, "lofty-minded" people who affect to despise politics and men who never go to the polls when the weather is rainy. It would also put a new complexion upon the chances of campaigns in almost every locality.

It is one of the curiosities of human justice that a man against whom the most indubitable evidence of murder could be brought might go scot free through such a clerical error as the writing of a wrong given name in the indictment. The defendant Becker, lately on trial in Chicago, made several confessions of the murder of his wife; but perhaps the most important point in his case just nof turns on the mistake made in drawing the indictment. The dead woman's name was Theresa Becker. The indictment read Elizabeth Becker, and positive evidence that the accused man committed the crime might finally be overthrown by this slip of the pen. No one but the lawyers really knows why.

"Cash K." is the curious verbal disguise under which, for ten years past, some generous person, who uses an Omaha paper as his agency, has given many thousands of dollars to worthy people and deserving objects. No one but the editor of the paper knows who the hidden philanthropist is. Yet happily, although "Cash K." is able to give large sums of money, he is only a type of many who, in equally self-effacing ways, are offering help and hope to the needy and the unfortunate.

A soldier's widow went the other day to the Emperor of Austria to beg the granting of a pension to which she was not, through some technicality, legally entitled. He heard her appeal and granted it. But as she was leaving the castle some one told her that the emperor had not signed his name upon her written petition, and that therefore she must, in spite of his kind words, consider it rejected. At that she burst into fit of weeping, so vehemently that the emperor heard her from his window, and came out to see what was the matter. On being informed, he gave her a thousand gulden from his own purse, and assured her that her petition was granted, for, he added, "An emperor's word needs not the confirmation of his signature;" as the common saying has it, "His word is as good as his bond." It was a little incident, although great to the poor woman, and great, too, in its significance of a character that is loved by the people above those of most other sovereigns.

If the German settlers in Brazil who are entreating the fatherland to raise the German flag over them think the Monroe doctrine has been abandoned they are grievously in error. Your Uncle Sam may have laid the Monroe doctrine on the shelf for a minute while he attends to more pressing business, but he is ready at any time to pick it up and give any European power that can't keep its hands off the western continent a sharp rap over the knuckles with it. This continent was closed to European colonization once, and has not been reopened.

THE NEWS RESUME

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

A General Resume of the Most Important News of the Week From All Parts of the Globe, Boiled Down and Arranged in Convenient Form for Rapid Perusal By Busy People.

Casualities.

Eugene Staub of Baltimore, Md., was killed while mountain climbing in Switzerland.

A slight earthquake caused the collapse of a gallery in the Recklinghausen mine, near Herne, Westphalia, entombing sixty miners. Several have been rescued, badly injured. The fate of the others is not known.

The kissing bug has made its appearance in Waterloo, Iowa. Miss Mary Vaughan of Cedar Falls died from the effects of its poisonous sting. The daughter of William Christopherson, four years old, also felt its dangerous caress.

The Furness line steamer Manchester Port, from Montreal, July 8, for Manchester, with grain and cattle, put into St. Johns, N. F., with her bows stove, having been in collision with an iceberg in the Straits of Belle Isle. She was badly wrecked and had a narrow escape from foundering.

A son of Mrs. Marion Moore of Brazil, Ind., was mowing grass in a field near the house, and his horses became frightened and ran away. Mrs. Moore ran out to catch the horses, but was knocked down by the sickle bar. The machine ran over her, crushing and cutting her body fearfully, causing almost instant death.

Crimes and Criminals.

Willam Garnson, a farmer boy, fatally stabbed a companion named Thomas Little, at Norris, Ill.

Bandits tampered with a switch at Mybark, I. T., and wrecked a freight train. Engineer McCune was killed.

A. H. Brower of Bonesteel, S. D., killed a man-monkey, or "missing link," which had become troublesome, and will answer to the charge of murder.

Henry Chadwick, aged twenty-four, of New Britain, Conn., was killed by Joseph Hough, aged thirty, who then attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat.

Five masked robbers broke into the house of Thomas Miller, a wealthy farmer living twelve miles south of Mansfield, Ohio, and stole more than $1,000 in cash and bonds.

Ailt Van Boening, state grand master of the Knights and Ladies of Honor, aged forty-six, committed suicide by throwing himself from the steamer Bald Eagle, near Peoria, Ill. Domestic trouble is supposed to have caused the act.

The body of Mrs. C. Meyers, a rich widow living near Irvington, Ill., was found in the ruins of her barn, a charred mass of flesh and bones. A neighbor of Mrs. Meyers had a warrant issued for a negro who was working for her, charging him with killing her and then burning the body in the barn to conceal the crime.

From Washington.

The war department has chartered the steamer Siam to carry 200 cavalry to Manila.

The cabinet decides to take no action regarding the complaints of correspondents in the Philippines.

Admiral Dewey has filed his claim for naval bounty growing out of the battle of Manila. It is expected that 4,000 cush claims will be filed.

Wardner (Idaho) miners have a conference with President McKinley, and express themselves entirely satisfied with the attitude of the administration.

Assistant Comptroller Mitchell has decided that the family of a soldier who died during the last war while on his one or two months' furlough, in anticipation of his discharge under Order No. 130 of the war department, is not entitled to receive the one or two months' extra pay or any part thereof, as provided by the act of March 3, '99.

Twelve discharged sailors of the battleship Iowa, who have started from Seattle, Wash., for Brooklyn, N. Y., say that they will lay before Secretary Long a complaint regarding the rations issued on board the Iowa. They claim it is inferior to the one intended by the navy department to be issued. It is stated that men have deserted on account of the rations.

Foreign Notes.

In a lecture in Paris, Paul Deroulede favored the formation of a plebiscite government for France.

The French cabinet decides to hush up the Dreyfus scandal in the event of the acquittal of Dreyfus, which seems certain.

The British government is determined to press its demands for reforms in the Transvaal ,and will use force if necessary.

Consul Heenah reports that there is a general failure of crops in Russia, and widespread suffering among the people in consequence.

The Rome correspondent of the London Telegraph says the pope is resolved to conduct personally the religious ceremonies opening the century.

Advices from Korea by the steamer Athenian state that in Seoul a bomb explosion took place in the house formerly occupied by Prince Pak, two Koreans being killed. Other bombs were thrown elsewhere.

The British Medical Journal suggests that every European country send medical expeditions into the East where the bubonic plague has made its appearance to study the disease, saying that it is blind folly to imagine that Europe is safe from it.

The excavations in the fora of Rome have resulted in the discovery of remains of the magnificent basilica dedicated to the grandson of the Emperor Aubgustus, which is mentioned by Dion Cassius, the historian. The basilica stood near the temple of Faustina, in the Forum Romanum.

The French minister of war, the maquis de Gallifet, has ordered an inquiry into the connection of Gen. Pelleiux with the Dreyfus affair. It is expected that this will result in his dismissal from the post of governor of the military district of Paris.

The Italian consulate at New Orleans has received cablegrams from Minister of Foreign Affairs Visconti Virosta, placing at his disposal 3,000 Italian lire subscribed by Italians of the royal government and King Humbert for the Texas flood sufferers.

Paul de Roulede, chief of the French League of Patriots, has resumed his agitation in favor of a plebescitary republic. He lectured on the subject in one of the city theaters which was crowded with a demonstrative audience. There were trifling disorders when the meeting broke up.

People Talked About.

Chief Justice Chambers of Samoa resigns and starts for America.

Lord Curzon, viceroy of India, will start on a tour of Central India on Oct. 20. Lady Curzon will accompany him.

Arthur R. Libby, founder of the big Chicago packing firm, Libby, McNeill & Libby, died at Pasadena, Cal., after a prolonged illness.

Rt. Rev. Charles Graves, D. D., D. C. L., bishop of Limerick and ex-president of the Royal Irish academy, is dead, aged eighty-seven years.

Col. Charles R. Brown, assistant chief of the division of loans and currency of the treasury department, is dead at Pittsfield, Mass.

George Saxon, Jr., aged fifteen years, died at Springfield, Ill., of lockjaw. He shot himself in the hand with a revolver on the Fourth of July.

George D. Arthur, a retired broker who went to California with D. O. Mills in 1840, is dead at Scarborough, N. Y., aged eighty-five years.

Mrs. John S. Newberry of Detroit has given to Western Reserve university, Cleveland, $2,500 to found the Handy Philosophical prizes, in honor of her father, J. P. Handy of Cleveland.

The retirement of Col. Evan Miles, First infantry, has been announced. Lieut. Col. A. A. Harback becomes colonel, Maj. Sumner Lincoln lieutenant colonel, and Capt. George Ler Brown major.

Rev. Thomas C. Warner, D. D., past chaplain-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, died at Knoxville, Tenn., aged fifty-five years. He was born in Ohio and served two years in the Fourth Ohio volunteers.

Cecil Rhodes, formerly premier of Cape Colony, arrived at Cape Town. He was welcomed by a reception committee composed of influential citizens and enthusiastically cheered as he traversed the streets.

Capt. Andrews, the "lone navigator," who left Atlantic City June 18 to cross the Atlantic in a little craft called the Doree, barely twelve feet long, was found exhausted July 12 about 700 miles from the Irish coast, and taken to Liverpool.

Titus Sudduth, president of the Farmers' National Bank of Springfeld, Ill., and one of the wealthiest land owners in Central Illinois, is dead. His holdings in Sangamon and adjoining counties amount to over 10,000 acres.

General.

Correspondents at Manila complain of Gen. Otis' censorship.

Grateful soldiers will present Miss Helen Gould with a medal.

The interstate commerce commission decides that Iowa grain rates should be reduced.

The captured Spanish warship Reina Mercedes has been appraised at $73,000 by a special board.

There was an eruption of Mount Aetna, accompanied by an earthquake shock. There was no damage done.

William K. Vanderbilt denies that the railroad companies he controls are planning for a transcontinental line.

A fruit canners' combine, including eleven corporations and twelve plants, has just been formed in San Francisco.

George Dixon, champion featherweight of the world, and Eddie Santry of Chicago have been matched to box twenty rounds at St. Louis July 31.

Emperor William will give a cup and other prizes for a handicap race for bona fide cruisers of any European nationality during the Cowes yachting week.

President Keeney, of the Association of National Silver clubs, says he does not think free silver or anti-imperialism will be raised by the Democrats as the principal issues in 1900.

Mr. John Hyde, of the agricultural department cotton exposition for the United States exposition, is sending out circulars requesting contributions for the proposed exhibit.

At the next session of congress the war tax bill may be amended to assess a tax on sale or rental of patent protected articles, also the money exchange business of express and telegraph companies.

The Retail Clerks' National Protective association, in annual convention at Kansas City, has voted to admit girls over 16 years of age to membership. The convention decided on Buffalo, N. Y., as the next meeting place.

Authorities at the Georgia state department of agriculture announce that it has been decided to hold the cotton growers' convention, which has been talked of for some time, at New Orleans about the first of September.

In order to ascertain the rights of all concerned, Admiral Dewey has filed with the court of claims his claim for naval bounty growing out of the battle of Manila bay. There will be between four and five thousand of these cases presented.

Within the next few months an agricultural building, to cost $150,000, will be added to the college of agriculture a the University of Illinois. The plans call for a group of structures, chief among which will be a three-story building 64x240 feet.

Gov. Renfrow has purchased the famous Richland mine near Cartersville, Mo., consisting of thirty acres of mineral alnd and five plants. The price paid was $150,000. This is one of many valuable mining properties recently acquired by the American Zinc, Lead and Smelter company.

TREATY IS SIGNED

NEGOTIATIONS WITH FRANCE SUCCESSFULLY TERMINATED.

Most Important Treaty Concluded Under the Reciprocity Provisions of the Dingley Law and the Only One Affecting Trade With a Large Commercial Nation — Both Sides Express Satisfaction With the General Results Secured—Concessions Made on Both Sides.

Washington, July 26—The long pending reciprocity treaty negotiations between the United States and France were brought to a successful close at the state department late yesterday afternoon when Ambassador Cambon, in behalf of France, and Commissioner Kasson, in behalf of the United States, affixed their signatures to the resiprocity treaty. It is bay far the most important treaty concluded under the reciprocity provisions of the Dingley law, and the only one affiecting the trade with a large commercial nation. The negotiations were marked by rather sharp and long continued discussions which continued up to the time the signatures were placed on the document. In the end a spirit of compromise prevailed and eeach side yielded something. As a whole both sides express satisfaction with the general results secured, for while the compromise necessitated some minor sacrifices, the general effect of the treaty will encourage commerce between the two countries.

The concessions granted by France embraced most of the articles in which is known as the French minimum tariff. This comprises 644 heads, the rate being on an average about 20 per cent below those in the general tariff on France. It was found necessary, however, owing to protests from French agrarian interests to except from this minimum list about twenty-four articles, chiefly agricultural products. The French ministry was obliged to pay heed to this sentiments, and in turn M. Cambon made the exceptions a condition of closing the treaty. It was on this point that the negotiations were in doubt for several days, and it was only by compromising on the extent of the exceptions that an agreement was made possible. As first presented the exceptions numbered twelve, but some of these were classes including a number of distinct items, so that in all there were a large number of exceptions. As finally determined upon these exceptions were narrowed down to twenty-four, and outside of them the United States gets the benefit of all the reductions on the French minimum list.

Besides the reductions given to this country the treaty is important in continuing a number of minimum rates which would have been abolished of the treaty had not been concluded. The most important of these articles are petroleum and mineral ores. At present these oils enter France on the minimum list, but has this treaty failed a rate would have been imposed making a difference of duty amounting to about $5,000,000. The same is true as to cotton, which is one of the chief articles of shipment from the United States to France and enters duty free. Had the treaty failed a heavy duty would have been imposed upon American cotton. The same is true of copper, rubber and many classes of machinery. France secured important concessions on over one hundred of the chief products sent by France to this country. The treaty will result in placing the products of the United States on the same basis in France as products of Great Britain and Germany.

MORGAN CITY ARRIVES.

Transport Loaded With Sick and Convalescent Soldiers.

San Francisco, July 26.—The United States transport Morgan City, which has been converted into a hospital ship, arrived from Manila, having on board 476 sick and convalescent soldiers. The vessel started with 479, but three died on the voyage, Private C. J. Bobbs, Tenth Pennsylvania; Private Lewis Cook, Twenty-second regiment, and First Lieut. Jackson, First South Dakota. These succumbed to dysentery, the disease with which most of the others were afflicted. All of those on board were ill when the steamer left Manila, but the removal from a tropical climate and the sea air so benefited the invalids that on arriving here only twenty-two were unable to leave their berths. Every command and almost every regiment is represented among the returning soldiers.

DROUGHT IN INDIA.

Northwestern Provinces Facing Critical Conditions.

Bombay, July 26.—The partial failure of the monsoon has occasioned grave anxiety. The rainfall has been injuriously excessive in Bengal and Northwest provinces, but in Deccan, the Gugerat and some of the central provinces there has been almost no rain. The situation in Western India is already critical and disaster is threatened. The plague is increasing in Proon, where there were 116 cases on Sunday and 82 deaths.

Collision on a Trestle.

Covington, Ga., July 26. — A northbound passenger train on the Central of Georgia railway collided with a construction train on a trestle near this town. Both engines and several cars fell thirty feet into the ravine. An engineer and fireman were badly injured. None of the passengers were hurt.

Had Outlived the Century.

Bristol, Pa., July 26.—Lacking but a few days of 106 years, Mrs. Catherine Dillon is dead here. She was born in Ireland in 1793, and came to this country early in life. There are living 4 of her children, 10 grandchildren and 15 great grandchildren.

Killed While Resisting Arrest.

Macon, Ga., July 26.—The Telegraph has a special from Leesburg, Ga., saying a negro, supposed to be one of the Saffold ravishers, was killed by citizens while resisting arrest.

WAR NOT INTENDED.

A Bombastic Juggling With Words in the Canadian Parliament.

New York, July 26.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: There will be neither war nor arbitration over the Alaskan boundary dispute. It will be settled by amicable agreement between the United States and Great Britain, one nation making concessions on this question in return for concessions by the other on some other question at issue between the two governments.

This is the view expressed by an official having much to do with the pending negotiations. Referring to Sir Wilfrid Laurier's speech in the Canadian house of commons, in which the Canadian premier declared there were only two ways by which the difficulty could be settled—arbitration or war—the official said significantly:

"Sir Wilfrid Laurier is merely stating to the Canadian parliament the recognized methods by which civilized nations settle controversies. There are three methods—first, by mutual concessions; second, by arbitration, and third, by war. Sir Wilfrid neglected to mention the first and most important of these methods. The administration recognizes the importance of the boundary question existing between Canada and the United States, but it is not considered as impossible of settlement satisfactorily to the American miners and the Canadian government.

INGERSOLL'S FUNERAL.

Exercises Will Be Simple and Impressive.

New York, July 26.—Simple funeral exercises over the body of the late Robert G. Ingersoll will be held at Walston, the Ingersoll summer home at Dobb's Ferry at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Dr. John Clark Ridpath, who was for many years a close personal friend of Col. Ingersoll, will read the eulogy delivered by Col. Ingersoll upon his brother Clarke. Dr. Ridpath will also read "My Creed," the last poem written by Col. Ingersoll, and will afterward make a brief address. Maj. A. J. O. Smith of Dobb's Ferry, a warm friend of the great orator and lecturer, will read other selections from Mr. Ingersoll's writings. Early Wednesday morning the family will accompany the remains to Fresh Pond, L. I., where the body will be cremated.

TEACH TURKS FARMING.

Prof. Kent Selected as Instructor in Farming to Turkish Empire.

Ames, Iowa, July 26. — Prof. D. A. Kent, late of the Iowa State agricultural college, has been selected as an instructor in farming to the Turkish empire. The sultan needed a man versed in the cultivation of wheat, corn and fruit, and requested the Turkish representative at Washington to procure such a person. The Turkish ambassador apealed to Secretary Wilson, who recommended Prof. Kent, and the Iowa City man has signified his willingness to accept the mission. "Of course," says Prof. Kent, "the selection of an American will result in the introduction and use of American farm machinery and American methods of cultivation and transportation." Prof. Kent will leave for his new duties in a few weeks.

DROWNED WHILE BATHING.

Three Young Ladies Get Beyond Their Depth.

Wellington, Kan., July 26. — Edna Curtis, Millie, Inez and Mabel Neal, daughters of prominent Caldwell citizens, were drowned at Druary, a fishing and bathing resort six miles east of that place. The girls, in company with a number of other girls, were bathing in the river. One of them went in beyond her depth, and being unable to swim, cried for help. In the excitement three others went in beyond their depths and all four were drowned. Miss Edith Battlin was almost drowned but her life was saved after much hard work. Their ages range from six to nineteen years.

ITALIAN INQUIRY.

Seeking Full Information in Regard to Louisiana Lynchings.

Washington, July 26. — The Italian charge d'affaires, Count Vinchi, called at the state department and had a talk with Dr. Hill, assistant secretary of state, concerning the Louisiana lynchings. Count Vinchi submitted nothing further from the Italian authorities and evinced satisfaction with what had been already done by the officials here. Thus far there has been no suggestion that indemnity or other form of reparation would be expected, the representations having been confined to securing full information on the subject.

TOLEDO'S BIG FIRE.

Estimated Loss of a Million Dollars Found to Be Correct.

Toledo, Ohio, July 26.—The estimate of a million dollars loss in the S., H. & D. elevator fire was found to be correct. The insurance will not cover the loss on the building by over $90,000. The insurance on the grain is $474,000, while the value of the wheat was about $830,000. It is doubtful if over 10 per cent of the grain will be saved. In addition to the loss on the elevator thirty freight cars were burned, valued at $12,000.

Killed by Negroes.

Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, July 26.—In resisting the attempt of three negro hold-up men who were going through a railroad camp near this city, Fred Bennett, white, was shot and will die.

Stabbed in a Saloon Row.

Brainerd, Minn., July 26. — Joe Bissiar was probably fatally stabbed by Mike Kobe in a saloon row. Kobe was arrested. The wound is over the heart.

Forty Struck by Lightning.

Berlin, July 26.—During a thunder storm forty persons who were leaning against a wire railing on the Charlottenburg track were struck by lightning. Three were killed and twenty were seriously injured.

Acquitted on Incendiary Charge.

Windom, Minn., July 26.—The case of P. D. Penner, on trial for setting fire to the Hubbard & Palmer elevator at Mountain Lake, occupied the court several days, resulting in his acquittal by the jury.

WORK IS FINISHED

PEACE CONFERENCE ACHIEVES BUT LITTLE.

Considerable Progress Made Towards Arbitration — A Series of Conventions and Declarations Drawn Up for the Approval of the Respective Governments—The Final Act Also Contains Five Expressions of Opinion Regarding Matters Pertaining to Methods of Warfare.

The Hague, July 26.—The final act embodying the results of the international peace conference, after enumerating the names and qualifications of all the delegates, reads:

"In a series of meetings in which the above delegates participated, inspired throughout by the desire to realize in the highest possible measure the generous views of its august initiator, the conference has drawn up for the approval of the respective governments the series of conventions and declarations appended:

"Convention for the pacific settlement of international disputes.

"Convention concerning the laws and customs of war on land.

Convention for the adoption of laws against the use of asphyxiating or deleterious gases from balloon projectiles and for the prohibition of the use of bullets that easily expand in the human body."

The final act contains five expressions of opinion, as follows:

"The conference considers that limitations of the military charges which at present oppress the world are greatly to be desired and the increase of the material and ultimate welfare of mankind.

"The conference expresses the opinion that the question of the rights and duties of neutrals should be inscribed on the programme of a conference to be held at an early date.

"The conference expresses the opinion that questions relative to the type and calibre of rifles and naval artillery, as examined by it, should be the subject of study by the different governments with a view to arriving at a uniform solution by a future conference.

"The conference expresses the wish that an early convention be called to revise the Geneva convention.

"The conference has resolved that questions relating to the inviolability of private property in war on land and the bombardment of towns or villages in naval war be reserved for future conferences."

Achieved But Little.

London, July 25.—All the morning papers devote editorials to the closing of the peace conference at The Hague and note with satisfaction the progress made in the direction of arbitration, which, strengthened by a permanent court, will lead to a wider resort to arbitration in minor cases, and if successful, will accustom the powers to a gradual extension to more serious matters.

In other respects, they declare, the conference achieved little, but, as the Times says, "that was not the fault of the conference, for the czar's project was impracticable."

BOSTON'S SLOW TIME.

Cruiser Making a Leisurely Voyage From Manila.

San Francisco, July 26.—The cruiser Boston is expected here from Manila at any hour. She is now out forty-five days, an unusually long voyage, but for the fact that she put into Nagasaki. She sailed from Nagasaki on June 29, which would make her out twenty-five days from that point. The Boston is probably coming along on slow time to save coal. She has on board a number of discharged sailors who fought with Dewey in the battle of Manila bay.

OOM PAUL QUITS.

Transvaal President Resigns Owing to Volksraad Opposition.

Johannesburg, July 26. — President Kruger has resigned, owing to the opposition of the volksraad to the dynamite concessions.

London, July 26. — The Johannesburg correspondent of the Standard says: "President Kruger sent a letter to the volksraad resigning the presidency in consequence of the refusal to give him a free hand as to the dynamite monopoly. He attended the meeting of the raad during the consideration of his letter. It is not yet learned whether his resignation was conditional. The news was kept secret at Pretoria."

ENFORCING THE LAW.

Penalty to Be Collected From Corporations in Illinois.

Springfield, Ill., July 26.—Attorney General Akin has sent to the state's attorney of each county a list of 20,000 corporations that failed to comply with the anti-trust law of 1898, in not reporting to the secretary of state that they were in no trust. The state's attorneys are directed to proceed against the companies actually in business and collect the penalty for failure to comply with the law.

Tax Test Case.

Elroy, Wis., July 26. — A test case was made of the suit of the Village of Hillsboro vs. Elias Fox for the nonpayment of dog tax. The defendant held that a tax could not be collected by suit, but it was shown that when there was no other recourse a judgment should be rendered. The tax was $2.

Discharged From Quarantine.

New York, July 26.—Oscar F. Lackay, who came here from Cuba some days ago, and who was found to have yellow fever on his arrival at the quarantine station, has been discharged from the hospital, entirely recovered.

Horse Thieves in Iowa.

St. Ansger, Iowa, July 26.—Thieves entered the barn of J. H. Huber and stole a valuable mare, a side-spring buggy and double harness and two single harnesses. Mr. Huber has offered $50 for their detection.

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - MINNESOTA.

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A St. Louis bride-to-be broke up a wedding by eloping with the best man, who proved to be the worst fellow in the crowd.

A summer resort, established thirty years ago on temperance and religious principles, has today as large a net income as any hotel in this country. The very restriction from which cynics predicted failure, have been the secret of its triumph. Young people cannot be too often reminded that it is by raising rather than by lowering one's standard that success is permanently won.

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It is one of the curiosities of human justice that a man against whom the most indubitable evidence of murder could be brought might go scot free through such a clerical error as the writing of a wrong given name in the indictment. The defendant Becker, lately on trial in Chicago, made several confessions of the murder of his wife; but perhaps the most important point in his case just nof turns on the mistake made in drawing the indictment. The dead woman's name was Theresa Becker. The indictment read Elizabeth Becker, and positive evidence that the accused man committed the crime might finally be overthrown by this slip of the pen. No one but the lawyers really knows why.

"Cash K." is the curious verbal disguise under which, for ten years past, some generous person, who uses an Omaha paper as his agency, has given many thousands of dollars to worthy people and deserving objects. No one but the editor of the paper knows who the hidden philanthropist is. Yet happily, although "Cash K." is able to give large sums of money, he is only a type of many who, in equally self-effacing ways, are offering help and hope to the needy and the unfortunate.

A soldier's widow went the other day to the Emperor of Austria to beg the granting of a pension to which she was not, through some technicality, legally entitled. He heard her appeal and granted it. But as she was leaving the castle some one told her that the emperor had not signed his name upon her written petition, and that therefore she must, in spite of his kind words, consider it rejected. At that she burst into fit of weeping, so vehemently that the emperor heard her from his window, and came out to see what was the matter. On being informed, he gave her a thousand gulden from his own purse, and assured her that her petition was granted, for, he added, "An emperor's word needs not the confirmation of his signature;" as the common saying has it, "His word is as good as his bond." It was a little incident, although great to the poor woman, and great, too, in its significance of a character that is loved by the people above those of most other sovereigns.

If the German settlers in Brazil who are entreating the fatherland to raise the German flag over them think the Monroe doctrine has been abandoned they are grievously in error. Your Uncle Sam may have laid the Monroe doctrine on the shelf for a minute while he attends to more pressing business, but he is ready at any time to pick it up and give any European power that can't keep its hands off the western continent a sharp rap over the knuckles with it. This continent was closed to European colonization once, and has not been reopened.

THE NEWS RESUME

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

A General Resume of the Most Important News of the Week From All Parts of the Globe, Boiled Down and Arranged in Convenient Form for Rapid Perusal By Busy People.

Casualities.

Eugene Staub of Baltimore, Md., was killed while mountain climbing in Switzerland.

A slight earthquake caused the collapse of a gallery in the Recklinghausen mine, near Herne, Westphalia, entombing sixty miners. Several have been rescued, badly injured. The fate of the others is not known.

The kissing bug has made its appearance in Waterloo, Iowa. Miss Mary Vaughan of Cedar Falls died from the effects of its poisonous sting. The daughter of William Christopherson, four years old, also felt its dangerous caress.

The Furness line steamer Manchester Port, from Montreal, July 8, for Manchester, with grain and cattle, put into St. Johns, N. F., with her bows stove, having been in collision with an iceberg in the Straits of Belle Isle. She was badly wrecked and had a narrow escape from foundering.

A son of Mrs. Marion Moore of Brazil, Ind., was mowing grass in a field near the house, and his horses became frightened and ran away. Mrs. Moore ran out to catch the horses, but was knocked down by the sickle bar. The machine ran over her, crushing and cutting her body fearfully, causing almost instant death.

Crimes and Criminals.

Willam Garnson, a farmer boy, fatally stabbed a companion named Thomas Little, at Norris, Ill.

Bandits tampered with a switch at Mybark, I. T., and wrecked a freight train. Engineer McCune was killed.

A. H. Brower of Bonesteel, S. D., killed a man-monkey, or "missing link," which had become troublesome, and will answer to the charge of murder.

Henry Chadwick, aged twenty-four, of New Britain, Conn., was killed by Joseph Hough, aged thirty, who then attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat.

Five masked robbers broke into the house of Thomas Miller, a wealthy farmer living twelve miles south of Mansfield, Ohio, and stole more than $1,000 in cash and bonds.

Ailt Van Boening, state grand master of the Knights and Ladies of Honor, aged forty-six, committed suicide by throwing himself from the steamer Bald Eagle, near Peoria, Ill. Domestic trouble is supposed to have caused the act.

The body of Mrs. C. Meyers, a rich widow living near Irvington, Ill., was found in the ruins of her barn, a charred mass of flesh and bones. A neighbor of Mrs. Meyers had a warrant issued for a negro who was working for her, charging him with killing her and then burning the body in the barn to conceal the crime.

From Washington.

The war department has chartered the steamer Siam to carry 200 cavalry to Manila.

The cabinet decides to take no action regarding the complaints of correspondents in the Philippines.

Admiral Dewey has filed his claim for naval bounty growing out of the battle of Manila. It is expected that 4,000 cush claims will be filed.

Wardner (Idaho) miners have a conference with President McKinley, and express themselves entirely satisfied with the attitude of the administration.

Assistant Comptroller Mitchell has decided that the family of a soldier who died during the last war while on his one or two months' furlough, in anticipation of his discharge under Order No. 130 of the war department, is not entitled to receive the one or two months' extra pay or any part thereof, as provided by the act of March 3, '99.

Twelve discharged sailors of the battleship Iowa, who have started from Seattle, Wash., for Brooklyn, N. Y., say that they will lay before Secretary Long a complaint regarding the rations issued on board the Iowa. They claim it is inferior to the one intended by the navy department to be issued. It is stated that men have deserted on account of the rations.

Foreign Notes.

In a lecture in Paris, Paul Deroulede favored the formation of a plebiscite government for France.

The French cabinet decides to hush up the Dreyfus scandal in the event of the acquittal of Dreyfus, which seems certain.

The British government is determined to press its demands for reforms in the Transvaal ,and will use force if necessary.

Consul Heenah reports that there is a general failure of crops in Russia, and widespread suffering among the people in consequence.

The Rome correspondent of the London Telegraph says the pope is resolved to conduct personally the religous ceremonies opening the century.

Advices from Korea by the steamer Athenian state that in Seoul a bomb explosion took place in the house formerly occupied by Prince Pak, two Koreans being killed. Other bombs were thrown elsewhere.

The British Medical Journal suggests that every European country send medical expeditions into the East where the bubonic plague has made its appearance to study the disease, saying that it is blind folly to imagine that Europe is safe from it.

The excavations in the fora of Rome have resulted in the discovery of remains of the magnificent basilica dedicated to the grandson of the Emperor Aubgustus, which is mentioned by Dion Cassius, the historian. The basilica stood near the temple of Faustina, in the Forum Romanum.

The French minister of war, the maquis de Gallifet, has ordered an inquiry into the connection of Gen. Pelleux with the Dreyfus affair. It is expected that this will result in his dismissal from the post of governor of the military district of Paris.

The Italian consulate at New Orleans has received cablegrams from Minister of Foreign Affairs Visconti Venosta, placing at his disposal 3,000 Italian lire subscribed by Italians of the royal government and King Humbert for the Texas flood sufferers.

Paul de Roulede, chief of the French League of Patriots, has resumed his agitation in favor of a plebescitary republic. He lectured on the subject in one of the city theaters which was crowded with a demonstrative audience. There were trifling disorders when the meeting broke up.

People Talked About.

Chief Justice Chambers of Samoa resigns and starts for America.

Lord Curzon, viceroy of India, will start on a tour of Central India on Oct. 20. Lady Curzon will accompany him.

Arthur R. Libby, founder of the big Chicago packing firm, Libby, McNeill & Libby, died at Pasadena, Cal., after a prolonged illness.

Rt. Rev. Charles Graves, D. D., D. C. L., bishop of Limerick and ex-president of the Royal Irish academy, is dead, aged eighty-seven years.

Col. Charles R. Brown, assistant chief of the division of loans and currency of the treasury department, is dead at Pittsfield, Mass.

George Saxon, Jr., aged fifteen years, died at Springfield, Ill., of lockjaw. He shot himself in the hand with a revolver on the Fourth of July.

George D. Arthur, a retired broker who went to California with D. O. Mills in 1840, is dead at Scarborough, N. Y., aged eighty-five years.

Mrs. John S. Newberry of Detroit has given to Western Reserve university, Cleveland, $2,500 to found the Handy Philosophical prizes, in honor of her father, J. P. Handy of Cleveland.

The retirement of Col. Evan Miles, First infantry, has been announced. Lieut. Col. A. A. Harbach becomes colonel, Maj. Sumner Lincoln lieutenant colonel, and Capt. George Ler Brown major.

Rev. Thomas C. Warner, D. D., past chaplain-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, died at Knoxville, Tenn., aged fifty-five years. He was born in Ohio and served two years in the Fourth Ohio volunteers.

Cecil Rhodes, formerly premier of Cape Colony, arrived at Cape Town. He was welcomed by a reception committee composed of influential citizens and enthusiastically cheered as he traversed the streets.

Capt. Andrews, the "lone navigator," who left Atlantic City June 18 to cross the Atlantic in a little craft called the Doree, barely twelve feet long, was found exhausted July 12 about 700 miles from the Irish coast, and taken to Liverpool.

Titus Sudduth, president of the Farmers' National Bank of Springfeld, Ill., and one of the wealthiest land owners in Central Illinois, is dead. His holdings in Sangamon and adjoining counties amount to over 10,000 acres.

General.

Correspondents at Manila complain of Gen. Otis' censorship.

Grateful soldiers will present Miss Helen Gould with a medal.

The interstate commerce commission decides that Iowa grain rates should be reduced.

The captured Spanish warship Reina Mercedes has been appraised at $73,000 by a special board.

There was an eruption of Mount Aetna, accompanied by an earthquake shock. There was no damage done.

William K. Vanderbilt denies that the railroad companies he controls are planning for a transcontinental line.

A fruit canners' combine, including eleven corporations and twelve plants, has just been formed in San Francisco.

George Dixon, champion featherweight of the world, and Eddie Santry of Chicago have been matched to box twenty rounds at St. Louis July 31.

Emperor William will give a cup and other prizes for a handicap race for bona fide cruisers of any European nationality during the Cowes yachting week.

President Keeney, of the Association of National Silver clubs, says he does not think free silver or anti-imperialism will be raised by the Democrats as the principal issues in 1900.

Mr. John Hyde, of the agricultural department cotton exposition for the United States exposition, is sending out circulars requesting contributions for the proposed exhibit.

At the next session of congress the war tax bill may be amended to assess a tax on sale or rental of patent protected articles, also the money exchange business of express and telegraph companies.

The Retail Clerks' National Protective association, in annual convention at Kansas City, has voted to admit girls over 16 years of age to membership. The convention decided on Buffalo, N. Y., as the next meeting place.

Authorities at the Georgia state department of agriculture announce that it has been decided to hold the cotton growers' convention, which has been talked of for some time, at New Orleans about the first of September.

In order to ascertain the rights of all concerned, Admiral Dewey has filed with the court of claims his claim for naval bounty growing out of the battle of Manila bay. There will be between four and five thousand of these cases presented.

Within the next few months an agricultural building, to cost $150,000, will be added to the college of agriculture a the University of Illinois. The plans call for a group of structures, chief among which will be a three-story building 64x240 feet.

Gov. Renfrow has purchased the famous Richland mine near Cartersville, Mo., consisting of thirty acres of mineral alnd and five plants. The price paid was $150,000. This is one of many valuable mining properties recently acquired by the American Zinc, Lead and Smelter company.

TREATY IS SIGNED

NEGOTIATIONS WITH FRANCE SUCCESSFULLY TERMINATED.

Most Important Treaty Concluded Under the Reciprocity Provisions of the Dingley Law and the Only One Affecting Trade With a Large Commercial Nation — Both Sides Express Satisfaction With the General Results Secured—Concessions Made on Both Sides.

Washington, July 26—The long pending reciprocity treaty negotiations between the United States and France were brought to a successful close at the state department late yesterday afternoon when Ambassador Cambon, in behalf of France, and Commissioner Kasson, in behalf of the United States, affixed their signatures to the resiprocity treaty. It is bay far the most important treaty concluded under the reciprocity provisions of the Dingley law, and the only one affiecting the trade with a large commercial nation. The negotiations were marked by rather sharp and long continued discussions which continued up to the time the signatures were placed on the document. In the end a spirit of compromise prevailed and eeach side yielded something. As a whole both sides express satisfaction with the general results secured, for while the compromise necessitated some minor sacrifices, the general effect of the treaty will encourage commerce between the two countries.

The concessions granted by France einbraced most of the articles in which is known as the French minimum tariff. This comprises 644 heads, the rate being on an average about 20 per cent below those in the general tariff on France. It was found necessary, however, owing to protests from French agrarian interests to except from this minimum list about twenty-four articles, chiefly agricultural products. The French ministry was obliged to pay heed to this sentiments, and in turn M. Cambon made the exceptions a condition of closing the treaty. It was on this point that the negotiations were in doubt for several days, and it was only by compromising on the extent of the exceptions that an agreement was made possible. As first presented the exceptions numbered twelve, but some of these were classes including a number of distinct items, so that in all there were a large number of exceptions. As finally determined upon these exceptions were narrowed down to twenty-four, and outside of them the United States gets the benefit of all the reductions on the French minimum list.

Besides the reductions given to this country the treaty is important in continuing a number of minimum rates which would have been abolished of the treaty had not been concluded. The most important of these articles are petroleum and mineral ores. At present these oils enter France on the minimum list, but has this treaty failed a rate would have been imposed making a difference of duty amounting to about $5,000,000. The same is true as to cotton, which is one of the chief articles of shipment from the United States to France and enters duty free. Had the treaty failed a heavy duty would have been imposed upon American cotton. The same is true of copper, rubber and many classes of machinery. France secured important concessions on over one hundred of the chief products sent by France to this country. The treaty will result in placing the products of the United States on the same basis in France as products of Great Britain and Germany.

MORGAN CITY ARRIVES.

Transport Loaded With Sick and Convalescent Soldiers.

San Francisco, July 26.—The United States transport Morgan City, which has been converted into a hospital ship, arrived from Manila, having on board 476 sick and convalescent soldiers. The vessel started with 479, but three died on the voyage, Private C. J. Bobbs, Tenth Pennsylvania; Private Lewis Cook, Twenty-second regiment, and First Lieut. Jackson, First South Dakota. These succumbed to dysentery, the disease with which most of the others were afflicted. All of those on board were ill when the steamer left Manila, but the removal from a tropical climate and the sea air so benefited the invalids that on arriving here only twenty-two were unable to leave their berths. Every command and almost every regiment is represented among the returning soldiers.

DROUGHT IN INDIA.

Northwestern Provinces Facing Critical Conditions.

Bombay, July 26.—The partial failure of the monsoon has occasioned grave anxiety. The rainfall has been injuriously excessive in Bengal and Northwest provinces, but in Deccan, the Gugerat and some of the central provinces there has been almost no rain. The situation in Western India is already critical and disaster is threatened. The plague is increasing in Proon, where there were 116 cases on Sunday and 82 deaths.

Collision on a Trestle.

Covington, Ga., July 26. — A northbound passenger train on the Central of Georgia railway collided with a construction train on a trestle near this town. Both engines and several cars fell thirty feet into the ravine. An engineer and fireman were badly injured. None of the passengers were hurt.

Had Outlived the Century.

Bristol, Pa., July 26.—Lacking but a few days of 106 years, Mrs. Catherine Dillon is dead here. She was born in Ireland in 1793, and came to this country early in life. There are living 4 of her children, 10 grandchildren and 15 great grandchildren.

Killed While Resisting Arrest.

Macon, Ga., July 26.—The Telegraph has a special from Leesburg, Ga., saying a negro, supposed to be one of the Saffold ravishers, was killed by citizens while resisting arrest.

WAR NOT INTENDED.

A Bombastic Juggling With Words in the Canadian Parliament.

New York, July 26.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: There will be neither war nor arbitration over the Alaskan boundary dispute. It will be settled by amicable agreement between the United States and Great Britain, one nation making concessions on this question in return for concessions by the other on some other question at issue between the two governments.

This is the view expressed by an official having much to do with the pending negotiations. Referring to Sir Wilfrid Laurier's speech in the Canadian house of commons, in which the Canadian premier declared there were only two ways by which the difficulty could be settled—arbitration or war—the official said significantly:

"Sir Wilfrid Laurier is merely stating to the Canadian parliament the recognized methods by which civilized nations settle controversies. There are three methods—first, by mutual concessions; second, by arbitration, and third, by war. Sir Wilfrid neglected to mention the first and most important of these methods. The administration recognizes the importance of the boundary question existing between Canada and the United States, but it is not considered as impossible of settlement satisfactorily to the American miners and the Canadian government.

INGERSOLL'S FUNERAL.

Exercises Will Be Simple and Impressive.

New York, July 26.—Simple funeral exercises over the body of the late Robert G. Ingersoll will be held at Walston, the Ingersoll summer home at Dobb's Ferry at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Dr. John Clark Ridpath, who was for many years a close personal friend of Col. Ingersoll, will read the eulogy delivered by Col. Ingersoll upon his brother Clarke. Dr. Ridpath will also read "My Creed," the last poem written by Col. Ingersoll, and will afterward make a brief address. Maj. A. J. O. Smith of Dobb's Ferry, a warm friend of the great orator and lecturer, will read other selections from Mr. Ingersoll's writings. Early Wednesday morning the family will accompany the remains to Fresh Pond, L. I., where the body will be cremated.

TEACH TURKS FARMING.

Prof. Kent Selected as Instructor in Farming to Turkish Empire.

Ames, Iowa, July 26. — Prof. D. A. Kent, late of the Iowa State agricultural college, has been selected as an instructor in farming to the Turkish empire. The sultan needed a man versed in the cultivation of wheat, corn and fruit, and requested the Turkish representative at Washington to procure such a person. The Turkish ambassador apealed to Secretary Wilson, who recommended Prof. Kent, and the Iowa City man has signified his willingness to accept the mission. "Of course," says Prof. Kent, "the selection of an American will result in the introduction and use of American farm machinery and American methods of cultivation and transportation." Prof. Kent will leave for his new duties in a few weeks.

DROWNED WHILE BATHING.

Three Young Ladies Get Beyond Their Depth.

Wellington, Kan., July 26. — Edna Curtis, Millie, Inez and Mabel Neal, daughters of prominent Caldwell citizens, were drowned at Druary, a fishing and bathing resort six miles east of that place. The girls, in company with a number of other girls, were bathing in the river. One of them went in beyond her depth, and being unable to swim, cried for help. In the excitement three others went in beyond their depths and all four were drowned. Miss Edith Battlin was almost drowned but her life was saved after much hard work. Their ages range from six to nineteen years.

ITALIAN INQUIRY.

Seeking Full Information in Regard to Louisiana Lynchings.

Washington, July 26. — The Italian charge d'affaires, Count Vinchi, called at the state department and had a talk with Dr. Hill, assistant secretary of state, concerning the Louisiana lynchings. Count Vinchi submitted nothing further from the Italian authorities and evinced satisfaction with what had been already done by the officials here. Thus far there has been no suggestion that indemnity or other form of reparation would be expected, the representations having been confined to securing full information on the subject.

TOLEDO'S BIG FIRE.

Estimated Loss of a Million Dollars Found to Be Correct.

Toledo, Ohio, July 26.—The estimate of a million dollars loss in the S., H. & D. elevator fire was found to be correct. The insurance will not cover the loss on the building by over $90,000. The insurance on the grain is $474,000, while the value of the wheat was about $830,000. It is doubtful if over 10 per cent of the grain will be saved. In addition to the loss on the elevator thirty freight cars were burned, valued at $12,000.

Killed by Negroes.

Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, July 26.—In resisting the attempt of three negro hold-up men who were going through a railroad camp near this city, Fred Bennett, white, was shot and will die.

Stabbed in a Saloon Row.

Brainerd, Minn., July 26. — Joe Bissiar was probably fatally stabbed by Mike Kobe in a saloon row. Kobe was arrested. The wound is over the heart.

Forty Struck by Lightning.

Berlin, July 26.—During a thunder storm forty persons who were leaning against a wire railing on the Charlottenburg track were struck by lightning. Three were killed and twenty were seriously injured.

Acquitted on Incendiary Charge.

Windom, Minn., July 26.—The case of P. D. Penner, on trial for setting fire to the Hubbard & Palmer elevator at Mountain Lake, occupied the court several days, resulting in his acquittal by the jury.

WORK IS FINISHED

PEACE CONFERENCE ACHIEVES BUT LITTLE.

Considerable Progress Made Towards Arbitration — A Series of Conventions and Declarations Drawn Up for the Approval of the Respective Governments—The Final Act Also Contains Five Expressions of Opinion Regarding Matters Pertaining to Methods of Warfare.

The Hague, July 26.—The final act embodying the results of the international peace conference, after enumerating the names and qualifications of all the delegates, reads:

"In a series of meetings in which the above delegates participated, inspired throughout by the desire to realize in the highest possible measure the generous views of its august initiator, the conference has drawn up for the approval of the respective governments the series of conventions and declarations appended:

"Convention for the pacific settlement of international disputes.

"Convention concerning the laws and customs of war on land.

Convention for the adoption of laws against the use of asphyxiating or deleterious gases from balloon projectiles and for the prohibition of the use of bullets that easily expand in the human body."

The final act contains five expressions of opinion, as follows:

"The conference considers that limitations of the military charges which at present oppress the world are greatly to be desired and the increase of the material and ultimate welfare of mankind.

"The conference expresses the opinion that the question of the rights and duties of neutrals should be inscribed on the programme of a conference to be held at an early date.

"The conference expresses the opinion that questions relative to the type and calibre of rifles and naval artillery, as examined by it, should be the subject of study by the different governments with a view to arriving at a uniform solution by a future conference.

"The conference expresses the wish that an early convention be called to revise the Geneva convention.

"The conference has resolved that questions relating to the inviolability of private property in war on land and the bombardment of towns or villages in naval war be reserved for future conferences."

Achieved But Little.

London, July 25.—All the morning papers devote editorials to the closing of the peace conference at The Hague and note with satisfaction the progress made in the direction of arbitration, which, strengthened by a permanent court, will lead to a wider resort to arbitration in minor cases, and if successful, will accustom the powers to a gradual extension to more serious matters.

In other respects, they declare, the conference achieved little, but, as the Times says, "that was not the fault of the conference, for the czar's project was impracticable."

BOSTON'S SLOW TIME.

Cruiser Making a Leisurely Voyage From Manila.

San Francisco, July 26.—The cruiser Boston is expected here from Manila at any hour. She is now out forty-five days, an unusually long voyage, but for the fact that she put into Nagasaki. She sailed from Nagasaki on June 29, which would make her out twenty-five days from that point. The Boston is probably coming along on slow time to save coal. She has on board a number of discharged sailors who fought with Dewey in the battle of Manila bay.

OOM PAUL QUITS.

Transvaal President Resigns Owing to Volksraad Opposition.

Johannesburg, July 26. — President Kruger has resigned, owing to the opposition of the volksraad to the dynamite concessions.

London, July 26. — The Johannesburg correspondent of the Standard says: "President Kruger sent a letter to the volksraad resigning the presidency in consequence of the refusal to give him a free hand as to the dynamite monopoly. He attended the meeting of the raad during the consideration of his letter. It is not yet learned whether his resignation was conditional. The news was kept secret at Pretoria."

ENFORCING THE LAW.

Penalty to Be Collected From Corporations in Illinois.

Springfield, Ill., July 26.—Attorney General Akin has sent to the state's attorney of each county a list of 20,000 corporations that failed to comply with the anti-trust law of 1898, in not reporting to the secretary of state that they were in no trust. The state's attorneys are directed to proceed against the companies actually in business and collect the penalty for failure to comply with the law.

Tax Test Case.

Elroy, Wis., July 26. — A test case was made of the suit of the Village of Hillsboro vs. Elias Fox for the nonpayment of dog tax. The defendant held that a tax could not be collected by suit, but it was shown that when there was no other recourse a judgment should be rendered. The tax was $2.

Discharged From Quarantine.

New York, July 26.—Oscar F. Lackay, who came here from Cuba some days ago, and who was found to have yellow fever on his arrival at the quarantine station, has been discharged from the hospital, entirely recovered.

Horse Thieves in Iowa.

St. Ansger, Iowa, July 26.—Thieves entered the barn of J. H. Huber and stole a valuable mare, a side-spring buggy and double harness and two single harnesses. Mr. Huber has offered $50 for their detection.

TROOPS IN CONTROL

TWELVE HUNDRED MEN UNDER ARMS AT CLEVELAND.

No Further Serious Rioting Is Reported and It Is Thought That the Militia Are Present in Sufficient Numbers to Overcome Any Mobs Which May Collect—Small Riots Occur After Midnight in Which No One Is Seriously Hurt—Strikers Protest Against the Presence of Troops.

Cleveland, July 27. — Strikers and their friends last night held a meeting and various speakers protested against the presence of troops and the carrying of arms by private citizens, meaning non-union street car employes. The day brought forth no new reports of rioting and violence. Rain fell during most of the afternoon and did what the police have been unable to do—keep crowds from collecting and molesting cars.

Eleven of the fourteen lines of the Big Consolidated Street railway were in operation before 7 o'clock. The lines on which cars were not started were the Union, Burton and Clark avenue routes.

Adjt. Gen. Axline is in command of the military here and approximates the force under him at twenty companies, aggregating nearly 1,200 men. Four hundred of them—Columbus, Newark and Chillicothe — arrived yesterday morning and were distributed about the city at points where it is judged most probable trouble will occur if any at all takes place. Mayor Farley said to the Associated Press today that he thought the force of police and soldiers under Gen. Axline sufficient to overawe any mobs which might collect.

Mayor Farley, Gen. Axline, Police Director Bret and Assistant Corporation Councel Excel had a long consultation, the result of which was that a large guard of soldiers was sent to South Brooklyn, where the mayor believes the disturbing element to be the strongest. The executive committee of the strikers issued a statement denying any connection with recent disturbances, including the nitro-glycerine explosion which Sunday wrecked an Euclid avenue car, and aver their determination to refrain from any unlawful acts. Friends of the strikers are asked to withhold their patronage from the Big Consolidated company.

Ralph Hawley, the non-union conductor who killed Henry Cornweit, a boy, appeared before a magistrate charged with murder in the second degree. The hearing was postponed and the defendant held without bail.

With the coming of darkness small riots, mostly in the foreign inhabited part of the city, made their appearance and conflicts in which nobody was seriously hurt took place between the soldiers and police on one side and alleged strikers and their sympathizers on the other.

On Broadway the cars laden with guards and a few passengers traveled in pairs, and at Clay and Pearl streets a mob of about two thousand men and boys with a sprinkling of women, gathered, and when they could elude the soldiers stoned the cars and crews. Conflicts were frequent and a number of arrests were made. At 10 o'clock, as a crowd of militia was nearing the spot, the crowd bombarded a pair of cars with stones and specimens of vegetation far from being wholesome. The soldiers charged with fixed bayonets and in a few minutes the erstwhile aggressive mob was concealed in the alleys, by-streets and their rookery-like houses. There were a few incipient riots in South Brooklyn before midnight, but the guards had the situation well in hand.

STRIKERS ARE INDIGNANT.

They Issue an Address Arraigning New York Officials.

New York, July 27.—The strike committee which now has full charge of the strikes in Brooklyn and Mannattan held a meeting in Master Workman Farson's headquarters and perfected an organization and named sub-committees. After the meeting an address to the public was issued in which the city officials are arraigned and an appeal is made to organized labor, "citizens who believe in fair play" for financial aid for the strikers who need it. The address states that 3,000 men are still out of work and that many are destitute. There was a mysterious movement of the police in the stations of the Bronx last night. Chief Devery ordered them in squads of two and three, in one case, fifteen, from their stations to Lennox avenue for patrol duty. The officers declined to talk. It looked as if they were preparing for some special outbreak.

LYNCHING IN TEXAS.

Negro Incendiaries Are Severely Deal With.

Houston, Tex., July 27.—Some two weeks ago a negro was lynched in Grimes county. Monday night a church at Faqua Prairie was burned by an incendiary. Suspicion fell on John and Randall Hamilton, negroes. The latter was first found and, with a rope around his neck, he confessed that John burned the church. John was found at his home, and his answer to a demand for surrender was a volley of buckshot, Van Wright being fatally wounded and Tuck Moody slightly injured. The negro escaped badly wounded, but was recaptured and at once strung up. No further trouble is expected. Revenge for a former lynching is thought to have been the motive of the incendiaries.

First Chinese Pensioner.

Washington, July 27.—Ah Yu Shanghai, Caina, a landsman who enlisted in the navy in 1884, and was formerly attached to Dewey's flagship Olympia, was granted a pension of $30 a month for lung trouble. He has the distinction of being the first Chinese pensioner of this government.

Norwegian Flag.

Christiania, July 27. — It is stated that the government has decided to proclaim a law introducing a purely Norwegian flag for consulates.

SIMPLE EXERCISES

Mark the Funeral of the Late Col. Ingersoll.

New York, July 27.—The funeral of the late Robert G. Ingersoll took place yesterday afternoon from Walston, Dobb's Ferry, where he died on Friday last. No clergyman was present to conduct the services, there was no music and there were no pallbearers. The body lay on a cot in the room where he died. It was enshrouded in white and just one red rose placed on the breast. About the cot were banks of floral tributes sent by friends, wreaths and bunches of blossoms. The services were held at 4 o'clock. Mrs. Ingersoll sat beside her dead husband, and beside her were her daughters, Mrs. Walston H. Brown and Miss Maud Ingersoll. They were much agitated and wept almost continuously. There were some forty others present and they remained standing throughout. The intense silence was broken by Dr. John Clark Ridpath, who in a voice full of emotion, said: "My friends, it is my very sad duty to read in the presence of the dead the last poem written by Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, entitled 'Declaration of the Free.' This poem Col. Ingersoll had read and altered in some of its parts only a few hours before he was stricken down." Maj. O. J. Smythe, who resides at Dobb's Ferry, and who was a close personal friend of Col. Ingersoll, then, without preliminary words, read another extract from Col. Ingersoll's writings, entitled "My religion." Dr. John Elliott of New York read the funeral oration delivered by col. Ingersoll over his brother's dead body. This concluded the short and simple services. Nearly all present then took a parting look at the dead and passed out.

TROUBLE IN INDIANA.

Strikers Are Charged With Violating an Injunction.

Evansville, Ind., July 27. — Twelve union miners will be arrested to-day and taken before Acting Circuit Judge Hawkins on the charge of violating the injunction which was recently issued against them. Late yesterday afternoon about 500 people, mostly wives and children of the miners, went to the John Ingle coal mine with tin cans and horns and made the air ring with shouts and yells. The colored miners came from the mine with arms, prepared for trouble. The shouters marched about the shaft and for an hour the colored diggers remained under cover of the police. The names of several of the miners were secured and they will be arrested. The striking miners are arming themselves and openly boast that they will parade the streets with their weapons as the non-union miners have done.

COAL TO BE DEARER

If Vessels Are to Be Tied Up by the Orehandlers' Strike.

Cleveland, July 27. — A committee from the striking ore-handlers at Ashtabula had a conference with H. C. Hanna, of M. A. Hanna & Co., but no progress was made toward the settlement of the strike, which threatens to tie up all the great ore docks of Lake Erie. Much had been expected from the conference, and its failure to reach a settlement caused considerable depression among vesselmen, as it may result in tying up a large number of vessels at a time when business is the best it has been for years.

FIVE DEAD.

Recovery of Bodies From a Mine Where Explosion Occurred.

Brownsville, Pa., July 27.—Another body was found in the Grindstone coal mine by the searchers, making five killed and two injured in yesterday's explosion. The fifth victim was identified as Mike Nehalek, aged twenty-six. The mine was not badly damaged and work will be resumed as soon as the inspector concludes the investigation. The injured will recover.

KRUGER'S RESIGNATION.

Evidently Had a String Attached to It.

London, July 27.—Reports regarding the resignation of President Paul Kruger, of the South African republic, are conflicting, but according to the best information he actually resigned his office conditionally. The volksraad, while maintaining its opposition to President Kruger's views on the dynamite concession, has given its assurance that it still has the utmost confidence in President Kruger, and it is believed that he has withdrawn his resignation.

Pretoria, July 27. — Amicable relations between the volksraad and President Kruger have been restored. The conspiracy case against ex-British officers has been withdrawn and the remaining prisoners have been released.

Cape Town, July 27. — It is understood that President Kruger has definitely abandoned the idea of resigning.

Bryan Will Be a Delegate.

Washington, July 27—The Post says: Bryan will be a delegate to the next Democratic national convention. This statement was made by Congressman Clayton of Alabama, who has just returned from a meeting of the national committee at Chicago.

Perished in the Flames.

Asheville, N. C., July 27.—The home of D. H. Knupp, eighteen miles east of here, was burned. E. Fogele, an architect, and an Englishman whose name is unknown, perished in the flames.

Hooked by a Bovine.

Eden Valley, Minn., July 27.—Mrs. George Clooky, residing three miles north of this place, was badly injured by being hooked by a cow. Latest reports state that she will recover.

Killed by Lightning.

Napoleon, Ohio, July 27. — Daniel Hane was killed by lightning. Eight others, composing a threshing crew, were knocked senseless by the same bolt which also set fire to the barn where they had taken refuge.

Departure of the Tartar.

San Francisco, July 27.—The transport Tartar has sailed for Manila with Gen. Joseph Wheeler, a portion of the Nineteenth infantry and a number of recruits for the army in the Philippines on board.

HOWLING FOR BLOOD

MOB THREATENS TO DYNAMITE A JAIL.

Militia Ordered Out by Gov. Candler of Georgia to Protect the Sheriff and Jail Against the Threatened Attack of a Mob That Is After a Negro Charged With Attempted Rape—Mob Swears It Will Dynamite the Jail if Necessary.

Savannah, Ga., July 27.—Telegraphic orders were received here last night from Gov. Chandler, addressed to Gen. Middleton, of the state militia at Valdosta, and Capt. Smith of Thomasville to "report to Sheriff Patterson at Bainbridge with all your available men at once" and to "act strictly under his orders." The governor's message is mandatory. It says: "Go at once." The commercial wires having closed the messages were transmitted over railroad wires and arrangements were immediately made for special cars on the Plant system to take the troops. The train will arrive at Bainbridge at 3 a. m. The troops are wanted to protect the sheriff and jail against the attack of a mob that is after John Williams, a negro who is charged with assault and attempt to rape upon two white girls. Williams entered their room while they were asleep and had seized one of the girls when he was frightened away. A large crowd of country people are in town and swear they will have Williams if they have to dynamite the jail. The jail is one of the strongest in the state. An attack upon it before the arrival of the troops is possible. At 11:30 the mob surrounded the jail and called for Williams.

Oregonians Kick.

Washington, July 27.—The members of the Second Oregon regiment have objected to the form of discharge because it does not contain the word "honorable." It is said at the war department that there are three forms of discharge, "honorable," "without honor" and "dishonorable." If none of the words are used the discharge is considered in law and by the war department as honorable. It seems that in the blanks used the word "honorable" has been left out, but there is no objection to having it written in if the men desire.

Troops May Remain.

Springfield, Ill., July 27.—Samuel T. Brush, general manager of the St. Louis and Big Muddy Coal company's mines in Williston county, called on Acting Gov. Northcott and informed him of the state of affairs at Carterville and requested that the troops be allowed to remain there. Gov. Northcott did not say whether or not he would remove the troops at present, but the inference he left in Mr. Brus 's mind was that they would not removed for awhile.

Old Man Weakened.

Galion, Ohio, July 27. — Masked burglars entered the home of David Miller and after tying the family demanded the key and combination to his safe. It was refused and the burglars piled mattresses and bed clothing on top of their helpless bodies, saturated the mass with kerosine and were about to light it when the old man weakened and accompanied them to the store, where they made him unlock the safe. They secured about $1,000 and escaped.

Strikers Gain Headway.

New York, July 27. — The clothing workers, freight handlers, newsboys and messenger boys' strikes gained headway. Leader Pines, of the Brooklyn trolley strikers, issued a statement to the effect that the trolley strike was still on. The striking tailors of the East side swelled their numbers to 3,000. Nearly 8,000 were out in the afternoon and several mass meetings were held last night. Three thousand more men are expected to quit work in Braaklyn this week.

New Railway Contemplated.

Milwaukee, July 27.—A new railroad line from Milwaukee to Fremont, Ohio, is the latest proposition in railway facilities to connect with this city. J. W. Poynton and Frank P. McGraw of Grand Rapids, Mich., and W. J. Brewer of London, Eng., are interested in the project. Mr. Boynton is president of the company, which, he says, proposes to build a line of railroad to be known as the Central Michigan.

Damaged by Storm.

Jamestown, N. Y., July 27.—A heavy electric storm passed over this neighborhood last evening. While the steamer City of Buffalo was in the middle ofLake Chautauqua lightning struck her flagstaff and shivered it. Eugene Manross, the fireman, was so severely shocked that for a time it was feared he would die. Pilot Goffield was also prostrated and others on board felt the shock.

Jury Says Not Guilty.

Chicago, July 27. — Mrs. Augusta Stiles was declared by a jury not guilty of the murder of her mother, Mrs. Schultz. Mrs. Stiles shot her mother because the latter disparaged to Belle Stiles, a daughter of Mrs. Stiles, the character of her mother. When the daughter came to her with the stories Mrs. Stiles was frantic, and, hunting for her mother, she killed her on sight.

War in Korea.

Paris, July 27—The Politique Coloniale states that Russia and Japan are arming with a view to a possible conflict in Korea.

Serious State of Affairs.

London, July 27.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Telegraph reports the existence of a serious state of affairs resulting from riotous agitations against the new taxes, and says many conflicts with the police have occurred.

Increases Its Circulation.

Madrid, July 27.—The Bank of Spain will be authorized to raise its circulation to 2,500,000,000 pesetas. Loans to the treasury will be made at 2 1-2 per cent, and private loans at 5 per cent.

MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, July 27. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 68 1-4@69 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 67 1-4@68c. Corn — No. 3 yellow, 30 1-2@31c; No. 2, 30@30 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 26@26 1-2c; No. 3, 25 @25 1-2c. Barley and Rye—Sample barley, 34@40c; No. 2 rye, 56c; No. 3 rye, 55c.

Duluth, July 27.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 73 5-8c; No. 1 Northern, 70 7-8c; No. 2 Northern, 66 3-8c; No. 3 spring, 63 7-8c; July, No. 1 hard, 73 5-8c; No. 1 Northern, 70 7-8c; September, No. 1 Northern, 70 3-8c; December, No. 1 Northern, 71 1-4c; oats, 22 3-4@23 1-4c; rye, 50 1-2c; barley, 34c; flax, to arrive, $1.01 1-2; September, 96 3-4c; October, 96c; corn, 31 1-4c.

Minneapolis, July 27. — Wheat—July closed at 68c; September opened at 67 1-8c and closed at 67 7-8c; December opened at 68 7-8c and closed at 69 5-8c. On track—No. 1 hard, 70 1-8c; No. 1 Northern, 69 1-8c; No. 2 Northern, 67 7-8c.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 27. — Flour is steady. Wheat firm; No. 1 Northern, 72 1-2@73c; No. 2 Northern, 71@71 1-2c. Oats lower at 24 1-4@26 1-2c. Rye steady; No. 1, 53c. Barley quiet; No. 2, 40 1-2c; sample, 32@38 1-2c.

Chicago, July 27. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 71@71 1-2c; No. 3, 67 1-2@70 1-2c; No. 2 hard winter, 67@68c; No. 3, 65@68c; No. 1 Northern spring, 70 3-4@71c; No. 2, 70@70 1-8c; No. 3, 66@70 3-9c. Corn—No. 2, 32 1-4@32 3-8c; No. 3, 32@32 1-8c. Oats—No. 2, 24 1-2c; No. 3, 23 1-2c.

Chicago, July 27. — Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $4.30@4.60; good heavy, $4.45@4.60; rough heavy, $4.10@4.35; light, $4.40@4.65. Cattle—Beeves, $4.50 5.75; cows and heifers, $1.75@4.95; Texas steers, $4@4.85; stockers and feeders, $3.25@4.80. Sheep—Natives, $3.25@5.15; lambs, $4@6.60.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 27. — Hogs — $4.20@4.40. Cattle — Beeves, $4.50@5.25; cows and bulls, mixed, $2.40@4; stockers and feeders, $3.50@4.35; calves and yearlings, $3.75@4.50.

South St. Paul, July 27. — Hogs — $3.90@4.32 1-2. Cattle—Cows, $2.40@3.85; calves, $4.50@5.50; stockers, $2.75@4.25. Sheep, $4@4.35; lambs, $4.25@5.50.

CASS LAKE SAVED.

The Government Will Sell to the Settlers.

Washington, July 27. — Secretary Hitchcock yesterday finally disposed of the Cass Lake (Minnesota) controversy. He announced that the government would sell in parcels the north half of section 15, which comprises nearly the whole town of Cass Lake. The 500 or more intruders are located chiefly on this half section and on the northeastern part of section 16. They will have to remove from section 16 as soon as possible.

The decision of Secretary Hitchcock closes the controversy over the proposed ejectment of the intruders from the Cass Lake Indian reservation lands. Senator Nelson, who subsequently left for Norway for the first time since he left the land of his birth, was present when the announcement was made, and expressed his satisfaction. This places the 320 acres of land open to all to purchase. The half section will be advertised for sixty days and probably fifteen days more allowed before the sale, when the intruders must take their chances in the purchase of the lands or remove from them. The adjoining section 16 is not similarly to be sold off, as it consists mainly of agricultural lands, and is subject either to allotment or homestead acquirement. The intruders there must buy land in the other section or remove entirely from the reservation.

Strike Died A-bornin'.

Pittsburg, July 27. — About fifty American district messenger boys and twenty of the Postal telegraph messengers struck yesterday morning, but prompt and decided action by the officials soon brought the boys to the belief that the strike would not succeed. Within two hours after its inception the strike was a thing of the past.

No Evidence of Dreyfus' Guilt.

London, July 27. — The paris correspondent of the Post telegraphs: "I am able to vouch for the statement that M. Mazau, president of the court of cassation recently told President Loubet that in all the evidence submitted there was nothing to establish the guilt of Dreyfus. M. Mazau has always been an anti-revisionist."

Battleships Near Completion.

Washington, July 27.—The two big battleships Kearsarge and Kentucky are now so well along toward completion that the contractors have called for the eight-inch guns, as they are about ready to put on the upper turrets and mount the guns therein. It is thought their first speed trial will occur in September.

Crops Completely Ruined.

Santiago, Chile, July 27. — Reports from the southern provinces show that great distress has been occasioned by the extremely heavy rains which have recently prevailed. Cities are flooded and crops are completely ruined.

Killed With an Axe.

Fort Smith, Ark., July 27.—George Turner and John Riley became involved in an altercation at Greenwood in which Turner killed Riley with an axe. Riley's brother, while shooting at Turner afterward, killed a bystander named Sullivan.

Wages Advanced.

Winona, Minn., July 27.—Wages in Winona saw mills have been advanced on an average of nearly 10 per cent. Some 900 employes were affected.

Zelaya and Sierra.

Managua, Nic., July 27. — President Zelaya of Nicaragua, has gone to meet Gen. Terencio Sierra, president of the Republic of Honduras, in the Gulf of Conchagua, on the coast of Salvador, with the object of making an offensive and defensive treaty.

Strike Spreading.

Antwerp, July 27. — The strike of dockmen is spreading. The painters working on the vessels of the Trans-Atlantique and Red Star lines have struck.

MINNESOTA ITEMS

Robert D. Murray, aged thirteen, was drowned in the river at St. Paul.

The State of Minnesota gets patents for 11,950 acres of swamp lands in the Duluth district.

The Germania Bank of St. Paul voluntarily closed its doors, and the public examiner is now in charge.

C. M. Foote, grand exalted leading knight of the grand lodge, Order of Elks, died in Minneapolis, from heart failure.

The daughter of Robert Grant, who went bathing in Fishook river, at Park Rapids, was drowned before assistance could reach her.

It is stated that President McKinley, ex-President Cleveland and Gov. Roosevelt will visit the proposed Minnesota forest reserve in October.

The First National and American Exchange Banks of Duluth have resumed the payment of dividends, one with a semi-annual of 1 1-2 per cent and the other with a semi-annual of 2 per cent.

A dog sprang at the face of Clarence Lewis and fastened his fangs in the upper lip of the boy, split it from the nose to the edge, and bit out a portion of the lip, disfiguring the boy for life, at Stillwater.

A proposition for free text books was defeated at the school election in Mankato by a vote of 457 to 745. Mrs. B. D. Smith, Rev. George H. Davis, S. B. Wilson and T. R. Coughlan were elected members of the board.

M. Simonitsch, agent for the Val Blatz Brewing company, and a popular and well known citizen of Moorehead, was struck by lightning while on his way home. He fell unconscious in the street. It is thought he will recover.

Capt. Smith's little two-year-old boy, while playing with matches, came very near being burned to death at Excelsior. His thighs, stomach and breast are badly burned. The mother's hands were also burned in putting out the fire.

Mort Honeywell, aged seventeen, was drowned while bathing with two companions in Clear lake, near Waseca. They were bathing from a raft in the center of the lake. Honewell was unable to swim, and sank in fourteen feet of water.

Mike Young, a well known German farmer living near Royalton, was killed recently by being thrown from his bugby against a tree. He was racing wita a companion when the accident occurred. He was thirty years old and a widower. He leaves one child.

The barn belonging to Frank Morse of Watertown was destroyed by fire, together with a small amount of grain, a binder and several other farming implements. The fire is supposed to have been started by tramps, who were seen around there late in the evening.

Seven thousand four hundred gross tons of Fayal iron ore, the contents of about 275 cars, or seven forty-car trains, was the record established by the Manila, the Minnesota Steamship company's new steam barge, upon her maiden trip from Two Harbors.

A letter received at Winona from Honolulu, Hawaiian islands, announces the death there of Dr. J. S. Tracy, a former resident of Winona. He moved to Honolulu nearly two years ago and enjoyed a large practice. He was, during his residence in Winona, a prominent Democratic politician.

Henry Jones, the eighteen-year-old son of Ellis Jones of Lake Crystal, was overcome by foul air while cleaning an old well on a farm which his father had just purchased. He was unable to take a rope that was thrown him, fell into the water and was drowned. The well was but twelve feet deep.

While Herman Greenwalt and Herman Sanders were driving about a mile west of Dumont, the team became frightened and ran away, throwing the former out of the wagon. He fell between the wheel and a wire fence and was dragged for some distance along the wires, cutting him seriously about the legs and body. He will die.

nett Sherman of Lewiston, has been missing since the early part of June. He left his home at that time with a team and wagon. It was thought that the man mysteriously murdered near Fountain City might be Sherman, but the description hardly tallies. The mother of Sherman is frantic with grief and anxiety.

The county commissioners of Douglas county passed a resolution ordering the construction of the new jail building and court house one square south of the old jail building, which was condemned by the state board of corrections and charities. Plans and specifications will be called for. No definite amount is fixed as to the cost of the building.

Inspired by the success of their brother grangers at Ortonville and Chokio, the farmers of Brown's Valley, Beardsley and Dumont are about to build farmers' elevators. Ground has been secured for a site in all three places, the required number of shares of stock are sold, and after harvest the farmers will be hauling their grain to elevators owned and managed by themselves.

The Mankato police are looking for Makie Haufmaster of Morristown, for passing a forged check of $84 on Lewis & Son, in payment for a bicycle. The check is drawn on the Morristown, Minn., State bank, and is signed by I. B. Coal. The sheriff and Mankato police are in hot pursuit. Haufmaster looks about twenty-one years old, and has the appearance of a farmer boy.

While the Great Northern train was going south at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour, between Walker and Akely, Margaret, the four-year-old child of B. W. Summers of Duluth, fell out of a car window. The train was stopped, and when picked up, the child was found to have a severe gash over one eye. She was brought to Park Rapids. Her injuries are not serious.

Not for years, perhaps, has there been such a passenger business on the lakes as now. There are four lines running passenger ships, one from the head of Georgian bay, one from Sarnia, above Detroit, and two from Buffalo, and they run ten ships. Thsee boats accommodate from 100 to 250 passengers each. The trip is a magnificent one, and growing in popularity every day.

PRIEST CAUSES TROUBLE.

Recent Actions Increase the Feeling Between Filipinos and Church.

Manila, July 25.—A Filipino priest named Gregorie Agripay, with the insurgents, is trying to lead a movement for the independence of the church in the Philippines from the Spanish priesthood. He has issued a proclamation declaring himself vicar general of all the Filipino priests in all the districts outside of American control on the Island of Luzon, and inciting the priests to disobey the regulations of the church and brotherhoods. The archbishop of the district has issued a bull excommunicating Agripay, and this action has increased the feeling between the Filipinos and the church.

The archbishop threatened to excommunicate the owners of Spanish papers publishing announcements of Protestant and Masonic meetings, phereupon an American paper warned him that he might be bundled out of the island like any disturber of the peace if he should incite religious animosity.

Th eDominican friars have begun the publication of a newspaper under the title of The Libertas for the purpose of defending the brotherhood.

The United States transport Zealandia, which sailed from San Francisco June 24 with four companies of the Twenty-fourth United States infantry, 150 recruits and a large amount of provisions and supplies for the navy on board, has arrived here.

GREATER THAN REPORTED.

Victory Over the Robber Bands in Negros.

Washington, July 25.—The war department yesterday received from Gen. Otis another dispatch giving additional particulars of the fight between Capt. B. A. Byrne, with seventy men of the Sixth infantry, and robber bands in the Island of Negros. It shows that the victory of the soldiers was greater than that reported in Gen. Otis' dispatch of July 21, and that the loss suffered by the robbers was considerably larger than before stated. Much satisfaction is felt by Gen. Otis over the results of this preliminary effort in dealing with this disturbing element in the island, and he reports it as having already had a salutary effect on other bands infecting the locality.

MINING AND CITY PROPERTY.

Sales In and Around Duluth—Considerable Activity.

Advices from Duluth say J. L. Washburn and A. Chisholm have sold to one of the large operating mining companies of that district an eighty-acre tract, close to the village of Hibbing, for $75,000 cash. The deeds will be filed in a few days. The land is the property of M. H. Alworth of Duluth, who will receive a royalty on every ton of ore taken out. The mine is said to be a very large one and quite valuable.

There has been considerable movement in real estate in Duluth for the past few weeks, and more sales have been made than in the same length of time for many years. A block on Superior street and between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues east has been sold for immediate improvement, and three dwellings, one to cost $25,000, the others about $15,000 each, are to be built thereon. J. L. Greatsinger has bought a dwelling for $7,000, and E. P. Alexander one for $5,100, and many lesser sales have been made. There is more inquiry for real estate than in years, though, except in special cases, there has been little or no advance in prices.

THE PEAVEY ELEVATORS.

A Sand Suction Dredge at Work on Site at Duluth.

A sand suction dredge is at work on the site of the Peavey Grain company's proposed grain elevator at Duluth. It was originally hoped to get one elevator finished this fall, but now it can scarcely be done before late in the winter. No dredges could be had to make channel or foundation, and the contractors had to build one. Had the dredge been available, timber was not procurable, so great is the pressure on all sorts of supplies. The dredge now starting work is of a different type from the others here, in that it sucks up the sand at the bottom of the harbor, passes the mixture of water and sand sucked up through a centrifugal pump and throws it out where wanted. It can discharge this material hundreds of feet away automatically. The dredge will cut a deep channel and fill in the ground on which the elevators will stand. The shipping house will be built of Washington fir.

HUSBAND PROSECUTES HIS WIFE.

Warrant Refused Martin Thompson at Winona.

Martin Thompson, who claims that his wife, Etta Thompson, killed his boy in Winona, in October, 1891, and who was there a few weeks ago collecting evidence to this fact, came back again and went to County Attorney Anderson and wanted a warrant issued forthwith. This was refused, as the only evidence he has is an alleged confession made when the woman thought she was dying. He is very persistent, and will probably appear with the matter before the grand jury. The woman now lives in Chicago and has charge of the other three children.

Notable Catholic Event.

Madison, Wis., July 25.—The most notable service in the history of Western Catholicism occurred here yesterday when Apostolic Delegate Martinelli, attended by a distinguished retinue of archbishops, bishops and priests, sang pontifical mass in St. Raphael's church. The big edifice was crawded to the doors. Bishop Burke of St. Joseph, Mo., preached the sermon. Pontifical vespers were held in the evening.

Drill on the Olympia.

Trieste, July 25. — Admiral Dewey, accompanied by Flag Lieut. Brumby, took Addison C. Harris, U. S. minister to Austria, and his staff in a steam launch to the Chateau Mirmar. In the evening a drill was given on board the Olympia in honor of Mr. Harris.

Milwaukee Wants Diaz.

Milwaukee, July 25.—The mayor and common council will extend an invitation to President Diaz of Mexico to visit this city in the fall at the time President McKinley expects to be here.

TROOPS IN CONTROL

TWELVE HUNDRED MEN UNDER ARMS AT CLEVELAND.

No Further Serious Rioting Is Reported and It Is Thought That the Militia Are Present in Sufficient Numbers to Overcome Any Mobs Which May Collect—Small Riots Occur After Midnight in Which No One Is Seriously Hurt—Strikers Protest Against the Presence of Troops.

Cleveland, July 27. — Strikers and their friends last night held a meeting and various speakers protested against the presence of troops and the carrying of arms by private citizens, meaning non-union street car employes. The day brought forth no new reports of rioting and violence. Rain fell during most of the afternoon and did what the police have been unable to do—keep crowds from collecting and molesting cars.

Eleven of the fourteen lines of the Big Consolidated Street railway were in operation before 7 o'clock. The lines on which cars were not started were the Union, Burton and Clark avenue routes.

Adjt. Gen. Axline is in command of the military here and approximates the force under him at twenty companies, aggregating nearly 1,200 men. Four hundred of them—Columbus, Newark and Chillicothe — arrived yesterday morning and were distributed about the city at points where it is judged most probable trouble will occur if any at all takes place. Mayor Farley said to the Associated Press today that he thought the force of police and soldiers under Gen. Axline sufficient to overawe any mobs which might collect.

Mayor Farley, Gen. Axline, Police Director Bret and Assistant Corporation Councel Excel had a long consultation, the result of which was that a large guard of soldiers was sent to South Brooklyn, where the mayor believes the disturbing element to be the strongest. The executive committee of the strikers issued a statement denying any connection with recent disturbances, including the nitro-glycerine explosion which Sunday wrecked an Euclid avenue car, and aver their determination to refrain from any unlawful acts. Friends of the strikers are asked to withhold their patronage from the Big Consolidated company.

Ralph Hawley, the non-union conductor who killed Henry Cornwelt, a boy, appeared before a magistrate charged with murder in the second degree. The hearing was postponed and the defendant held without bail.

With the coming of darkness small riots, mostly in the foreign inhabited part of the city, made their appearance and conflicts in which nobody was seriously hurt took place between the soldiers and police on one side and alleged strikers and their sympathizers on the other.

On Broadway the cars laden with guards and a few passengers traveled in pairs, and at Clay and Pearl streets a mob of about two thousand men and boys with a sprinkling of women, gathered, and when they could elude the soldiers stoned the cars and crews. Conflicts were frequent and a number of arrests were made. At 10 o'clock, as a crowd of militia was nearing the spot, the crowd bombarded a pair of cars with stones and specimens of vegetation far from being wholesome. The soldiers charged with fixed bayonets and in a few minutes the erstwhile aggressive mob was concealed in the alleys, by-streets and their rookery-like houses. There were a few incipient riots in South Brooklyn before midnight, but the guards had the situation well in hand.

STRIKERS ARE INDIGNANT.

They Issue an Address Arraigning New York Officials.

New York, July 27.—The strike committee which now has full charge of the strikes in Brooklyn and Manhattan held a meeting in Master Workman Farson's headquarters and perfected an organization and named sub-committees. After the meeting an address to the public was issued in which the city officials are arraigned and an appeal is made to organized labor, "citizens who believe in fair play" for financial aid for the strikers who need it. The address states that 3,000 men are still out of work and that many are destitute. There was a mysterious movement of the police in the stations of the Bronx last night. Chief Devery ordered them in squads of two and three, in one case, fifteen, from their stations to Lennox avenue for patrol duty. The officers declined to talk. It looked as if they were preparing for some special outbreak.

LYNCHING IN TEXAS.

Negro Incendiaries Are Severely Dealt With.

Houston, Tex., July 27.—Some two weeks ago a negro was lynched in Grimes county. Monday night a church at Faqua Prairie was burned by an incendiary. Suspicion fell on John and Randall Hamilton, negroes. The latter was first found and, with a rope around his neck, he confessed that John burned the church. John was found at his home, and his answer to a demand for surrender was a volley of buckshot, Van Wright being fatally wounded and Tuck Moody slightly injured. The negro escaped badly wounded, but was recaptured and at once strung up. No further trouble is expected. Revenge for a former lynching is thought to have been the motive of the incendiaries.

First Chinese Pensioner.

Washington, July 27.—Ah Yu Shanghai, Caina, a landsman who enlisted in the navy in 1884, and was formerly attached to Dewey's flagship Olympia, was granted a pension of $30 a month for lung trouble. He has the distinction of being the first Chinese pensioner of this government.

Norwegian Flag.

Christiania, July 27. — It is stated that the government has decided to proclaim a law introducing a purely Norwegian flag for consulates.

SIMPLE EXERCISES

Mark the Funeral of the Late Col. Ingersoll.

New York, July 27.—The funeral of the late Robert G. Ingersoll took place yesterday afternoon from Walston, Dobb's Ferry, where he died on Friday last. No clergyman was present to conduct the services, there was no music and there were no pallbearers. The body lay on a cot in the room where he died. It was enshrouded in white and just one red rose placed on the breast. About the cot were banks of floral tributes sent by friends, wreaths and bunches of blossoms. The services were held at 4 o'clock. Mrs. Ingersoll sat beside her dead husband, and beside her were her daughters, Mrs. Walston H. Brown and Miss Maud Ingersoll. They were much agitated and wept almost continuously. There were some forty others present and they remained standing throughout. The intense silence was broken by Dr. John Clark Ridpath, who in a voice full of emotion, said: "My friends, it is my very sad duty to read in the presence of the dead the last poem written by Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, entitled 'Declaration of the Free.' This poem Col. Ingersoll had read and altered in some of its parts only a few hours before he was stricken down." Maj. O. J. Smythe, who resides at Dobb's Ferry, and who was a close personal friend of Col. Ingersoll, then, without preliminary words, read another extract from Col. Ingersoll's writings, entitled "My religion." Dr. John Elliott of New York read the funeral oration delivered by col. Ingersoll over his brother's dead body. This concluded the short and simple services. Nearly all present then took a parting look at the dead and passed out.

TROUBLE IN INDIANA.

Strikers Are Charged With Violating an Injunction.

Evansville, Ind., July 27. — Twelve union miners will be arrested to-day and taken before Acting Circuit Judge Hawkins on the charge of violating the injunction which was recently issued against them. Late yesterday afternoon about 500 people, mostly wives and children of the miners, went to the John Ingle coal mine with tin cans and horns and made the air ring with shouts and yells. The colored miners came from the mine with arms, prepared for trouble. The shouters marched about the shaft and for an hour the colored diggers remained under cover of the police. The names of several of the miners were secured and they will be arrested. The striking miners are arming themselves and openly boast that they will parade the streets with their weapons as the non-union miners have done.

COAL TO BE DEARER

If Vessels Are to Be Tied Up by the Orehandlers' Strike.

Cleveland, July 27. — A committee from the striking ore-handlers at Ashtabula had a conference with H. C. Hanna, of M. A. Hanna & Co., but no progress was made toward the settlement of the strike, which threatens to tie up all the great ore docks of Lake Erie. Much had been expected from the conference, and its failure to reach a settlement caused considerable depression among vesselmen, as it may result in tying up a large number of vessels at a time when business is the best it has been for years.

FIVE DEAD.

Recovery of Bodies From a Mine Where Explosion Occurred.

Brownsville, Pa., July 27.—Another body was found in the Grindstone coal mine by the searchers, making five killed and two injured in yesterday's explosion. The fifth victim was identified as Mike Nehalek, aged twenty-six. The mine was not badly damaged and work will be resumed as soon as the inspector concludes the investigation. The injured will recover.

KRUGER'S RESIGNATION.

Evidently Had a String Attached to It.

London, July 27.—Reports regarding the resignation of President Paul Kruger, of the South African republic, are conflicting, but according to the best information he actually resigned his office conditionally. The volksraad, while maintaining its opposition to President Kruger's views on the dynamite concession, has given its assurance that it still has the utmost confidence in President Kruger, and it is believed that he has withdrawn his resignation.

Pretoria, July 27. — Amicable relations between the volksraad and President Kruger have been restored. The conspiracy case against ex-British officers has been withdrawn and the remaining prisoners have been released.

Cape Town, July 27. — It is understood that President Kruger has definitely abandoned the idea of resigning.

Bryan Will Be a Delegate.

Washington, July 27—The Post says: Bryan will be a delegate to the next Democratic national convention. This statement was made by Congressman Clayton of Alabama, who has just returned from a meeting of the national committee at Chicago.

Perished in the Flames.

Asheville, N. C., July 27.—The home of D. H. Knupp, eighteen miles east of here, was burned. E. Fogele, an architect, and an Englishman whose name is unknown, perished in the flames.

Hooked by a Bovine.

Eden Valley, Minn., July 27.—Mrs. George Clooky, residing three miles north of this place, was badly injured by being hooked by a cow. Latest reports state that she will recover.

Killed by Lightning.

Napoleon, Ohio, July 27. — Daniel Hane was killed by lightning. Eight others, composing a threshing crew, were knocked senseless by the same bolt which also set fire to the barn where they had taken refuge.

Departure of the Tartar.

San Francisco, July 27.—The transport Tartar has sailed for Manila with Gen. Joseph Wheeler, a portion of the Nineteenth infantry and a number of recruits for the army in the Philippines on board.

HOWLING FOR BLOOD

MOB THREATENS TO DYNAMITE A JAIL.

Militia Ordered Out by Gov. Candler of Georgia to Protect the Sheriff and Jail Against the Threatened Attack of a Mob That Is After a Negro Charged With Attempted Rape—Mob Swears It Will Dynamite the Jail if Necessary.

Savannah, Ga., July 27.—Telegraphic orders were received here last night from Gov. Chandler, addressed to Gen. Middleton, of the state militia at Valdosta, and Capt. Smith of Thomasville to "report to Sheriff Patterson at Bainbridge with all your available men at once" and to "act strictly under his orders." The governor's message is mandatory. It says: "Go at once." The commercial wires having closed the messages were transmitted over railroad wires and arrangements were immediately made for special cars on the Plant system to take the troops. The train will arrive at Bainbridge at 3 a. m. The troops are wanted to protect the sheriff and jail against the attack of a mob that is after John Williams, a negro who is charged with assault and attempt to rape upon two white girls. Williams entered their room while they were asleep and had seized one of the girls when he was frightened away. A large crowd of country people are in town and swear they will have Williams if they have to dynamite the jail. The jail is one of the strongest in the state. An attack upon it before the arrival of the troops is possible. At 11:30 the mob surrounded the jail and called for Williams.

Oregonians Kick.

Washington, July 27.—The members of the Second Oregon regiment have objected to the form of discharge because it does not contain the word "honorable." It is said at the war department that there are three forms of discharge, "honorable," "without honor" and "dishonorable." If none of the words are used the discharge is considered in law and by the war department as honorable. It seems that in the blanks used the word "honorable" has been left out, but there is no objection to having it written in if the men desire.

Troops May Remain.

Springfield, Ill., July 27.—Samuel T. Brush, general manager of the St. Louis and Big Muddy Coal company's mines in Williston county, called on Acting Gov. Northcott and informed him of the state of affairs at Carterville and requested that the troops be allowed to remain there. Gov. Northcott did not say whether or not he would remove the troops at present, but the inference he left in Mr. Brus 's mind was that they would not removed for awhile.

Old Man Weakened.

Galion, Ohio, July 27. — Masked burglars entered the home of David Miller and after tying the family demanded the key and combination to his safe. It was refused and the burglars piled mattresses and bed clothing on top of their helpless bodies, saturated the mass with kerosine and were about to light it when the old man weakened and accompanied them to the store, where they made him unlock the safe. They secured about $1,000 and escaped.

Strikers Gain Headway.

New York, July 27. — The clothing workers, freight handlers, newsboys and messenger boys' strikes gained headway. Leader Pines, of the Brooklyn trolley strikers, issued a statement to the effect that the trolley strike was still on. The striking tailors of the East side swelled their numbers to 3,000. Nearly 8,000 were out in the afternoon and several mass meetings were held last night. Three thousand more men are expected to quit work in Braaklyn this week.

New Railway Contemplated.

Milwaukee, July 27.—A new railroad line from Milwaukee to Fremont, Ohio, is the latest proposition in railway facilities to connect with this city. J. W. Poynton and Frank P. McGraw of Grand Rapids, Mich., and W. J. Brewer of London, Eng., are interested in the project. Mr. Boynton is president of the company, which, he says, proposes to build a line of railroad to be known as the Central Michigan.

Damaged by Storm.

Jamestown, N. Y., July 27.—A heavy electric storm passed over this neighborhood last evening. While the steamer City of Buffalo was in the middle ofLake Chautauqua lightning struck her flagstaff and shivered it. Eugene Manross, the fireman, was so severely shocked that for a time it was feared he would die. Pilot Goffield was also prostrated and others on board felt the shock.

Jury Says Not Guilty.

Chicago, July 27. — Mrs. Augusta Stiles was declared by a jury not guilty of the murder of her mother, Mrs. Schultz. Mrs. Stiles shot her mother because the latter disparaged to Belle Stiles, a daughter of Mrs. Stiles, the character of her mother. When the daughter came to her with the stories Mrs. Stiles was frantic, and, hunting for her mother, she killed her on sight.

War in Korea.

Paris, July 27—The Politique Coloniale states that Russia and Japan are arming with a view to a possible conflict in Korea.

Serious State of Affairs.

London, July 27.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Telegraph reports the existence of a serious state of affairs resulting from riotous agitations against the new taxes, and says many conflicts with the police have occurred.

Increases Its Circulation.

Madrid, July 27.—The Bank of Spain will be authorized to raise its circulation to 2,500,000,000 pesetas. Loans to the treasury will be made at 2 1-2 per cent, and private loans at 5 per cent.

MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, July 27. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 68 1-4@69 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 67 1-4@68c. Corn — No. 3 yellow, 30 1-2@31c; No. 2, 30@30 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 26@26 1-2c; No. 3, 25 @25 1-2c. Barley and Rye—Sample barley, 34@40c; No. 2 rye, 56c; No. 3 rye, 55c.

Duluth, July 27.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 73 5-8c; No. 1 Northern, 70 7-8c; No. 2 Northern, 66 3-8c; No. 3 spring, 63 7-8c; July, No. 1 hard, 73 5-8c; No. 1 Northern, 70 7-8c; September, No. 1 Northern, 70 3-8c; December, No. 1 Northern, 71 1-4c; oats, 22 3-4@23 1-4c; rye, 50 1-2c; barley, 34c; flax, to arrive, $1.01 1-2; September, 96 3-4c; October, 96c; corn, 31 1-4c.

Minneapolis, July 27. — Wheat—July closed at 68c; September opened at 67 1-8c and closed at 67 7-8c; December opened at 68 7-8c and closed at 69 5-8c. On track—No. 1 hard, 70 1-8c; No. 1 Northern, 69 1-8c; No. 2 Northern, 67 7-8c.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 27. — Flour is steady. Wheat firm; No. 1 Northern, 72 1-2@73c; No. 2 Northern, 71@71 1-2c. Oats lower at 24 1-4@26 1-2c. Rye steady; No. 1, 53c. Barley quiet; No. 2, 40 1-2c; sample, 32@38 1-2c.

Chicago, July 27. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 71@71 1-2c; No. 3, 67 1-2@70 1-2c; No. 2 hard winter, 67@68c; No. 3, 65@68c; No. 1 Northern spring, 70 3-4@71c; No. 2, 70@70 1-8c; No. 3, 66@70 3-9c. Corn—No. 2, 32 1-4@32 3-8c; No. 3, 32@32 1-8c. Oats—No. 2, 24 1-2c; No. 3, 23 1-2c.

Chicago, July 27. — Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $4.30@4.60; good heavy, $4.45@4.60; rough heavy, $4.10@4.35; light, $4.40@4.65. Cattle—Beeves, $4.50 5.75; cows and heifers, $1.75@4.95; Texas steers, $4@4.85; stockers and feeders, $3.25@4.80. Sheep—Natives, $3.25@5.15; lambs, $4@6.60.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 27. — Hogs — $4.20@4.40. Cattle — Beeves, $4.50@5.25; cows and bulls, mixed, $2.40@4; stockers and feeders, $3.50@4.35; calves and yearlings, $3.75@4.50.

South St. Paul, July 27. — Hogs — $3.90@4.32 1-2. Cattle—Cows, $2.40@3.85; calves, $4.50@5.50; stockers, $2.75@4.25. Sheep, $4@4.35; lambs, $4.25@5.50.

CASS LAKE SAVED.

The Government Will Sell to the Settlers.

Washington, July 27. — Secretary Hitchcock yesterday finally disposed of the Cass Lake (Minnesota) controversy. He announced that the government would sell in parcels the north half of section 15, which comprises nearly the whole town of Cass Lake. The 500 or more intruders are located chiefly on this half section and on the northeastern part of section 16. They will have to remove from section 16 as soon as possible.

The decision of Secretary Hitchcock closes the controversy over the proposed ejectment of the intruders from the Cass Lake Indian reservation lands. Senator Nelson, who subsequently left for Norway for the first time since he left the land of his birth, was present when the announcement was made, and expressed his satisfaction. This places the 320 acres of land open to all to purchase. The half section will be advertised for sixty days and probably fifteen days more allowed before the sale, when the intruders must take their chances in the purchase of the lands or remove from them. The adjoining section 16 is not similarly to be sold off, as it consists mainly of agricultural lands, and is subject either to allotment or homestead acquirement. The intruders there must buy land in the other section or remove entirely from the reservation.

Strike Died A-bornin'.

Pittsburg, July 27. — About fifty American district messenger boys and twenty of the Postal telegraph messengers struck yesterday morning, but prompt and decided action by the officials soon brought the boys to the belief that the strike would not succeed. Within two hours after its inception the strike was a thing of the past.

No Evidence of Dreyfus' Guilt.

London, July 27. — The paris correspondent of the Post telegraphs: "I am able to vouch for the statement that M. Mazau, president of the court of cassation recently told President Loubet that in all the evidence submitted there was nothing to establish the guilt of Dreyfus. M. Mazau has always been an anti-revisionist."

Battleships Near Completion.

Washington, July 27.—The two big battleships Kearsarge and Kentucky are now so well along toward completion that the contractors have called for the eight-inch guns, as they are about ready to put on the upper turrets and mount the guns therein. It is thought their first speed trial will occur in September.

Crops Completely Ruined.

Santiago, Chile, July 27. — Reports from the southern provinces show that great distress has been occasioned by the extremely heavy rains which have recently prevailed. Cities are flooded and crops are completely ruined.

Killed With an Axe.

Fort Smith, Ark., July 27.—George Turner and John Riley became involved in an altercation at Greenwood in which Turner killed Riley with an axe. Riley's brother, while shooting at Turner afterward, killed a bystander named Sullivan.

Wages Advanced.

Winona, Minn., July 27.—Wages in Winona saw mills have been advanced on an average of nearly 10 per cent. Some 900 employes were affected.

Zelaya and Sierra.

Managua, Nic., July 27. — President Zelaya of Nicaragua, has gone to meet Gen. Terencio Sierra, president of the Republic of Honduras, in the Gulf of Conchagua, on the coast of Salvador, with the object of making an offensive and defensive treaty.

Strike Spreading.

Antwerp, July 27. — The strike of dockmen is spreading. The painters working on the vessels of the Trans-Atlantique and Red Star lines have struck.

MINNESOTA ITEMS

Robert D. Murray, aged thirteen, was drowned in the river at St. Paul.

The State of Minnesota gets patents for 11,950 acres of swamp lands in the Duluth district.

The Germania Bank of St. Paul voluntarily closed its doors, and the public examiner is now in charge.

C. M. Foote, grand exalted leading knight of the grand lodge, Order of Elks, died in Minneapolis, from heart failure.

The daughter of Robert Grant, who went bathing in Fishook river, at Park Rapids, was drowned before assistance could reach her.

It is stated that President McKinley, ex-President Cleveland and Gov. Roosevelt will visit the proposed Minnesota forest reserve in October.

The First National and American Exchange Banks of Duluth have resumed the payment of dividends, one with a semi-annual of 1 1-2 per cent and the other with a semi-annual of 2 per cent.

A dog sprang at the face of Clarence Lewis and fastened his fangs in the upper lip of the boy, split it from the nose to the edge, and bit out a portion of the lip, disfiguring the boy for life, at Stillwater.

A proposition for free text books was defeated at the school election in Mankato by a vote of 457 to 745. Mrs. B. D. Smith, Rev. George H. Davis, S. B. Wilson and T. R. Coughlan were elected members of the board.

M. Simonitsch, agent for the Val Blatz Brewing company, and a popular and well known citizen of Moorehead, was struck by lightning while on his way home. He fell unconscious in the street. It is thought he will recover.

Capt. Smith's little two-year-old boy, while playing with matches, came very near being burned to death at Excelsior. His thighs, stomach and breast are badly burned. The mother's hands were also burned in putting out the fire.

Mort Honeywell, aged seventeen, was drowned while bathing with two companions in Clear lake, near Waseca. They were bathing from a raft in the center of the lake. Honewell was unable to swim, and sank in fourteen feet of water.

Mike Young, a well known German farmer living near Royalton, was killed recently by being thrown from his bugby against a tree. He was racing with a companion when the accident occurred. He was thirty years old and a widower. He leaves one child.

The barn belonging to Frank Morse of Watertown was destroyed by fire, together with a small amount of grain, a binder and several other farming implements. The fire is supposed to have been started by tramps, who were seen around there late in the evening.

Seven thousand four hundred gross tons of Fayal iron ore, the contents of about 275 cars, or seven forty-car trains, was the record established by the Manila, the Minnesota Steamship company's new steam barge, upon her maiden trip from Two Harbors.

A letter received at Winona from Honolulu, Hawaiian islands, announces the death there of Dr. J. S. Tracy, a former resident of Winona. He moved to Honolulu nearly two years ago and enjoyed a large practice. He was, during his residence in Winona, a prominent Democratic politician.

Henry Jones, the eighteen-year-old son of Ellis Jones of Lake Crystal, was overcome by foul air while cleaning an old well on a farm which his father had just purchased. He was unable to take a rope that was thrown him, fell into the water and was drowned. The well was but twelve feet deep.

While Herman Greenwalt and Herman Sanders were driving about a mile west of Dumont, the team became frightened and ran away, throwing the former out of the wagon. He fell between the wheel and a wire fence and was dragged for some distance along the wires, cutting him seriously about the legs and body. He will die.

nett Sherman of Lewiston, has been missing since the early part of June. He left his home at that time with a team and wagon. It was thought that the man mysteriously murdered near Fountain City might be Sherman, but the description hardly tallies. The mother of Sherman is frantic with grief and anxiety.

The county commissioners of Douglas county passed a resolution ordering the construction of the new jail building and court house one square south of the old jail building, which was condemned by the state board of corrections and charities. Plans and specifications will be called for. No definite amount is fixed as to the cost of the building.

Inspired by the success of their brother grangers at Ortonville and Chokio, the farmers of Brown's Valley, Beardsley and Dumont are about to build farmers' elevators. Ground has been secured for a site in all three places, the required number of shares of stock are sold, and after harvest the farmers will be hauling their grain to elevators owned and managed by themselves.

The Mankato police are looking for Makie Haufmaster of Morristown, for passing a forged check of $84 on Lewis & Son, in payment for a bicycle. The check is drawn on the Morristown, Minn., State bank, and is signed by I. B. Coal. The sheriff and Mankato police are in hot pursuit. Haufmaster looks about twenty-one years old, and has the appearance of a farmer boy.

While the Great Northern train was going south at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour, between Walker and Akely, Margaret, the four-year-old child of B. W. Summers of Duluth, fell out of a car window. The train was stopped, and when picked up, the child was found to have a severe gash over one eye. She was brought to Park Rapids. Her injuries are not serious.

Not for years, perhaps, has there been such a passenger business on the lakes as now. There are four lines running passenger ships, one from the head of Georgian bay, one from Sarnia, above Detroit, and two from Buffalo, and they run ten ships. Thsee boats accommodate from 100 to 250 passengers each. The trip is a magnificent one, and growing in popularity every day.

PRIEST CAUSES TROUBLE.

Recent Actions Increase the Feeling Between Filipinos and Church.

Manila, July 25.—A Filipino priest named Gregorie Agripay, with the insurgents, is trying to lend a movement for the independence of the church in the Philippines from the Spanish priesthood. He has issued a proclamation declaring himself vicar general of all the Filipino priests in all the districts outside of American control on the Island of Luzon, and inciting the priests to disobey the regulations of the church and brotherhoods. The archbishop of the district has issued a bull excommunicating Agripay, and this action has increased the feeling between the Filipinos and the church.

The archbishop threatened to excommunicate the owners of Spanish papers publishing announcements of Protestant and Masonic meetings, phereupon an American paper warned him that he might be bundled out of the island like any disturber of the peace if he should incite religious animosity.

Th eDominican friars have begun the publication of a newspaper under the title of The Libertas for the purpose of defending the brotherhood.

The United States transport Zealandia, which sailed from San Francisco June 24 with four companies of the Twenty-fourth United States infantry, 150 recruits and a large amount of provisions and supplies for the navy on board, has arrived here.

GREATER THAN REPORTED.

Victory Over the Robber Bands in Negros.

Washington, July 25.—The war department yesterday received from Gen. Otis another dispatch giving additional particulars of the fight between Capt. B. A. Byrne, with seventy men of the Sixth infantry, and robber bands in the Island of Negros. It shows that the victory of the soldiers was greater than that reported in Gen. Otis' dispatch of July 21, and that the loss suffered by the robbers was considerably larger than before stated. Much satisfaction is felt by Gen. Otis over the results of this preliminary effort in dealing with this disturbing element in the island, and he reports it as having already had a salutary effect on other bands infecting the locality.

MINING AND CITY PROPERTY.

Sales in and Around Duluth—Considerable Activity.

Advices from Duluth say J. L. Washburn and A. Chisholm have sold to one of the large operating mining companies of that district an eighty-acre tract, close to the village of Hibbing, for $75,000 cash. The deeds will be filed in a few days. The land is the property of M. H. Alworth of Duluth, who will receive a royalty on every ton of ore taken out. The mine is said to be a very large one and quite valuable.

There has been considerable movement in real estate in Duluth for the past few weeks, and more sales have been made than in the same length of time for many years. A block on Superior street and between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues east has been sold for immediate improvement, and three dwellings, one to cost $25,000, the others about $15,000 each, are to be built thereon. J. L. Greatsinger has bought a dwelling for $7,000, and E. P. Alexander one for $5,100, and many lesser sales have been made. There is more inquiry for real estate than in years, though, except in special cases, there has been little or no advance in prices.

THE PEAVEY ELEVATORS.

A Sand Suction Dredge at Work on Site at Duluth.

A sand suction dredge is at work on the site of the Peavey Grain company's proposed grain elevator at Duluth. It was originally hoped to get one elevator finished this fall, but now it can scarcely be done before late in the winter. No dredges could be had to make channel or foundation, and the contractors had to build one. Had the dredge been available, timber was not procurable, so great is the pressure on all sorts of supplies. The dredge now starting work is of a different type from the others here, in that it sucks up the sand at the bottom of the harbor, passes the mixture of water and sand sucked up through a centrifugal pump and throws it out where wanted. It can discharge this material hundreds of feet away automatically. The dredge will cut a deep channel and fill in the ground on which the elevators will stand. The shipping house will be built of Washington fir.

HUSBAND PROSECUTES HIS WIFE.

Warrant Refused Martin Thompson at Winona.

Martin Thompson, who claims that his wife, Etta Thompson, killed his boy in Winona, in October, 1891, and who was there a few weeks ago collecting evidence to this fact, came back again and went to County Attorney Anderson and wanted a warrant issued forthwith. This was refused, as the only evidence he has is an alleged confession made when the woman thought she was dying. He is very persistent, and will probably appear with the matter before the grand jury. The woman now lives in Chicago and has charge of the other three children.

Notable Catholic Event.

Madison, Wis., July 25.—The most notable service in the history of Western Catholicism occurred here yesterday when Apostolic Delegate Martinelli, attended by a distinguished retinue of archbishops, bishops and priests, sang pontifical mass in St. Raphael's church. The big edifice was crawded to the doors. Bishop Burke of St. Joseph, Mo., preached the sermon. Pontifical vespers were held in the evening.

Drill on the Olympia.

Trieste, July 25. — Admiral Dewey, accompanied by Flag Lieut. Brumby, took Addison C. Harris, U. S. minister to Austria, and his staff in a steam launch to the Chateau Mirmar. In the evening a drill was given on board the Olympia in honor of Mr. Harris.

Milwaukee Wants Diaz.

Milwaukee, July 25.—The mayor and common council will extend an invitation to President Diaz of Mexico to visit this city in the fall at the time President McKinley expects to be here.

The Brainerd Dispatch.

N. H. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, $1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1899 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Five (5) Cents per line for every insertion.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.

Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1899.

FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1899.

SEVEN cases of genuine small pox are reported at East Grand Forks.

BRAINERD is justly proud of the record made by Co. L at the Lake City encampment.

AT its meeting in Chicago the democratic national committee reaffirmed its allegiance to free silver.

DULUTH has just made a contract for 286 arc lights at $85 per year per light.

MONEY is now so plenty that many of the banking institutions of the state refuse to pay over 2 per cent on state deposits.

MAYOR KOOP honored Co. L by appointing Lieut. Nelson as chief of police as soon as the boys landed in the city yesterday.

IT is not the kissing bug that is disturbing Bryan's midnight slumbers, it's the gold bug that causes his nightmare.

THE Minnesota boys in the Philippines will leave for home on the transport Sheridan as soon as she can be unloaded and recoaled.

ON Wednesday afternoon a severe hail storm prevailed in portions of Todd and Wadena counties, and several thousand acres of grain were destroyed.

ACCORDING to an exchange a handful or two of flour from the flour barrel is the best extinguisher of gasoline. If your gasoline stove gets to acting up, bear this in mind, as a handful of flour is worth more than half a dozen pails of water and won't make anything like the muss to clean up.

STRANGE isn't it, that the men who go down into their jeans every little while and dig up from ten to five hundred dollars to help a public enterprise are the men who are not constantly kicking about taxes, says the Northfield News. The fellows who never give a cent are always making a great fuss.

THE latest combine is that of the clergymen of Ann Arbor, Michigan, who have entered into an ironclad agreement not to perform the marriage ceremony for any persons who have been divorced for any other than the Scriptural cause, this only to apply to residents, and non-residents who have been divorced for any cause are not to be married by them under any circumstances.

THE new machinery for the prison twine plant will arrive in September and the capacity of the plant will be doubled. This is the result of good business judgment on the part of the last republican legislature and a desire to make the farmers of the state entirely independent of the twine trust. The farmers will no doubt appreciate this and when the proper time comes show their appreciation.

CONGRESSMAN MORRIS is entitled to as much credit for bringing about the satisfactory settlement of affairs at Cass Lake as is Senator Nelson. Morris first laid before the department the legal arguments which was followed by Nelson later in substantiating Mr. Morris' position. The interior department could not get around the legal points and they give Morris his share of the credit.

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The Mississippi Reservoirs.

The annual report in regard to reservoirs at the headwaters of the Mississippi river has been issued, of which the following will be of interest:

The report says that the deficiency of 1898 allowed the use of the unexpended appropriation for the construction of reservoirs at the head waters of the Mississippi and under this clause funds originally appropriated for the Gull lake reservoir were applied to the reconstruction of the old dam at Lake Winnebigoshish and to the building of the new dike at Pine river. The river and harbor act of the last session clearly approved the policy of making the reservoirs permanent by suitable changes in the types of dams and sluices. The question of land damages should be determined by accurate surveys and all lands actually submerged should be purchased or flowage easements to them should be procured by the United States. Under the terms of the act, says Major Abbott, it will be possible to replace the decayed wooden structures which now constitute the dam at Winnibigoshish and Leech lake. It will be the middle of the summer of 1900 before the work at the former will permit the transfer of the plant to the latter point. Leech lake dam will, therefore, be replaced in the summers of 1900 and 1901. By that time it will be urgently necessary to replace the Pine river dam with a suitable concrete structure. By the time the Pine river dam is renewed, the Pokegama dam will require immediate attention. The dam at Sandy lake is in good order and should need no extensive repairs for at least eight years. During the past year a dike about 700 feet long was partly built at the Pine river reservoir. It will be completed this summer. Plans for the new concrete dam at Lake Winnibigoshish were approved and the purchase of material begun. Some progress was made in securing flowage rights at the Pokegama falls dam, but condemnation proceedings will have to be resorted to. Completion of the surveys inaugurated under the act of last March will enable the government to dispose of intricate and irritating conflicts of fact and right to flowage rights over all lands affected by the reservoirs permanently. The amount expended on dam work during the year was $49,126. Under the head of operation and care of reservoirs Major Abbott says the dams at Leech lake and Lake Winnibigoshish were so much out of repair that it was unsafe to use them for impounding water. Dams at Pokegama falls, Pine river and Sandy lake have been operated as usual.

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A telegram from Washington says Secretary Hitchcock has announced that the government has determined to sell the north half of Section 15 of Cass Lake townsite, under the act of 1889. The land will be advertised in the regular way and settlers will be allowed to remain until the sale is effected. Settlers on Section 16 will have to move, but the government will not use any harsh measures. It was decided that, as section lands are agricultural, they cannot be sold until other parts of the law are complied with. This order will allow the whites to remain. The land will be sold in 40-acre tracts and the sale will probably take place October 1st.

A boon to travelers. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Cures dysentery, diarrhoea, seasickness, nausea. Pleasant to take. Perfectly harmless.

An Appetizing Hot-Weather Dish.

To prepare blind hare, take a pound and a half of veal cutlet, or one three-pound chicken, and a pound and a half of round steak chopped fine; mix, and add half a teaspoonful of grated nutmeg, a level teaspoonful of cinnamon, one pint of stale breadcrumbs rubbed fine, a quarter of a teaspoonful of pepper and two level teaspoonfuls of salt. Mix all the ingredients thoroughly together and pour over all four well beaten eggs. Pack into a square breadpan or into a melon mould. When it has taken the shape of the pan or mould turn it carefully out on a piece of greased paper in the bottom of a baking pan, baste with melted butter, and bake in a moderate oven for three hours. Serve cold. Veal loaf is made after the some receipt, using all veal.—August Ladies Home Journal.

A wheelman's toolbag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas Eclectric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

To enable the citizens of Brainerd and vicinity an opportunity to enjoy an outing on Leech Lake, at limited expense, the Brainerd & Northern Minnesota railway will make a very low rate of fare to House Boat and camping parties of 20 or more, Brainerd to Walker and return. Parties desiring rates should apply to O. O. Winter, General Manager, Brainerd.

Northern Pacific Railroad Company

Notice of Sales of Lands in Minnesota.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to a decree entered by the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, on May 25th, 1899, in a certain cause in equity, pending in said Court, wherein the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company is complainant, and the Northern Pacific Railroad Company and others are defendants, and a certain decree ancillary thereto entered in a cause pending between said parties in the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota.

I, Alfred L. Cary, as Special Master, shall sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, at the times and places hereinafter stated;

All the lands granted by the Congress of the United States to aid in the construction and equipment of the railroads of said Northern Pacific Railroad Company, and all rights of said company under the several grants made to it by Congress in any such lands lying within the State of Minnesota.

Schedules of said lands within said State of Minnesota, will be found on and after June 16th, 1899, at the office of the clerk of the United States Circuit Court, at St. Paul, Minnesota, and at the passenger stations of the Northern Pacific Railway Company at St. Paul, Duluth, Brainerd and Moorhead, in Minnesota. And schedules of said lands within each of the counties in said State of Minnesota in which sales thereof are to be made as hereinafter stated, will be found in the offices of the clerks of the District Courts for said counties respectively, on and after June 16th, 1899; but all the lands and rights in respect of the lands of said railroad company within each of said counties, whether specified in said schedules or not, will be included in such sales.

Such sales will be made as follows:

(a) All of said lands for which Letters Patent have issued to said Railroad Company, and the right to receive lands for which Letters Patent have not issued, but which have been selected by and certified to said company, will be sold in single sections, or subdivisions thereof.

(b) All lands for which patents have not issued, and which have not been selected by and certified to said Railroad Company, but to which said Railroad Company is entitled under said grants of Congress, and all rights of said Railroad Company to receive from the United States any lands which have not been certified or patented to said Railroad Company, whether under the grant, expressed in the act of Congress of July 2, 1864, or under any subsequent grant by way of indemnity or otherwise to said company, together with all the right, title, interest and claim in or to any such lands, and all its rights to receive from the United States, patents therefor, and also, all right, title, interest and equity in and to any other lands to which said Railroad Company may be entitled and which may have accrued or shall hereafter accrue to it, under any of said land grants, and also all right, title, equity and interest in and to any lands covered by or included in any of said land grants and not hereinbefore specified will be sold in one parcel as to all such lands and rights in respect of lands within each of the counties in which a sale thereof shall be made as hereinafter stated.

PINE COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Pine, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Pine City, in said county, on the 17th day of July, 1899, at eleven o'clock a. m.

CARLTON COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Carlton, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Carlton, in said county, on the 17th day of July, 1899, at two o'clock p. m.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of St. Louis, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Duluth, in said county, on the 17th day of July, 1899, at four o'clock p. m.

LAKE COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Lake, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Two Harbors, in said county, on the 18th day of July, 1899, at nine o'clock a. m.

ITASCA COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Itasca, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Grand Rapids, in said county, on the 18th day of July, 1899, at four o'clock p. m.

BELTRAMI COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Beltrami, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Bemidji, in said county, on the 19th day of July, 1899, at nine o'clock a. m.

CASS COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Cass, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Walker, in said county, on the 19th day of July, 1899, at twelve o'clock noon.

HUBBARD COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Hubbard, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Park Rapids, in said county, on the 19th day of July, 1899, at three o'clock p. m.

WADENA COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Wadena, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Wadena, in said county, on the 20th day of July, 1899, at nine o'clock a. m.

TODD COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Todd, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Long Prairie, in said county, on the 20th day of July, 1899, at one o'clock p. m.

DOUGLAS COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Douglas, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house, of said county, at Alexandria, in said county, on the 20th day of July, 1899, at five o'clock p. m.

GRANT COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Grant, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Elbow Lake, in said county, on the 21st day of July, 1899, at nine o'clock a. m.

OTTER TAIL COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Otter Tail, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Fergus Falls, in said county, on the 21st day of July, 1899, at three o'clock p. m.

WILKIN COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Wilkin, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Breckenridge, in said county, on the 24th day of July, 1899, at nine o'clock a. m,

CLAY COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Clay, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Moorhead, in said county, on the 25th day of July, 1899, at eleven o'clock a. m.

NORMAN COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Norman, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Ada, in said county, on the 25th day of July, 1899, at four o'clock p. m.

BECKER COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Becker, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Detroit, in said county, on the 4th day of August, 1899, at nine o'clock a. m.

CROW WING COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Crow Wing, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Brainerd, in said county, on the 4th day of August, 1899, at two o'clock p. m.

AITKIN COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Aitkin, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Aitkin, in said county, on the 4th day of August, 1899, at four o'clock p. m.

MORRISON COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Morrison, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Little Falls, in said county, on the 5th day of August, 1899, at nine o'clock a. m.

MILLE LACS COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Mille Lacs, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Princeton, in said county, on the 5th day of August, 1899, at three o'clock p. m.

The Special Master will receive no bid from anyone offering to bid for said patented lands or for lands selected and certified but not patented, who shall not first, as a pledge that he will make good his bid in case of its acceptance, have made a deposit with the Special Master, of ten dollars for each section of such lands, for which such person desires to bid, in money or by certified check on any National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York, or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Upon the acceptance of any bid for any of said patented lands, or for any lands selected and certified, but not patented, the bidder, to whom the same shall have been struck off, shall deposit with the Special Master, a sum equal to ten per centum of the total amount of his bid for such lands, either in cash or in a certified check upon any National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York, or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota. The Special Master will receive no bid from anyone offering to bid for said unpatented lands and rights, who shall not first deposit with him, as a pledge that he shall make good his bid in case of acceptance, a sum equal to five per centum of the amount of his bid in money or in a certified check upon a National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Upon the acceptance of any bid for said unpatented lands and rights, the bidder to whom the same shall have been struck off, shall forthwith deposit with said Special Master, a sum equal to ten per centum of the amount of his bid in money or in a certified check on any National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Any cash which any successful bidder may have deposited as a pledge that he would make good his bid, will be received on account of the amount required to be paid by him on the acceptance of his bid.

The deposit received from any unsuccessful bidder will be returned to him when the property shall be struck down.

In case any bidder shall fail to make the deposit by said decree required upon acceptance of his bid, the Special Master will then and there again offer the lands or rights struck off to him for sale without further notice or advertisement.

In case any bidder or purchaser shall fail to make good his bid upon its acceptance by the Special Master or after such acceptance shall fail to comply with the order of the Court relating to the payment thereof or the consummation of the purchase, then the deposit made by such purchaser or purchasers will be forfeited as a penalty for such failure, and will be applied towards the expenses of a re-sale, and towards making good any deficiency or loss in case the property shall be sold at a price less than that bid at the prior sale. If the Court shall not confirm the sale for which the deposit shall have been made, such deposit will be returned to the bidder.

Upon confirmation of any sale by the Court, the purchaser shall make such further payment or payments in cash on account of his bid, as the Court may from time to time direct. Any such purchaser may satisfy and make good any part of his bid, not required to be made in cash, by executing and delivering to the Special Master, an assignment of any claim against said Northern Pacific Railroad Company, which shall have been, at the time of such assignment, finally allowed by the Court in this suit, and of which such purchaser shall then be the owner, and such purchaser shall be credited therefor on account of his bid, with such sums as would be payable on such claims out of the purchase price of all the lands, if the whole amount thereof had been paid in cash. If the credit to which the owner of any claim so assigned, would be entitled by reason thereof, shall exceed the amount due from him upon such bid in excess of the amount required to be paid in cash, then such assignment to the Special Master may be of such amount out of the total of the said claim as may be necessary to make up the amount so due on such bid or bids and the right of such purchaser in respect of the balance due on such claim will not be affected thereby. The Court reserves the right to re-sell any such lands or rights upon such notice as the Court shall direct, in case the purchaser thereof shall fail or omit to make any payment on account of any unpaid balance of the purchase price within thirty days after the entry of an order requiring such payment.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to the above mentioned decrees of said Court.

Dated June 6th, 1899.

ALFRED L. CARY,
As Special Master.

Order to Hear Petition for License to Sell Land of Minor.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, July 17th, 1899.

In the Matter of the Guardianship of George Merwarth, Jr., Alice L. Merwarth, Charles H. Merwarth, Russel Merwarth and Clinton Merwarth, minors.

On Reading and Filing the Petition of Louise Merwarth guardian of said minors, representing, among other things, that the said wards, seized of certain real estate in Farrar and Forsyth's First Addition to the City of Brainerd, Minnesota, and that for the benefit of said wards the same should be sold, and praying for license to sell the same. And it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, from said petition, that for the benefit of said wards said real real estate should be sold:

It is Ordered, That all persons interested in said estate appear before this Court on Monday, the 14th day of August, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Court House in the City of Brainerd, in said County, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted for the sale of said real estate, according to the prayer of said petition,

And it is Further Ordered, That this order shall be published once in each week, for three successive weeks, prior to said day of hearing, in the "Brainerd Dispatch", a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said County.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 17th day of July A. D. 1899.

{ SEAL. } By the Court,
MILTON McFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

W. S. McClenahan, Attorney for Guardian. 32-3

Contest Notice.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., June 20, 1899.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by John Waldo, contestant, against Homestead Entry No. 15765, made June 9th, 1892, for N½ NW¼, SW¼ NW¼, and Lot 3, Section 22, Township 135, Range 29, Henry B. Higgins, contestee, in which it is alleged that said Henry B. Higgins has not resided upon, or in any way improved said tract as required by law, and has wholly abandoned said tract for more than six months prior to June 9th, 1897. That said tract has been subject to contest long prior to the Spanish-American war. Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on July 29th, 1899, before Clerk of District Court at Brainerd, Minn., and that final hearing will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. on Aug. 5th, 1899, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in St. Cloud, Minn.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed June 1st, 1899, set forth facts which show that after due diligence, personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication,

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Summons.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Crow Wing. }

District Court. 15th Judicial District.

ANNA C. STIPE, Plaintiff,
against
THEADORE H. STIPE, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the Fifteenth Judicial District, in and for the County of Crow Wing and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer thereto upon the subscriber, at his office, No. 8, F. N. Bank Block, in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, in said State, within thirty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint, besides her costs and disbursements.

W. A. FLEMING,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office Room 8 F. N. Bank Block.
Residence Fifth Street, Brainerd, Minn.

38 6

Guns and Ammuition. **C. B. WHITE,** Fishing Tackle.

Contractor and Builder.

HARDWARE

A new line of

Heating Stoves and Ranges

Just in. Call and see them.

Paints and Oils. **I. U. WHITE, MANAGER.** Fence Wire.

For Anything in the

Grocery Line

Call on

P. M. LAGERQUIST,

We Carry the finest Stock in the Northwest, and our Goods are always Fresh and up-to-date.

Staple and Fancy Groceries

FLOUR AND FEED.

Lagerquist Block, South Sixth Street.

General Repair Shop

T. A. MARTIN, Proprietor.

Constructing and Repairing Bicycles a Specialty.

Bicycle Material, Supplies and Extras of Every Description For Sale.

We do enameling and guarantee our work to be first-class. We also do General Repairing of all descriptions and have the facilities to turn work out in short order, and to your entire satisfaction.

6th St. North, Next Door to Old Roller Rink.

S. & J. W. KOOP,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Flour and Feed.

Brick Manufacturer.

Railroad Ties Bought For Cash.

Goods Promptly Delivered to all Parts of the City.

NORTHERN PACIFIC — YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE

To ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH AND POINTS EAST & SOUTH

To BUTTE HELENA SPOKANE SEATTLE TACOMA PORTLAND CALIFORNIA JAPAN CHINA ALASKA KLONDIKE

W D McKAY Agt Brainerd, Minn. | Chas. S. Fee, G. P. A. ST. PAUL, MINN.

Vestibuled Trains—Dining Cars.
TIME CARD—BRAINERD.

EAST BOUND:	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 6, St Paul Express	12:05 p.m.	12:25 p. m.
No. 16, Duluth Express	2:55 a. m.	3:05 a. m.
No. 18, Duluth Express.		1:00 p. m.
No. 54, Duluth Freight..	9:15 a. m.	10:00 a. m.
No. 58, Duluth Freight..	8:55 p. m.	9:35 p. m.
WEST BOUND.		
No. 5, Fargo Express....	12:50 p. m.	1:10 p. m.
No. 17, Pacific Express...	11:55 p. m.	12:05 a. m.
No. 15—Duluth Mail.....	12:15 p. m.	
No. 57, Staples Freight..	4:20 p. m.	5:10 p. m.

Get Permit at Ticket Office for 54, 57 and 58.
Trains 13, 14, 7 and 8, daily.

L. F. & D. BRANCH		
No. 12, Little Falls, Sauk Center & Morris.....		7:20 a. m.
No. 11, Morris, Sauk Center & Brainerd.....	4:00 p. m.	
Daily Except Sunday.		

Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.

The Brainerd Dispatch.

N. H. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, $1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1899 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Five (5) Cents per line for every insertion.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1899.

FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1899.

SEVEN cases of genuine small pox are reported at East Grand Forks.

BRAINERD is justly proud of the record made by Co. L at the Lake City encampment.

AT its meeting in Chicago the democratic national committee reaffirmed its allegiance to free silver.

DULUTH has just made a contract for 286 arc lights at $85 per year per light.

MONEY is now so plenty that many of the banking institutions of the state refuse to pay over 2 per cent on state deposits.

MAYOR KOOP honored Co. L by appointing Lieut. Nelson as chief of police as soon as the boys landed in the city yesterday.

IT is not the kissing bug that is disturbing Bryan's midnight slumbers, it's the gold bug that causes his nightmare.

THE Minnesota boys in the Philippines will leave for home on the transport Sheridan as soon as she can be unloaded and recoaled.

ON Wednesday afternoon a severe hail storm prevailed in portions of Todd and Wadena counties, and several thousand acres of grain were destroyed.

ACCORDING to an exchange a handful or two of flour from the flour barrel is the best extinguisher of gasoline. If your gasoline stove gets to acting up, bear this in mind, as a handful of flour is worth more than half a dozen pails of water and won't make anything like the muss to clean up.

STRANGE isn't it, that the men who go down into their jeans every little while and dig up from ten to five hundred dollars to help a public enterprise are the men who are not constantly kicking about taxes, says the Northfield News. The fellows who never give a cent are always making a great fuss.

THE latest combine is that of the clergymen of Ann Arbor, Michigan, who have entered into an ironclad agreement not to perform the marriage ceremony for any persons who have been divorced for any other than the Scriptural cause, this only to apply to residents, and non-residents who have been divorced for any cause are not to be married by them under any circumstances.

THE new machinery for the prison twine plant will arrive in September and the capacity of the plant will be doubled. This is the result of good business judgment on the part of the last republican legislature and a desire to make the farmers of the state entirely independent of the twine trust. The farmers will no doubt appreciate this and when the proper time comes show their appreciation.

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A boon to travelers. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Cures dysentery, diarrhoea, seasickness, nausea. Pleasant to take. Perfectly harmless.

An Appetizing Hot-Weather Dish.

To prepare blind hare, take a pound and a half of veal cutlet, or one three-pound chicken, and a pound and a half of round steak chopped fine; mix, and add half a teaspoonful of grated nutmeg, a level teaspoonful of cinnamon, one pint of stale breadcrumbs rubbed fine, a quarter of a teaspoonful of pepper and two level teaspoonfuls of salt. Mix all the ingredients thoroughly together and pour over all four well beaten eggs. Pack into a square breadpan or into a melon mould. When it has taken the shape of the pan or mould turn it carefully out on a piece of greased paper in the bottom of a baking pan, baste with melted butter, and bake in a moderate oven for three hours. Serve cold. Veal loaf is made after the some receipt, using all veal.—August Ladies Home Journal.

A wheelman's toolbag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas Eclectric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

To enable the citizens of Brainerd and vicinity an opportunity to enjoy an outing on Leech Lake, at limited expense, the Brainerd & Northern Minnesota railway will make a very low rate of fare to House Boat and camping parties of 20 or more, Brainerd to Walker and return. Parties desiring rates should apply to O. O. Winter, General Manager, Brainerd.

Northern Pacific Railroad Company

Notice of Sales of Lands in Minnesota.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to a decree entered by the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, on May 25th, 1899, in a certain cause in equity, pending in said Court, wherein the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company is complainant, and the Northern Pacific Railroad Company and others are defendants, and a certain decree ancillary thereto entered in a cause pending between said parties in the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota.

I, Alfred L. Cary, as Special Master, shall sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, at the times and places hereinafter stated;

All the lands granted by the Congress of the United States to aid in the construction and equipment of the railroads of said Northern Pacific Railroad Company, and all rights of said company under the several grants made to it by Congress in any such lands lying within the State of Minnesota.

Schedules of said lands within said State of Minnesota, will be found on and after June 16th, 1899, at the office of the clerk of the United States Circuit Court, at St. Paul, Minnesota, and at the passenger stations of the Northern Pacific Railway Company at St. Paul, Duluth, Brainerd and Moorhead, in Minnesota. And schedules of said lands within each of the counties in said State of Minnesota in which sales thereof are to be made as hereinafter stated, will be found in the offices of the clerks of the District Courts for said counties respectively, on and after June 16th, 1899; but all the lands and rights in respect of the lands of said railroad company within each of said counties, whether specified in said schedules or not, will be included in such sales.

Such sales will be made as follows:

(a) All of said lands for which Letters Patent have issued to said Railroad Company, and the right to receive lands for which Letters Patent have not issued, but which have been selected by and certified to said company, will be sold in single sections, or subdivisions thereof.

(b) All lands for which patents have not issued, and which have not been selected by and certified to said Railroad Company, but to which said Railroad Company is entitled under said grants of Congress, and all rights of said Railroad Company to receive from the United States any lands which have not been certified or patented to said Railroad Company, whether under the grant, expressed in the act of Congress of July 2, 1864, or under any subsequent grant by way of indemnity or otherwise to said company, together with all the right, title, interest and claim in or to any such lands, and all its rights to receive from the United States, patents therefor, and also, all right, title, interest and equity in and to any other lands to which said Railroad Company may be entitled and which may have accrued or shall hereafter accrue to it, under any of said land grants, and also all right, title, equity and interest in and to any lands covered by or included in any of said land grants and not hereinbefore specified will be sold in one parcel as to all such lands and rights in respect of lands within each of the counties in which a sale thereof shall be made as hereinafter stated.

PINE COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Pine, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Pine City, in said county, on the 17th day of July, 1899, at eleven o'clock a. m.

CARLTON COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Carlton, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Carlton, in said county, on the 17th day of July, 1899, at two o'clock p. m,

ST. LOUIS COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of St. Louis, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Duluth, in said county, on the 17th day of July, 1899, at four o'clock p. m.

LAKE COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Lake, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Two Harbors, in said county, on the 18th day of July, 1899, at nine o'clock a. m.

ITASCA COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Itasca, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Grand Rapids, in said county, on the 18th day of July, 1899, at four o'clock p. m.

BELTRAMI COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Beltrami, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Bemidji, in said county, on the 19th day of July, 1899, at nine o'clock a. m.

CASS COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Cass, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Walker, in said county, on the 19th day of July, 1899, at twelve o'clock noon.

HUBBARD COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Hubbard, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Park Rapids, in said county, on the 19th day of July, 1899, at three o'clock p. m.

WADENA COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Wadena, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Wadena, in said county, on the 20th day of July, 1899, at nine o'clock a. m.

TODD COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Todd, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Long Prairie, in said county, on the 20th day of July, 1899, at one o'clock p. m.

DOUGLAS COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Douglas, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Alexandria, in said county, on the 20th day of July, 1899, at five o'clock p. m.

GRANT COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Grant, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Elbow Lake, in said county, on the 21st day of July, 1899, at nine o'clock a. m.

OTTER TAIL COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Otter Tail, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Fergus Falls, in said county, on the 21st day of July, 1899, at three o'clock p. m.

WILKIN COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Wilkin, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Breckenridge, in said county, on the 24th day of July, 1899, at nine o'clock a. m.

CLAY COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Clay, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Moorhead, in said county, on the 25th day of July, 1899, at eleven o'clock a. m.

NORMAN COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Norman, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Ada, in said county, on the 25th day of July, 1899, at four o'clock p. m.

BECKER COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Becker, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Detroit, in said county, on the 4th day of August, 1899, at nine o'clock a. m.

CROW WING COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Crow Wing, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Brainerd, in said county, on the 4th day of August, 1899, at two o'clock p. m.

AITKIN COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Aitkin, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Aitkin, in said county, on the 4th day of August, 1899, at four o'clock p. m.

MORRISON COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Morrison, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Little Falls, in said county, on the 5th day of August, 1899, at nine o'clock a. m.

MILLE LACS COUNTY. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the County of Mille Lacs, in said State of Minnesota, will be made at the court house of said county, at Princeton, in said county, on the 5th day of August, 1899, at three o'clock p. m.

The Special Master will receive no bid from anyone offering to bid for said patented lands or for lands selected and certified but not patented, who shall not first, as a pledge that he will make good his bid in case of its acceptance, have made a deposit with the Special Master, of ten dollars for each section of such lands, for which such person desires to bid, in money or by certified check on any National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York, or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Upon the acceptance of any bid for any of said patented lands, or for any lands selected and certified, but not patented, the bidder, to whom the same shall have been struck off, shall deposit with the Special Master, a sum equal to ten per centum of the total amount of his bid for such lands, either in cash or in a certified check upon any National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York, or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota. The Special Master will receive no bid from anyone offering to bid for said unpatented lands and rights, who shall not first deposit with him, as a pledge that he shall make good his bid in case of acceptance, a sum equal to five per centum of the amount of his bid in money or in a certified check upon a National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Upon the acceptance of any bid for said unpatented lands and rights, the bidder to whom the same shall have been struck off, shall forthwith deposit with said Special Master, a sum equal to ten per centum of the amount of his bid in money or in a certified check on any National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Any cash which any successful bidder may have deposited as a pledge that he would make good his bid, will be received on account of the amount required to be paid by him on the acceptance of his bid.

The deposit received from any unsuccessful bidder will be returned to him when the property shall be struck down.

In case any bidder shall fail to make the deposit by said decree required upon acceptance of his bid, the Special Master will then and there again offer the lands or rights struck off to him for sale without further notice or advertisement.

In case any bidder or purchaser shall fail to make good his bid upon its acceptance by the Special Master or after such acceptance shall fail to comply with the order of the Court relating to the payment thereof or the consummation of the purchase, then the deposit made by such purchaser or purchasers will be forfeited as a penalty for such failure, and will be applied towards the expenses of a re-sale, and towards making good any deficiency or loss in case the property shall be sold at a price less than that bid at the prior sale. If the Court shall not confirm the sale for which the deposit shall have been made, such deposit will be returned to the bidder.

Upon confirmation of any sale by the Court, the purchaser shall make such further payment or payments in cash on account of his bid, as the Court may from time to time direct. Any such purchaser may satisfy and make good any part of his bid, not required to be made in cash, by executing and delivering to the Special Master, an assignment of any claim against said Northern Pacific Railroad Company, which shall have been, at the time of such assignment, finally allowed by the Court in this suit, and of which such purchaser shall then be the owner, and such purchaser shall be credited therefor on account of his bid, with such sums as would be payable on such claims out of the purchase price of all the lands, if the whole amount thereof had been paid in cash. If the credit to which the owner of any claim so assigned, would be entitled by reason thereof, shall exceed the amount due from him upon such bid in excess of the amount required to be paid in cash, then such assignment to the Special Master may be of such amount out of the total of the said claim as may be necessary to make up the amount so due on such bid or bids and the right of such purchaser in respect of the balance due on such claim will not be affected thereby. The Court reserves the right to re-sell any such lands or rights upon such notice as the Court shall direct, in case the purchaser thereof shall fail or omit to make any payment on account of any unpaid balance of the purchase price within thirty days after the entry of an order requiring such payment.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to the above mentioned decrees of said Court.

Dated June 6th, 1899.

ALFRED L. CARY,
As Special Master.

Order to Hear Petition for License to Sell Land of Minor.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, July 17th, 1899.

In the Matter of the Guardianship of George Merwarth, Jr., Alice L. Merwarth, Charles H. Merwarth, Russel Merwarth and Clinton Merwarth, minors.

On Reading and Filing the Petition of Louise Merwarth guardian of said minors, representing, among other things, that the said wards, seised of certain real estate in Farrar and Forsyth's First Addition to the City of Brainerd, Minnesota, and that for the benefit of said wards the same should be sold, and praying for license to sell the same. And it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, from said petition, that for the benefit of said wards said real estate should be sold:

It is Ordered, That all persons interested in said estate appear before this Court on Monday, the 14th day of August, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Court House in the City of Brainerd, in said County, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted for the sale of said real estate, according to the prayer of said petition.

And it is Further Ordered, That this order shall be published once in each week, for three successive weeks, prior to said day of hearing, in the "Brainerd Dispatch", a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said County.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 17th day of July A. D. 1899.

{ SEAL. }

By the Court,
MILTON McFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

W. S. McClenahan, Attorney for Guardian. 32-3

Contest Notice.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., June 20, 1899.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by John Waldo, contestant, against Homestead Entry No. 15765, made June 9th, 1892, for N½ NW¼, SW¼ NW¼, and Lot 3, Section 32, Township 135, Range 29, Henry B. Higgins, contestee, in which it is alleged that said Henry B. Higgins has not resided upon, or in any way improved said tract as required by law, and has wholly abandoned said tract for more than six months prior to June 9th, 1897. That said tract has been subject to contest long prior to the Spanish-American war. Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on July 29th, 1899, before Clerk of District Court at Brainerd, Minn., and that final hearing will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. on Aug. 5th, 1899, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in St. Cloud, Minn.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed June 1st, 1899, set forth facts which show that after due diligence, personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Summons.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Crow Wing. }

District Court. 15th Judicial District.

ANNA C. STIPE, Plaintiff,
against
THEADORE H. STIPE, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the Fifteenth Judicial District, in and for the County of Crow Wing and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer thereto upon the subscriber, at his office, No. 8, F. N. Bank Block, in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, in said State, within thirty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint, besides her costs and disbursements.

W. A. FLEMING,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office Room 8 F. N. Bank Block.
Residence Fifth Street, Brainerd, Minn.

Guns and Ammunition. **C. B. WHITE,** Fishing Tackle.

Contractor and Builder.

HARDWARE

A new line of

Heating Stoves and Ranges

Just in. Call and see them.

Paints and Oils. **I. U. WHITE, MANAGER.** Fence Wire.

For Anything in the

Grocery Line

Call on

P. M. LAGERQUIST,

We Carry the finest Stock in the Northwest, and our Goods are always Fresh and up-to-date.

Staple and Fancy Groceries

* FLOUR AND FEED. *

Lagerquist Block, South Sixth Street.

General Repair Shop

T. A. MARTIN, Proprietor.

Constructing and Repairing Bicycles a Specialty.

Bicycle Material, Supplies and Extras of Every Description For Sale.

We do enameling and guarantee our work to be first-class. We also do General Repairing of all descriptions and have the facilities to turn work out in short order, and to your entire satisfaction.

6th St. North, Next Door to Old Roller Rink.

S. & D. W. KOOP,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Flour and Feed.

Brick Manufacturer.

Railroad Ties Bought For Cash.

Goods Promptly Delivered to all Parts of the City.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

To ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH AND POINTS EAST & SOUTH

To BUTTE HELENA SPOKANE SEATTLE TACOMA PORTLAND CALIFORNIA JAPAN CHINA ALASKA KLONDIKE

W. D. McKAY, Agt Brainerd, Minn. | Chas. S. Fee, G. P. A. ST. PAUL, MINN.

Vestibuled Trains—Din'ng Cars.
TIME CARD—BRAINERD.

EAST BOUND:	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 6, St Paul Express	12:05 p.m.	12:25 p. m.
No. 16, Duluth Express	2:55 a. m.	3:05 a. m.
No. 18, Duluth Express.		1:00 p. m.
No. 54, Duluth Freight..	9:15 a. m.	10:00 a. m.
No. 58, Duluth Freight..	8:55 p. m.	9:35 p. m.
WEST BOUND.		
No. 5, Fargo Express....	12:50 p. m.	1:10 p. m.
No. 17, Pacific Express...	11:55 p. m.	12:05 a. m.
No. 15—Duluth Mail....	12:15 p. m.	
No. 57, Staples Freight..	4:20 p. m.	5:10 p. m.

Get Permit at Ticket Office for 54, 57 and 58.
Trains 13, 14, 7 and 8, daily.

L. F. & D. BRANCH		
No. 6, Little Falls, Sauk Center & Morris.....	4:00 p. m.	7:20 a. m.
No. 11, Morris, Sauk Center & Brainerd.		
Daily Except Sunday.		

Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.

Professional Cards.

DR. S. C. REIMSTAD,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.
Office in Hartley Block, Front St.
BRAINERD, MINN.

DRS. CAMP & THABES,
Physicians and Surgeons.
Office in First National Bank Block.
Office Hours:-10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 and 7 to m
Night Calls received at Office.
Telephone Call, 7--2.
BRAINERD, - MINNESOTA

DR. A. F. GROVES,
Physician & Surgeon.
Office over McFadden Drug Co.'s Store.
Residence, Cor. 6th and Kingwood Sts.
Office Hours: 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Telephone Call: Office—8-3, Residence—14-3.
BRAINERD, - MINNESOTA.

DR. G. S. McPHERSON,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office in First Nat. Bank Blk.
OFFICE HOURS—From 9 to 10 A. M. and from 2 to 4 and 7 to 8:30 P. M.

J. L. FREDERICK, D. M. D.
DENTIST.
Rooms 9 and 10 First National Bank Blk,
BRAINERD, - MINNESOTA.

W. S. McCLENAHAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Room 1, Bank Block
BRAINERD. - - - - - MINN.

W. H. MANTOR,
Attorney at Law,
First National Bank Building,
BRAINERD, MINN.
(Does not practice in Municipal Court)

CLIFTON A. ALLBRIGHT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Room 16, First National Bank Block,
BRAINERD, - - - MINNESOTA.

T. C. BLEWITT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Room 17,
First Nat. Bank Block.
BRAINERD, - - MINNESOTA.

J. H. WARNER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Hartley Block.
Brainerd. - Minn.

W. H. CROWELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Land Office Practice and Collections a specialty.
Hartley Block, Sixth St., BRAINERD, MINN.

R. K. WHITELEY
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office, Room 2 Sleeper Block,
BRAINERD..... MINN

Burlington Route.

FINEST TRAINS ON EARTH FROM
St. Paul
AND
Minneapolis
TO
ST. LOUIS
And All
Southern Cities.

Electric Lighted and Steam Heated.

NORTHERN
PACIFIC BANK!
Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.
H. D. TREGLAWNY, Cashier.

County, School and City Orders Bought.

☞ Money to Loan on Chattel Security. Lumbermen's Time Checks Cashed.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Of Brainerd, Minn.

A. F. FERRIS, President
G. D. LABAR, Cashier.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $200,000
Paid up Capital, - - $50,000
Surplus, - - - - $30,000

☞ Business accounts invited

Brainerd & Northern MINNESOTA RY.
TIME CARD.

Trains Arrive at and Depart from the Northern Pacific Depot.

GOING NORTH. P. M.		GOING SOUTH. A. M.
2:10	lv-Brainerd-ar	11:50
2:45	lv-Hubert-ar	11:10
3:32	lv-Pine River-ar	10:21
3:53	lv-Backus-ar	9:5[illegible]
4:26	lv-Crothrop-ar	9:20
5:10	ar-Walker-lv	8:55
6:21	lv-Nary-ar	7:35
7:00	ar-Bemidji-lv	7:00

O. O WINTERS, Supt.



"Money Makes the Mare Go,"

or the horse either, when any portion of it is put into our light and handsome harness. A horse well dressed for the road with one of ERB'S handsome, strong and well made harness can travel over any kind of a road with no danger of a "give away" in any part. Call and see our large line of high grade light and heavy harness before purchasing elsewhere.

W. H. ERB.



Gilt Edge Tools
and Implements.

give supreme satisfaction—they are TOOLS YOU RESPECT—not made for looks, but for *service!* Ask your local dealer for them

Auger Bits	Cutlery
Chisels	Screw Drivers
Grass Hooks	Shovels & Spades
Hatchets	Wheelbarrows
Lawn Mowers	Scythes
Picks	Wrenches
Mattocks	Scoops
Oilers	and many other
Saws (all kinds)	articles

Do not use poor tools when these superior articles can be bought of up-to-date dealers for little money

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FARMERS' WIVES
or any other ladies who wish to work
Can Earn Lots of Money
working for us in spare time at home on our clothes. We offer you a good chance to make plenty of spending money easily, in leisure hours. Send 12c. for cloth and full directions for work, and commence at once. Cloth sent anywhere. Address
Wineosket Co. [3 8-y] **Boston, Mass.**
Mfg. Dept.

GRAVE LAKE ITEMS.

Abel Spohn returned from Lincoln on Saturday last.

Gus. Lusso was re-elected clerk of the Grave Lake school.

Elsworth Martin is working with his team over at Klondike.

F. W. Billings left for the Dakota wheat fields on Monday last.

Millie Heath returned from an extended visit below last week.

M. W. Wickham was re-elected director of the Eagle Lake school.

Everybody here is haying or blueberrying, and there is a good crop of both.

Mrs. Randal, of Lincoln, Morrison county, is visiting her father, John Howard.

Fred Martin was an active bidder at the Scandinavian picnic on Saturday last.

There will be a dance at the Grave Lake mill on August 5th, a birthday occasion.

J. W. Billings has disposed of his interests here, and will soon leave for the west.

C. O'Brien, of St. Paul, who has been stopping at the Rice-Barber cottage, left for home last week.

Two of Warren Hasting's daughters are visiting the old gentleman at his home in the north part of the town.

The Lee Barber party that have been stopping at the cottage on Heron lake started for their home in St. Paul on Monday morning after a sojourn of four weeks.

The residents of school district No. 47 in the northwest part of town gave a picnic dinner on Saturday last for the purpose of raising funds to build and equip a school house. They had for sale to the highest bidder productions of the Ladies Sewing Circle, children's clothing, etc., which was readily disposed of and quite a sum was realized. X.

ESDON ETCHINGS.

The Goola boys have bought a new binder.

Miss Susie Shew is visiting her grandfather, Mr. J. Shew.

Sam Hammett is on the sick list, having an attack of quinsy.

Mrs. Conrad Isle and children returned to Brainerd last Saturday.

Mr. R. Wellwood is talking of selling his farm and going to Michigan to live.

Mrs. Emma Shew has returned home from her sister's feeling nearly well again.

There was a birthday party at Grandma Thompson's on Saturday, in commemoration of her seventy-fourth birthday.

DAME RUMOR.

L. A. W. Excursion to Boston.

The Nickel Plate Road will sell excursion tickets from Chicago to Boston and return for trains of August 11th and 12th, at rate of $19 for the round trip. Tickets will be valid returning for arrival at initial starting point not later than August 31st, by depositing same with Agent Fitchburg R. R., in Boston. Sleeping car accommodations should be secured early. Address General Agent, 111 Adams street, Chicago.

Warning to Farmers.

As I am reliably informed that some foul-mouthed cheap hirelings of competing machine firms are going around the farming country and endeavoring to sell machines by telling falsehoods in regard to the Deering Ideal Harvesters and Binders which I represent, I call attention to the same and warn the unsuspecting farmers of such men, who would do better as scavangers than to try and ply the machine trade with the help of lies. The Deering Ideal Mowers, Harvesters and Binders are as much superior to those competing machines as electric lights are to the old fashioned candle dip. Farmers, if you want a machine you can depend on buy the "Deering," reliable and good, at HESSEL'S, corner of Fourth and Front streets.

Wheelmen's Excursion

to Boston and return via Nickel Plate Road, at $19 for the round trip. Dates of sale August 11th and 12th. Good returning for arrival at initial starting point not later than August 31st, by depositing tickets in Boston with Agent Fitchburg R. R. Two through trains daily with vestibuld sleeping cars to Boston. Chicago depot, Van Buren Street and Pacific Avenue, on the Loop.

Women love a clear healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock Blood Bitters make pure blood.

JUDGE FOR YOURSELF.

Which is Better, Try an Experiment or Profit by a Brainerd Citizen's Experience.

Something new is an experiment.
Must be proven to be as represented.
Be successful at home or you doubt it.
The statement of a manufacturer is not convincing proof of merit.
But the endorsement of a friend is.
Now, supposing you had a bad back,
A lame, weak, or aching one.
Would you experiment on it?
You will read of many so-called cures.
But they come from far away places.
It's different when the endorsement comes from home.
Easy to prove that it is so.
Home endorsement is the proof that backs every box of Doan's Kidney Pills.
Read this case.

Mr. W. S. Benjamin, practica band, gang or rotary saw filer, of 71 Third avenue, East Brainerd, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills did me so much good that I have prevailed on many others who complained of kidney ailments, to use them, and I know of many cases where benefit has resulted. My own trouble was, I believe, the remote result of a fall I incurred several years ago, at any rate, ever since then I have had more or less pain and the renal secretions seemed to be acid in nature, thereby causing considerable distress. Early last spring I got a supply of Doan's Kidney Pills and can state that they had the effect of completely altering the condition of my kidneys referred to above. I shall certainly continue to advise others to use this remedy if annoyed any way from their kidneys.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute. For sale by the McFadden Drug Co., and Johnson's Pharmacy.

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BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.
Mills & Yards at Rice Lake, E. Brainerd

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SHORT LUMBER OF ALL GRADES, and LOW GRADE OF DIMENSION AND BOARDS at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

BICYCLES!
CLEVELAND BICYCLES
The World's Standard of Excellence.
$40.00, $50.00 and $75.00.

Equipped with their Famous Light Running Durable Bearings, Guaranteed Dust Proof, and Burwell New Detachable Tire and Re-enforced Rim.

WESTFIELDS AT $30.00,

Built at the Cleveland Factories. Equipped with the New Burwell Detachable Tire. Sold with the Cleveland Guarantee. Call and Investigate.

J. R. SMITH, Sleeper Block.

RHODES & PAINE,



Wagon and Carriage Makers
Corner of 8th and Laurel Streets.
First-Class Blacksmith and Paint Shop in Connection.

Full line of carriage and wagon material always on hand and for sale, including wheels of all grades.

Give us a Call and we will Guarantee Satisfaction as to Price and Work.

SEE THE
BRAINERD LUMBER CO.
FOR
Low Prices on Lumber.

COME TO US



FOR YOUR MEATS

We have meats of all kinds, and keep only the best and freshest on the market. Our prices are reasonable. Come in and see us.

PEABODY & BAKER,
Sixth Street South.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth. 25 and 50 cents.
For Sale By McFADDEN DRUG CO

Hotel Vendome
First Class. Central Location.
EUROPEAN PLAN
21 Fourth St. S., Minneapolis
Rates—50c, 75c, $1.00 per Day.
Sitting Room, Bed Room and Bath $1.25 per Day.
CAFE AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES

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Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.



Rotary Motion and Ball Bearings.



For Sale by the
DAVIS MUSIC HOUSE, BRAINERD.

BINDER TWINE
Our famous [illegible] is the best in the world. Price will surprise you. We deliver from Chicago, Omaha or St. Paul as desired. Write for prices and samples.
MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., CHICAGO

MISS HULL removes superfluous hair, moles, etc., by electricity; only positive and permanent remedy; references given; 5 years experience; Mannheimer block, St. Paul.

Professional Cards.

DR. S. C. REIMSTAD,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.
Office in Hartley Block, Front St.
BRAINERD, - MINN.

DRS. CAMP & THABES,
Physicians and Surgeons.
Office in First National Bank Block.
Office Hours:-10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 and 7 to m
Night Calls received at Office.
Telephone Call, 7-2.
BRAINERD, - MINNESOTA

DR. A. F. GROVES,
Physician & Surgeon.
Office over McFadden Drug Co.'s Store.
Residence, Cor. 6th and Kingwood Sts.
Office Hours: 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Telephone Call: Office—8-3, Residence—14-3.
BRAINERD, - MINNESOTA.

DR. G. S. McPHERSON,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office in First Nat. Bank Blk.
OFFICE HOURS—From 9 to 10 A. M. and from 2 to 4 and 7 to 8:30 P. M.

J. L. FREDERICK, D. M. D.
DENTIST.
Rooms 9 and 10 First National Bank Blk,
BRAINERD, - MINNESOTA.

W. S. McCLENAHAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Room 1, Bank Block
BRAINERD. - - - - - MINN.

W. H. MANTOR,
Attorney at Law,
First National Bank Building,
BRAINERD, MINN.
(Does not practice in Municipal Court)

CLIFTON A. ALLBRIGHT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Room 16, First National Bank Block,
BRAINERD, - - - MINNESOTA.

T. C. BLEWITT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Room 17,
First Nat. Bank Block.
BRAINERD, - - MINNESOTA.

J. H. WARNER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Hartley Block.
Brainerd. - Minn.

W. H. CROWELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Land Office Practice and Collections a specialty.
Hartley Block, Sixth St., BRAINERD, MINN.

R. K. WHITELEY
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office, Room 2 Sleeper Block,
BRAINERD..... MINN

Burlington Route.

FINEST TRAINS ON EARTH FROM
St. Paul
AND
Minneapolis
TO
ST. LOUIS
And All
Southern Cities.

Electric Lighted and Steam Heated.

NORTHERN
PACIFIC BANK!
Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.
H. D. TREGLAWNY, Cashier.

County, School and City Orders Bought.

☞ Money to Loan on Chattel Security. Lumbermen's Time Checks Cashed.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Of Brainerd, Minn.

A. F. FERRIS, President
G. D. LABAR, Cashier.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $200,000
Paid up Capital, - - $50,000
Surplus, - - - - $30,000

☞ Business accounts invited

Brainerd & Northern MINNESOTA RY.
TIME CARD.

Trains Arrive at and Depart from the Northern Pacific Depot.

GOING NORTH. P. M.		GOING SOUTH. A. M.
2:10	lv-Brainerd-ar	11:50
2:15	lv-Hubert-ar	11:10
3:32	lv-Pine River-ar	10:21
3:53	lv-Backus-ar	9:59
4:26	lv-Pothrop-ar	9:20
5:10	ar-Walker-lv	8:55
6:21	lv-Nary-ar	7:35
7:00	ar-Bemidji-lv	7:00

O. O WINTERS, Supt.



"Money Makes the Mare Go,"

or the horse either, when any portion of it is put into our light and handsome harness. A horse well dressed for the road with one of **ERB'S** handsome, strong and well made harness can travel over any kind of a road with no danger of a "give away" in any part. Call and see our large line of high grade light and heavy harness before purchasing elsewhere.

W. H. ERB.

Gilt Edge Tools
and Implements.

give supreme satisfaction—they are TOOLS YOU RESPECT—not made for looks, but for *service!* Ask your local dealer for them

Auger Bits	Cutlery
Chisels	Screw Drivers
Grass Hooks	Shovels & Spades
Hatchets	Wheelbarrows
Lawn Mowers	Scythes
Picks	Wrenches
Mattocks	Scoops
Oilers	and many other
Saws (all kinds)	articles

Do not use poor tools when these superior articles can be bought of up-to-date dealers for little money



FARMERS' WIVES
or any other ladies who wish to work
Can Earn Lots of Money
working for us in spare time at home on our clothes. We offer you a good chance to make plenty of spending money easily, in leisure hours. Send 12c. for cloth and full directions for work, and commence at once. Cloth sent anywhere. Address
Wineeskot Co. [3 8-y] **Boston, Mass.**
Mfg. Dept.

GRAVE LAKE ITEMS.

Abel Spohn returned from Lincoln on Saturday last.

Gus. Lusso was re-elected clerk of the Grave Lake school.

Elsworth Martin is working with his team over at Klondike.

F. W. Billings left for the Dakota wheat fields on Monday last.

Millie Heath returned from an extended visit below last week.

M. W. Wickham was re-elected director of the Eagle Lake school.

Everybody here is haying or blueberrying, and there is a good crop of both.

Mrs. Randal, of Lincoln, Morrison county, is visiting her father, John Howard.

Fred Martin was an active bidder at the Scandinavian picnic on Saturday last.

There will be a dance at the Grave Lake mill on August 5th, a birthday occasion.

J. W. Billings has disposed of his interests here, and will soon leave for the west.

C. O'Brien, of St. Paul, who has been stopping at the Rice-Barber cottage, left for home last week.

Two of Warren Hasting's daughters are visiting the old gentleman at his home in the north part of the town.

The Lee Barber party that have been stopping at the cottage on Herron lake started for their home in St. Paul on Monday morning after a sojourn of four weeks.

The residents of school district No. 47 in the northwest part of town gave a picnic dinner on Saturday last for the purpose of raising funds to build and equip a school house. They had for sale to the highest bidder productions of the Ladies Sewing Circle, children's clothing, etc., which was readily disposed of and quite a sum was realized. X.

ESDON ETCHINGS.

The Goola boys have bought a new binder.

Miss Susie Shew is visiting her grandfather, Mr. J. Shew.

Sam Hammett is on the sick list, having an attack of quinsy.

Mrs. Conrad Isle and children returned to Brainerd last Saturday.

Mr. R. Wellwood is talking of selling his farm and going to Michigan to live.

Mrs. Emma Shew has returned home from her sister's feeling nearly well again.

There was a birthday party at Grandma Thompson's on Saturday, in commemoration of her seventy-fourth birthday.

DAME RUMOR.

L. A. W. Excursion to Boston.

The Nickel Plate Road will sell excursion tickets from Chicago to Boston and return for trains of August 11th and 12th, at rate of $19 for the round trip. Tickets will be valid returning for arrival at initial starting point not later than August 31st, by depositing same with Agent Fitchburg R. R., in Boston. Sleeping car accommodations should be secured early. Address General Agent, 111 Adams street, Chicago.

Warning to Farmers.

As I am reliably informed that some foul-mouthed cheap hirelings of competing machine firms are going around the farming country and endeavoring to sell machines by telling falsehoods in regard to the Deering Ideal Harvesters and Binders which I represent, I call attention to the same and warn the unsuspecting farmers of such men, who would do better as scavangers than to try and ply the machine trade with the help of lies. The Deering Ideal Mowers, Harvesters and Binders are as much superior to those competing machines as electric lights are to the old fashioned candle dip. Farmers, if you want a machine you can depend on buy the "Deering," reliable and good, at HESSEL'S, corner of Fourth and Front streets.

Wheelmen's Excursion

to Boston and return via Nickel Plate Road, at $19 for the round trip. Dates of sale August 11th and 12th. Good returning for arrival at initial starting point not later than August 31st, by depositing tickets in Boston with Agent Fitchburg R. R. Two through trains daily with vestibuld sleeping cars to Boston. Chicago depot, Van Buren Street and Pacific Avenue, on the Loop.

Women love a clear healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock Blood Bitters make pure blood.

JUDGE FOR YOURSELF.

Which is Better, Try an Experiment or Profit by a Brainerd Citizen's Experience.

Something new is an experiment.
Must be proven to be as represented.
Be successful at home or you doubt it.
The statement of a manufacturer is not convincing proof of merit.
But the endorsement of a friend is.
Now, supposing you had a bad back,
A lame, weak, or aching one.
Would you experiment on it?
You will read of many so-called cures.
But they come from far away places.
It's different when the endorsement comes from home.
Easy to prove that it is so.
Home endorsement is the proof that backs every box of Doan's Kidney Pills.
Read this case.

Mr. W. S. Benjamin, practica band, gang or rotary saw filer, of 71 Third avenue, East Brainerd, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills did me so much good that I have prevailed on many others who complained of kidney ailments, to use them, and I know of many cases where benefit has resulted. My own trouble was, I believe, the remote result of a fall I incurred several years ago, at any rate, ever since then I have had more or less pain and the renal secretions seemed to be acid in nature, thereby causing considerable distress. Early last spring I got a supply of Doan's Kidney Pills and can state that they had the effect of completely altering the condition of my kidneys referred to above. I shall certainly continue to advise others to use this remedy if annoyed any way from their kidneys.

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MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., CHICAGO

MISS HULL removes superfluous hair, moles, etc., by electricity; only positive and permanent remedy; references given; 5 years experience; Manahelmer block, St. Paul.

Frozen Heart,

A THRILLING LOVE STORY.

BY FRANCES WARNER WALKER.

CHAPTER XXX.

With loving, tender care, Lord Montfort led his young wife back to her room, and persuaded her to throw herself upon her lounge, carefully drawing down the shades, that the sunlight might be excluded.

She shut her eyes, wearily, and he left her, to return to the work which her summons had interrupted.

But, as soon as the door had closed behind him, she started up and threw back her hair with a passionate gesture from the low, white brow.

The terrible hideousness of Louis Gervase's face shaped itself, a living picture, before her mental vision; let her gaze rest where it would. If she were now so mad as to acknowledge the truth, it would be to give him, indeed, his crowning triumph—to drag infamy and shame upon herself; to give up home, protection and the love which might yet be hers. And to whom did she do wrong? To none living, for she made both Lord Montfort and his mother happier. Only, then, to the dead, and Dorothy would—

She paused, shuddering. She could not yet plead to Dorothy for pardon. But from Gervase she would have no more to fear. Let him threaten as he would; his threats were idle. To-morrow would see her Lady Montfort; even though the duel were fought to-night. Arkwright, she knew, would fire in the air. And Lord Montfort? She would not permit that question to intrude itself.

And yet, was it not this very query which threatened madness? Yet to speak—had not Gervase shown her all the consequences which would accrue from speech? If Arkwright died, why should she feel that his death lay at her door? No—let fate,, which had been so cruel and so merciless, accept the responsibility of the act, as well as the act itself. Death to him were less than the worse than death her confession would entail upon herself.

At last, she had conquered fate, and she would accept her victory. She threw herself back upon her pillows, with a long sigh of ineffable content. The contest was finished, and she was victor.

"My dear," spoke the Lady Montfort's voice, at the door, as she softly opened it, "may I come in? Are you asleep. I fancied I heard you sigh."

"I am not asleep. Come in, mother."

For the second time she spoke the name, whose very utterance was sacrilege; but as she did so, she grew pale to the lips. The name was, in itself, a seal upon the living lie, and vaunted its unholy triumph as though she might take courage for her future infamy. But on the older woman's heart it fell like pitying music, each note of which wiped away an old stain, and took the soreness from an old sting.

She came swiftly toward Florence, and, bending, kissed her brow.

"You are resting, dear?" she said, tenderly.

"Where is Herbert?"

"In the library."

"Tell me, mother—am I like what he used to tell you of me, and have you really learned to love me?"

"I came in just now, my daughter, to give you a little proof of my love."

Then, for the first time, Florence observed that she carried in her hand a morocco box. She touched a spring and it flew open. At the same moment, one ray of sunlight streamed through the darkened windows and fell athwart the white, priceless gems lying upon their velvet bed.

"They are the Montfort diamonds, my child, and I wish you to wear them as Herbert's bride. They are yours, my dear, and no Lady Montfort ever has or ever will mere regally grace them. Nor do I give them only to my son's wife, but to my daughter."

"Ah, madame, you are too good, too generous!"

"Madame. Dorothy? I hoped another title might have grown familiar to you. Put them on, my child. I want to see them gleam on your throat and in your ears. Nay, I will fasten them myself!"

Involuntarily, Florence shrank, then smiled at her own wickedness.

"Ah, my child!" said Lady Montfort, when the stones rested on the fairer velvet of the dazzling skin than that which had so long served them as a resting place—"ah, my child, if God had sent me a daughter, I could have wished none fairer, none of higher pride, and of more womanly sweetness than yourself; and yet, once—once I shut you out from my heart. Will all future years atone for the misery I brought you—the years I lost?"

And, choking with the bitter memories thus recalled, Lady Margaret pressed an almost passionate kiss on Florence's lips and hurried from the room.

Involuntarily, Florence started to her feet. With both hands she, tossed back the golden hair from her hot forehead. As she did so, the gleam of the diamonds on her arm flashed in her view. They crowned the summit she had attained. They marked the victory; but in her ear rang that mother's blessing, like a curse: "If God had sent me a daughter, I could have wished none fairer, none of higher pride, and of more womanly sweetness than yourself."

She had said this to her—to her—Florence Vane! And the diamonds sealed her words. No one could now assail her position.

Let Louis Gervase do his worst, in this house, no proof would be received, no witnesses gain admittance. She was safe—safe for all her future years! Yet, before the sun set, a life's blood might be made the sacrifice on the altar of her triumph

Why did she keep dwelling on that: "If God had sent me a daughter like you?" A daughter that made men murderers, and lives a lie!"

"Mother, mother!" burst in a low wail from her lips; and she sank down senseless where she stood.

How long her unconsciousness lasted she did not know, but when she recovered, she rose, and staggered feebly to the window and threw open the blinds.

One of the gardeners was passing with a wheelbarrow filled with flowers. He was carrying them to the chapel, which was being decorated for to-morrow's ceremony.

Flowers at her wedding—white flowers! Why were they not all red—red as blood? Blood! Why as blood? What had put blood in her mind? Whose blood—whose but the man she had taught to hate her? Whose but the man who had taught her again to love? To love? Who spoke? Who dared say that her heart could love again? What had she henceforth to do with love—she whom to-morrow the world would hail as Lady Montfort—to-morrow? And to-morrow he who had kept silent for her might lie in eternal silence!

What would the world be to her with Harry Arkright cold and dead? Was it a vision which swept before her all these years, when she had turned toward him, and knew not why she turned?

"Slowly she fell down on her knees. The frozen heart had broken its bands of ice, and tears streamed from the azure eyes. The chapel clock sounded on the quiet air. Mechanically, she listened. It struck seven times. It struck seven o'clock, the hour appointed for the meeting.

Herbert had gone to it without disturbing her. Even now he and the man who had been his friend—his brother—might be standing ten paces apart, one meaning mercy and one revenge. And the moments were flying, and she still knelt here!

Five minutes later, and, with hair unbound, and hands tightly locked over her bursting heart, she was hastening, fast as her flying feet could speed her, down the densely-shrubberied pathway, which led from the castle to the lake.

CHAPTER XXXI.

Again the Hon. Jasper Strong was secluded in his inner office, the busy world shut out; but he wore an air of anxious perplexity, and a frown, portending heavy trouble, furrowed his brow.

So long had he protected the interests of the Montforts that they seemed to him his own. But a few hours back, and a special messenger had brought him, from Lady Montfort, a letter, filled with her heartfelt gratitude for her boy's return, accomplished through him, and detailing her plans for the ceremony, which she wished to be performed the next day in the chapel attached to the castle.

He had smiled at the desire as a woman's whim, but a whim sacred, inasmuch as it was the wish of one he honored, respected and loved.

Still he had held the letter in his hands when M. Gervase had been ushered into his presence. The conference between the two men had been long and earnest.

One had come forth from it with a smile of demoniac malice and triumph, in full possession of facts as certainties which hitherto had been suspicions, and with, as he supposed, invincible weapons in his hand against the woman whom he lived but to pursue with his vengeance and his hate.

The other had listened as in a dream, had answered when interrogated, and now, once more alone, stood, aged and bowed with grief and humiliation; grief for Lady Montfort—grief for the man whose boyhood had been dear to him—humiliation that he should not earlier have made the discovery which was to bow down the old head and the young in a sorrow to which all they yet had suffered was nothing.

The memory of the day, now long ago, when she who called herself Lady Montfort had awaited him in the very room, on the very spot where he now stood, returned to him.

Again he saw the radiant, mocking vision. He remembered the strange mingling of coldness and disdain which then had marked her manner—coldness which had grown into afterwarmth during her life at the castle—disdain which had softened into gratitude.

Yet, that she might have deceived him—deceived Lady Montfort—was all possible. But how could she have deceived her husband? Was it not indeed, a hideous nightmare which he had unfolded to him for his credulity?

Now that Gervase had left him, he reproached himself for having listened to him; and yet the man's air had carried with it conviction. He had said:

"I am going myself to Montfort Castle. I alone must confront this woman. By 5 o'clock this afternoon I can return. Await me here."

Should he wait, or should he take an earlier train and go himself to Montfort?

He determined to do the latter, since his impatience had become insupportable.

Scarcely had this resolution formed itself, than, spite of his secret orders to be left undisturbed, a knock sounded at his outer door, which was opened by one of his clerks.

"Pardon my disturbing you, Mr. Strong," he said, "but Lady Montfort is outside."

Lady Montfort! There was but one Lady Montfort now. Could Herbert's mother already have suspected, and, in the exigiency of her trouble, come to him, rather than sit with folded hands to wait until he might come to her?

"Bid her enter at once," he ordered, and stood, white and trembling, to receive her—stood like a criminal about to receive his condemnation from the judge.

But rather was he a judge about to confront the criminal, for, as the door again opened, it was not Lady Montfort's gray hairs upon which his eyes rested, but the ruddy gold of the tresses of her who had usurped the name.

Why had this woman come to him? To plead for mercy or to demand justice? How vividly she recalled to him the first day of their meeting, except that his quick glance saw that she was crushed, when then she had been merely defiant—stricken with sorrow, when then she had been rebellious of grief—humbled when she had been proud. Yet, unless she had met Gervase, she could not have returned here from the castle; and in the first hour of Herbert's return, unless the truth were known, it was strange that he should spare her from his side. But perhaps her own conscience had rendered insupportable her burden.

He noticed that her dress was as simple as on that first day, and that the hand which rested on a chair, trembled convulsively. Yet there was something in her mien that commanded that all outward deference be hers.

"Your visit surprises me, madame," he said, courteously but coldly. "Will you be seated?"

She sank, then, into a chair; but, to his intense amazement, instead of replying by words, she leaned her head forward on the table, and a very storm of tears shook her frame. It was impossible to witness her emotion and not recognize its genuineness. The woman had ceased to act, whatever was the role she hitherto had played.

Spite of the storm of outraged indignation which had lately swept over him because of her, he felt himself moved to pity, and, not unkindly, laid his hand upon her convulsed shoulder.

"You have come here to make your confession," he said, gently. "I'll spare you the humiliation. I already know."

At his words her sobs ceased. She dashed back the hot tears with an impatient hand, and sprang to her feet.

"You know me?" she said. "You know all that I have come to tell you? How? Tell me how?"

"Louis Gervase has just left me."

"Louis Gervase!" she shuddered. That wicked man! But what could he know of me? What could he say to you?"

"He told me that the name by which just now my clerk announced you was stolen, and one to which you had no right; that your life for the past six weeks has been a living lie; that you have no title to be called the 'Lady Montfort.'"

"Lady Montfort!" she gasped, her face blanching, "I have neither wish nor right to be so called; but oh, for God's sake, tell me of my husband! Bertie lives? He is safe? Reproach me as you will, though whereof I cannot know, only let me see him once. If it is for his happiness, I will go away, never letting him dream of that one glimpse I have stolen from heaven. Believing me dead, if he has sought happiness in other ways—if—if some other woman has usurped my place in his heart—let him think me dead still! Only speak to me, and tell me that he lives—that no misfortune has come to him—that he is happy!"

With all the eloquence of passion she poured out the earnest torrent of her words.

The old man grew whiter and whiter as he listened. His eyes fixed themselves upon her in a wondering stare.

Either one or the other of them was mad! Which was it?

"In God's name, who are you?" he said, at last.

"Who am I?" she replied. Ah, you indeed mock me! I am Dorothy Dalrymple, Herbert Dalrymple's wife!"

For a moment, silence, unbroken save by the lawyer's heavy breathing, reigned in the room; then he staggered and fell back on his chair, white and gasping.

She poured out a glass of water and held it to his lips. She moved toward the door, to bring assistance.

But his voice feebly detained her. Partially recovering, he sat more erect.

"Stand in the light—the light!" he ejaculated. "I want to look at you!"

Silently she obeyed him. It was natural, she thought, that he might wish to scrutinize one who had brought forward such a claim.

Slowly his eyes studied her. Yes, the hair held less glory than hers, which seemed made up of imprisoned sunlight; her eyes had robbed their blue from heaven, rather than the sea's darker depths; her skin was less dazzling in its fairness; she was less beautiful than the woman who had robbed her, and whom she had risen from the grave to confront with that robbery. She had spoken truly. It was Dorothy Dalrymple who had returned to solve the enigma which had seemed, an hour before, beyond human skill.

CHAPTER XXXII.

Beside the lake the two men met, without witnesses, without seconds.

"Our quarrel is not for the world," said Lord Montfort, sternly. "It concerns ourselves. If either of us fall, the other must answer to the law. To our own conscience our honor is unstained, and I presume, according to the code of men, even your honor must have its justification."

"Is there no other way that we can settle this?" asked Arkwright. "Will you not believe me, Bertie, that my words held not the sense that you construed them into meaning? Will you not look back over all these past two years, when you have known a lie to pass my lips, to accept what I now say as truth?"

"Yes, my wife tried to spare you by some such argument—said that you were maddened by her likeness to her sister. Well, such madness deserves equal retribution. A truce to folly! You forget I overheard your traitor's prayer—overheard the confession of your passion, and your traitorous plea that my wife should leave my protection for yours. Oh, how can I taint the air by the repetition of the words? All day the long hours have dragged by, until the moment might come when I might wipe them out in your blood or in mine. Here are the pistols—choose! One is loaded—one not. Let heaven decide between us!"

Mechanically Arkwright extended his hand. For one moment love for his friend seemed greater than the love which had brought him into this pass. For one moment he was tempted to cry out the truth, and refuse to fight, but for one moment only.

Ere the sun set his heart might have ceased to beat, his voice be forever stilled, and his friend would hold him in memory ever as execrable and false.

Yet, even so, not at purchase of life or honor, could he speak to tear the mask from the beauty which had been his curse.

God help him! He loved the woman now—now, with death confronting him for her fair sake, with dishonor threatening to write her record upon his tombstone; now, when she had seen him suffer all, with the smile of triumph on her lovely lips—even with a love greater than he had yet known for her. He died for her, and death thus lost its sting.

As for Bertie—ah, he forgave the boy! He but prayed that heaven might unveil to him the truth. Then his fingers closed about the pistol.

"There is no other way?" he said.

"None," was the low, stern answer.

"So be it. Yet I would ask one favor. When I am dead, bury your resentment with me. Remember me as I was, not as you believe me."

"I consign your past, your present and your future to the oblivion it merits," was the bitter retort.

And, listening, Harry Arkwright could find no greater pain in any wound wrought by the cold lead's course.

Silently the two men fell apart. Five paces distant they were to turn and fire, each counting, aloud and simultaneously, their measured steps.

But while they yet stood nearly back to back, a faint, hoarse scream smote their ears, and in another instant, she for whom they fought, pale, breathless and panting, had thrown herself between them.

Lord Montfort caught her in his arms. For a moment he thought that she had swooned, as the lovely head lay back upon his shoulders, and the long lashes swept her ivory cheeks.

But, almost instantly, she lifted her blue-veined lids, and her glance, wild with some untold fear, wandered from him to Arkwright, standing, cold and stern, as if her judge and accuser all in one.

"Dorothy, my darling!" murmured Dalrymple, "what brought you here? Come, love, come! This is no place for you. You must not breathe the air this traitor breathes!"

"Wait—wait a moment!" she gasped. "Wait till my voice comes—both, both!"

For Arkwright had turned as if to walk away. He stopped at the entreaty in her tone.

Again Lord Montfort would have interposed, but by a mute gesture she forbade him. Then she raised herself from his support. He would have drawn her back, but again she resisted him, and, instead, leaned wearily against the tree whose branches sheltered them.

"I have a story to tell you both," she said, "and I want you both to listen. You both have heard Florence Vane's sad history, but perhaps you did not know her well. She was only a child when Louis Gervase met her, and he won her childish heart. Her childish heart, I say; for when it died, its death-throes gave birth to the woman-heart, which was to know yet greater agony.

"He made to her the world—her heaven. She would have renounced for him all on earth except her honor. By a trick, he stole that, too. Even the marriage into which he inveigled her was false and a sham. Then he deserted her.

"She lost her reason, then. In her madness she shot him, in the moment of his crowning treachery.

"Well, what happened after that matters little. Suffice it that the world gave him its pity—her its condemnation. Do you wonder that under its cold lash her heart froze? Oh, I do not justify her. I only wish to lay before you the barren facts. For her after-course neither heaven, in its pity, nor earth in its cruelty, can give her justice. She determined, then, to repay her debt to the whole world—to make all hearts suffer as hers had suffered.

"She learned for the first time that she had in her beauty a potent weapon. She had no vanity—her purpose was too deep to admit of vanity—but she used her power ruthlessly.

"One man had crossed her path who neither flattered nor condemned her. He used no false phrases; concealed no truths. He lover her. Sometimes his honest truth, his frank manhood, his gentle firmness stole down beneath the ice of her heart, and sent there a momentary thrill of womanly warmth and womanly feeling. He saved it from death. Yet she steeled herself against him, and when he held out toward her such happiness as she might cling to with pure hands, she resolutely set it aside, and tested her own power more recklessly.

"At last, a prince offered her his coronet, and she accepted it. As his wife, she would hold more surely the world under her heel, and to crush the world she would have bartered life itself, for, through the world she crushed him—him who had made the pitiless wreck of her happiness. In the moment of her triumph she lost it, and again through him. Once more the man who loved her tried to save her. His patience was inexhaustible, his love infinite. Little by little it was restoring some of her lost womanhood, building up some of her lost faith. Let us not dwell on her after-struggles.

"Everywhere the man was stronger than the woman. Always, as he had shown, when the cup of triumph was lifted to her lips, he dashed it down. At last the victory which had been so long in coming to her was within her grasp. There was but one price to pay. Should she hesitate? All her future was to be made sure. Even her arch-enemy had been outwitted. And the price? Have you guessed the price, Herbert Dalrymple? The price was blood—the blood of the man who had melted at last the heart of ice, and taught it by its throes of agony to waken from its frozen sleep. Must you need the story told in plainer words to learn who stands before you? Quick, quick, let me tell you ere my courage fails. I am Florence Vane, the sister of your wife. All—all is true you listened to to-day. I am, indeed a living lie. No, do not drop your arm. Shoot, if you will, both of you, but let the target be my heart!"

(To be continued.)

TARANTULA HAWK.

A Wasp That Kills and Eats the Female Tarantula.

"Low down on the Rio Grande river," said a man from Texas, "where the sands are heated almost red hot with the sun, there grow the biggest centipedes, the biggest rattlesnakes and biggest tarantulas in the world. If you can look at one of these tarantulas when he is pinned fast to a board with the naturalist's thin steel pin, and you are sure that he is good and dead and can not spring at you and shoot his poison into you, he forms an interesting subject to study. They are horrible-looking, hairy things, with eight legs and eight eyes. Their colors are dark brown and black. The female tarantula is said to be a fickle spouse and to have a summary way, all her own, of getting rid of her consort when she is tired of him. She woos and weds all right, assumes the entire care and support of the family. The first matrimonial jar she has she turns to and kills her husband. Not content with killing him, she eats him. The female is the larger and the stronger of the two; they are simply gigantic for spiders. I have seen those that measured six inches between the stretch of their legs. They are the terror of man and beast. But there is one little animal of the insect family that wicked Mrs. Tarantula stands in as much dread of as a man stands in dread of her, and that is a big wasp that in Texas is known by the name of the tarantula hawk. The tarantula hawk has an exceedingly bad opinion of the tarantula. It will fly around over the head of the tarantula, make a lightning-like dive down, get a good clutch of the monster spider, fly away home with him, then all the tarantula hawk family sit down to sup. The tarantula hawk will not hurt men. On the contrary, it is a blessing, and you never hear of a western man harming one of them. It is said that these Rio Grande cattle rangers are indebted for the tarantula hawk to an old New England professor, who, while down in that country in pursuit of his studies as a naturalist, was stung by one of these monster spiders and nearly died, and would certainly have died had it not been for the whisky flask of his guide. In that country where rattlesnakes, tarantulas and centipedes are so big and so plentiful, no rancher leaves his house without his whisky flask. Shortly after the old professor left that part of the country the rancher received a small box of these tarantula hawks with instructions what to do with them. He turned the big wasps loose, they increased and multiplied, and now they are holding their own against their enemy, the tarantula."—New York Sun.

PASTOR MUST LEAD HIS FLOCK

He Should Not Come Down to Their Level.

"The minister should be given to understand that his congregation expects to share in the ripest knowledge he possesses, and will appreciate his most careful thinking," writes Ian Maclaren in the Ladies' Home Journal. "When he rises to his height on any occasion and preaches a great sermon, it does not matter whether every person has understood every word or some of them only about one-half. He ought to be told that all the members of his church are proud of him and thank God for him, and that even if he were beyond them this was not because of obscurity but because of elevation, and that they are pleased to have a minister who lives at such a level. He must not come down to them, but they must strive to rise to him. It is a miserable business for a preacher to repeat the commonplace of his people in a showy form so that the man in the street goes home congratulating himself because he has heard his paltry ideas tricked out in a showy dress. It is the function of the prophet to lead his flock onward, even though the march be sometimes through the wilderness, and they ought to follow close behind him and tell him that they are there, and that they will not cease to follow till he has brought them into the fullness of the land of promise. Under those conditions a man will feel bound to read the best books and to think out every subject to its very heart; he will grudge no labor of brain, no emotion of soul, to meet the expectation of a thoughtful, broad-minded people, and if he come at last to be a leader of thought whose words fly far and wide, then to this congregation will the credit be due who believed in him, and demanded great things of him, and made of him more than he, in his most ambitious moment, could have imagined."

FURNISHES A VALUABLE SOOT.

Substance Left by Acetylene Gas Makes the Finest Black Ink.

The flame of acetylene gas has been found to furnish a soot which is especially valuable in the color industry. When such gas is burned with a smoking flame the result is the production of three or four times as great a quantity of soot as is the case with mineral oils. Moreover, it is very light in weight and exhibits an absolutely black color without a tinge of brown and has none of the tarry admixtures or other substances that characteristically appear in lampblack. The substance is likewise noted for being very bulky and is found to be admirably adapted for India ink and the colors of fine inks for such lithographic work as requires a positive black. It is now being manufactured in France by a patented process, almost absolute purity of color and texture being obtained at a comparatively small cost.

Guessing at It.

Little Jamie—Papa, what is the true poetic fire?

Papa—I guess that must be the fire the poet gets when the editor happens to be in a savage mood.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Still More Counterfeiting.

The Secret Service has just unearthed another band of counterfeiters, and secured a quantity of bogus bills, which were very cleverly executed. Things of great value are always selected for imitation, notably, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has many imitators but no equals for disorders like indigestion, dyspepsia and constipation.

Well, Not Exactly.

Brown—I hear you married a very charming young widow since I last saw you?

Green—That's what I thought the day we were married.

Brown—Well, didn't you?

Green—No; she married me.—Chicago News.

"A Good Name At Home

Is a Tower of Strength Abroad." In Lowell, Mass., where Hood's Sarsaparilla is made, it still has a larger sale than all other blood purifiers. Its fame and cures and sales have spread abroad, and it is universally recognized as the best blood medicine money can buy. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

His Anxious Friend.

A story is being told on an East Side man who recently had the ill-luck to be on a train when a collision occurred. In some manner, conflicting reports were sent out, in one of which he was reported dead. Anxious friends in the western part of the state read the various accounts of the wreck and were greatly worried until some practical man suggested that a telegram would soon bring them tidings that would tell them the worst. Accordingly, one was sent, and the much-bruised victim of the accident was startled to receive the following:

"Mr. John ———, Cleveland, O.:
"Were you killed? Answer at once."
—Cleveland Leader.

The Car Window Again.

Fuddy—You know how loving Tom and Miss Kumfurt were? Well, she has thrown him over.

Duddy—How did it happen?

Fuddy—Charley Titler, who also has an eye on Miss Kumfurt, saw her and Tom sitting in the car as happy as two turtle doves. He got a woman in the next seat to ask Tom if he would please open the window. Of course Tom tried to comply, and of course he failed miserably. That was too much for Miss Kumfurt. A woman can't be expected to respect a man who has made himself ridiculous in public.—Boston Transcript.

The Financial Question.

"Some folks do say that time is money," remarked the village storekeeper, "but I don't take much stock in it."

"You don't, eh?" queried the loafer.

"No, I don't," replied the storekeeper, "and I wish you'd spend a little more money here and a little less time."—Chicago News.

REGISTER OF TREASURY.

Hon Judson W. Lyons, Register of the United States Treasury, in a letter from Washington, D. C., says:

April 23, 1899.

Pe-ru-na Drug Mfg. Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen—I find Pe-ru-na to be an excellent remedy for the catarrhal affections of spring and summer, and those who suffer from depression from the heat of the summer will find no remedy the equal of Pe-ru-na.

Judson W. Lyons.



Hon. Judson W. Lyons, Register of the Treasury.

No man is better known in the financial world than Judson W. Lyons. His name on every piece of money of recent date, makes his signature one of the most familiar ones in the United States. Hon. Lyons address is Augusta, Ga. He is a member of the National Republican committee, and is a prominent and influential politician. He is a particular friend of President McKinley.

Remember that cholera morbus, cholera infantum, summer complaint, bilious colic, diarrhoea and dysentery are each and all catarrh of the bowels. Catarrh is the only correct name for these affections. Pe-ru-na is an absolute specific for these ailments, which are so common in summer. Dr. Hartman, in a practice of over forty years, never lost a single case of cholera infantum, dysentary, diarrhoea, or cholera morbus, and his only remedy was Pe-ru-na. Those desiring further particulars should send for a free copy of "Summer Catarrh." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

KILL THEM



Those peace destroyers, the household Flies.

Dutcher's Fly Killer

not only kills the parent fly, but prevents reproduction. A sheet will kill a quart.

Ask your Druggist or Grocer.

FRED'K. DUTCHER DRUG CO. St. Albans, Vt.

Frozen Heart,

A THRILLING LOVE STORY.

BY FRANCES WARNER WALKER.

CHAPTER XXX.

With loving, tender care, Lord Montfort led his young wife back to her room, and persuaded her to throw herself upon her lounge, carefully drawing down the shades, that the sunlight might be excluded.

She shut her eyes, wearily, and he left her, to return to the work which her summons had interrupted.

But, as soon as the door had closed behind him, she started up and threw back her hair with a passionate gesture from the low, white brow.

The terrible hideousness of Louis Gervase's face shaped itself, a living picture, before her mental vision; let her gaze rest where it would. If she were now so mad as to acknowledge the truth, it would be to give him, indeed, his crowning triumph—to drag infamy and shame upon herself; to give up home, protection and the love which might yet be hers. And to whom did she do wrong? To none living, for she made both Lord Montfort and his mother happier. . Only, then, to the dead, and Dorothy would—

She paused, shuddering. She could not yet plead to Dorothy for pardon. But from Gervase she would have no more to fear. Let him threaten as he would; his threats were idle. To-morrow would see her Lady Montfort; even though the duel were fought to-night. Arkwright, she knew, would fire in the air. And Lord Montfort? She would not permit that question to intrude itself.

And yet, was it not this very query which threatened madness? Yet to speak—had not Gervase shown her all the consequences which would accrue from speech? If Arkwright died, why should she feel that his death lay at her door? No—let fate,, which had been so cruel and so merciless, accept the responsibility of the act, as well as the act itself. Death to him were less than the worse than death her confession would entail upon herself.

At last, she had conquered fate, and she would accept her victory. She threw herself back upon her pillows, with a long sigh of ineffable content. The contest was finished, and she was victor.

"My dear," spoke the Lady Montfort's voice, at the door, as she softly opened it, "may I come in? Are you asleep. I fancied I heard you sigh."

"I am not asleep. Come in, mother."

For the second time she spoke the name, whose very utterance was sacrilege; but as she did so, she grew pale to the lips. The name was, in itself, a seal upon the living lie, and vaunted its unholy triumph as though she might take courage for her future infamy. But on the older woman's heart it fell like pitying music, each note of which wiped away an old stain, and took the soreness from an old sting.

She came swiftly toward Florence, and, bending, kissed her brow.

"You are resting, dear?" she said, tenderly.

"Where is Herbert?"

"In the library."

"Tell me, mother—am I like what he used to tell you of me, and have you really learned to love me?"

"I came in just now, my daughter, to give you a little proof of my love."

Then, for the first time, Florence observed that she carried in her hand a morocco box. She touched a spring and it flew open. At the same moment, one ray of sunlight streamed through the darkened windows and fell athwart the white, priceless gems lying upon their velvet bed.

"They are the Montfort diamonds, my child, and I wish you to wear them as Herbert's bride. They are yours, my dear, and no Lady Montfort ever has or ever will mere regally grace them. Nor do I give them only to my son's wife, but to my daughter."

"Ah, madame, you are too good, too generous!"

"Madame, Dorothy? I hoped another title might have grown familiar to you. Put them on, my child. I want to see them gleam on your throat and in your ears. Nay, I will fasten them myself!"

Involuntarily, Florence shrank, then smiled at her own wickedness.

"Ah, my child!" said Lady Montfort, when the stones rested on the fairer velvet of the dazzling skin than that which had so long served them as a resting place—"ah, my child, if God had sent me a daughter, I could have wished none fairer, none of higher pride, and of more womanly sweetness than yourself; and yet, once—once I shut you out from my heart. Will all future years atone for the misery I brought you—the years I lost?"

And, choking with the bitter memories thus recalled, Lady Margaret pressed an almost passionate kiss on Florence's lips and hurried from the room.

Involuntarily, Florence started to her feet. With both hands she, tossed back the golden hair from her hot forehead. As she did so, the gleam of the diamonds on her arm flashed in her view. They crowned the summit she had attained. They marked the victory; but in her ear rang that mother's blessing, like a curse: "If God had sent me a daughter, I could have wished none fairer, none of higher pride, and of more womanly sweetness than yourself."

She had said this to her—to her—Florence Vane! And the diamonds sealed her words. No one could now assail her position.

Let Louis Gervase do his worst, in this house, no proof would be received, no witnesses gain admittance. She was safe—safe for all her future years! Yet, before the sun set, a life's blood might be made the sacrifice on the altar of her triumph

Why did she keep dwelling on that: "if God had sent me a daughter like you?" A daughter that made men murderers, and lives a lie!"

"Mother, mother!" burst in a low wail from her lips; and she sank down senseless where she stood.

How long her unconsciousness lasted she did not know, but when she recovered, she rose, and staggered feebly to the window and threw open the blinds.

One of the gardeners was passing with a wheelbarrow filled with flowers. He was carrying them to the chapel, which was being decorated for to-morrow's ceremony.

Flowers at her wedding—white flowers! Why were they not all red—red as blood? Blood! Why as blood? What had put blood in her mind? Whose blood—whose but the man she had taught to hate her? Whose but the man who had taught her again to love? To love? Who spoke? Who dared say that her heart could love again? What had she henceforth to do with love—she whom to-morrow the world would hail as Lady Montfort—to-morrow? And to-morrow he who had kept silent for her might lie in eternal silence!

What would the world be to her with Harry Arkright cold and dead? Was it a vision which swept before her all these years, when she had turned toward him, and knew not why she turned?

"Slowly she fell down on her knees. The frozen heart had broken its bands of ice, and tears streamed from the azure eyes. The chapel clock sounded on the quiet air. Mechanically, she listened. It struck seven times. It struck seven o'clock, the hour appointed for the meeting.

Herbert had gone to it without disturbing her. Even now he and the man who had been his friend—his brother—might be standing ten paces apart, one meaning mercy and one revenge. And the moments were flying, and she still knelt here!

Five minutes later, and, with hair unbound, and hands tightly locked over her bursting heart, she was hastening, fast as her flying feet could speed her, down the densely-shrubbered pathway, which led from the castle to the lake.

CHAPTER XXXI.

Again the Hon. Jasper Strong was secluded in his inner office, the busy world shut out; but he wore an air of anxious perplexity, and a frown, portending heavy trouble, furrowed his brow.

So long had he protected the interests of the Montforts that they seemed to him his own. But a few hours back, and a special messenger had brought him, from Lady Montfort, a letter, filled with her heartfelt gratitude for her boy's return, accomplished through him, and detailing her plans for the ceremony, which she wished to be performed the next day in the chapel attached to the castle.

He had smiled at the desire as a woman's whim, but a whim sacred, inasmuch as it was the wish of one he honored, respected and loved.

Still he had held the letter in his hands when M. Gervase had been ushered into his presence. The conference between the two men had been long and earnest.

One had come forth from it with a smile of demoniac malice and triumph, in full possession of facts as certainties which hitherto had been suspicions, and with, as he supposed, invincible weapons in his hand against the woman whom he lived but to pursue with his vengeance and his hate.

The other had listened as in a dream, had answered when interrogated, and now, once more alone, stood, aged and bowed with grief and humiliation; grief for Lady Montfort—grief for the man whose boyhood had been dear to him—humiliation that he should not earlier have made the discovery which was to bow down the old head and the young in a sorrow to which all they yet had suffered was nothing.

The memory of the day, now long ago, when she who called herself Lady Montfort had awaited him in the very room, on the very spot where he now stood, returned to him.

Again he saw the radiant, mocking vision. He remembered the strange mingling of coldness and disdain which then had marked her manner—coldness which had grown into afterwarmth during her life at the castle—disdain which had softened into gratitude.

Yet, that she might have deceived him—deceived Lady Montfort—was all possible. But how could she have deceived her husband? Was it not indeed, a hideous nightmare which he had unfolded to him for his credulity?

Now that Gervase had left him, he reproached himself for having listened to him; and yet the man's air had carried with it conviction. He had said:

"I am going myself to Montfort Castle. I alone must confront this woman. By 5 o'clock this afternoon I can return. Await me here."

Should he wait, or should he take an earlier train and go himself to Montfort?

He determined to do the latter, since his impatience had become insupportable.

Scarcely had this resolution formed itself, than, spite of his secret orders to be left undisturbed, a knock sounded at his outer door, which was opened by one of his clerks.

"Pardon my disturbing you, Mr. Strong," he said, "but Lady Montfort is outside."

Lady Montfort! There was but one Lady Montfort now. Could Herbert's mother already have suspected, and, in the exigiency of her trouble, come to him, rather than sit with folded hands to wait until he might come to her?

"Bid her enter at once," he ordered, and stood, white and trembling, to receive her—stood like a criminal about to receive his condemnation from the judge.

But rather was he a judge about to confront the criminal, for, as the door again opened, it was not Lady Montfort's gray hairs upon which his eyes rested, but the ruddy gold of the tresses of her who had usurped the name.

Why had this woman come to him? To plead for mercy or to demand justice? How vividly she recalled to him the first day of their meeting, except that his quick glance saw that she was crushed, when then she had been merely defiant—stricken with sorrow, when then she had been rebellious of grief—humbled when she had been proud. Yet, unless she had met Gervase, she could not have returned here from the castle; and in the first hour of Herbert's return, unless the truth were known, it was strange that he should spare her from his side. But perhaps her own conscience had rendered insupportable her burden.

He noticed that her dress was as simple as on that first day, and that the hand which rested on a chair, trembled convulsively. Yet there was something in her mien that commanded that all outward deference be hers.

"Your visit surprises me, madame," he said, courteously but coldly. "Will you be seated?"

She sank, then, into a chair; but, to his intense amazement, instead of replying by words, she leaned her head forward on the table, and a very storm of tears shook her frame. It was impossible to witness her emotion and not recognize its genuineness. The woman had ceased to act, whatever was the role she hitherto had played.

Spite of the storm of outraged indignation which had lately swept over him because of her, he felt himself moved to pity, and, not unkindly, laid his hand upon her convulsed shoulder.

"You have come here to make your confession," he said, gently. "I'll spare you the humiliation. I already know."

At his words her sobs ceased. She dashed back the hot tears with an impatient hand, and sprang to her feet.

"You know me?" she said. "You know all that I have come to tell you? How? Tell me how?"

"Louis Gervase has just left me."

"Louis Gervase!" she shuddered. That wicked man! But what could he know of me? What could he say to you?"

"He told me that the name by which just now my clerk announced you was stolen, and one to which you had no right; that your life for the past six weeks has been a living lie; that you have no title to be called the 'Lady Montfort.'"

"Lady Montfort!" she gasped, her face blanching, "I have neither wish nor right to be so called; but oh, for God's sake, tell me of my husband! Bertie lives? He is safe? Reproach me as you will, though whereof I cannot know, only let me see him once. If it is for his happiness, I will go away, never letting him dream of that one glimpse I have stolen from heaven. Believing me dead, if he has sought happiness in other ways—if—if some other woman has usurped my place in his heart—let him think me dead still! Only speak to me, and tell me that he lives—that no misfortune has come to him—that he is happy!"

With all the eloquence of passion she poured out the earnest torrent of her words.

The old man grew whiter and whiter as he listened. His eyes fixed themselves upon her in a wondering stare.

Either one or the other of them was mad! Which was it?

"In God's name, who are you?" he said, at last.

"Who am I?" she replied. Ah, you indeed mock me! I am Dorothy Dalrymple, Herbert Dalrymple's wife!"

For a moment, silence, unbroken save by the lawyer's heavy breathing, reigned in the room; then he staggered and fell back on his chair, white and gasping.

She poured out a glass of water and held it to his lips. She moved toward the door, to bring assistance.

But his voice feebly detained her. Partially recovering, he sat more erect.

"Stand in the light—the light!" he ejaculated. "I want to look at you!"

Silently she obeyed him. It was natural, she thought, that he might wish to scrutinize one who had brought forward such a claim.

Slowly his eyes studied her. Yes, the hair held less glory than hers, which seemed made up of imprisoned sunlight; her eyes had robbed their blue from heaven, rather than the sea's darker depths; her skin was less dazzling in its fairness; she was less beautiful than the woman who had robbed her, and whom she had risen from the grave to confront with that robbery. She had spoken truly. It was Dorothy Dalrymple who had returned to solve the enigma which had seemed, an hour before, beyond human skill.

CHAPTER XXXII.

Beside the lake the two men met, without witnesses, without seconds.

"Our quarrel is not for the world," said Lord Montfort, sternly. "It concerns ourselves. If either of us fall, the other must answer to the law. To our own conscience our honor is unstained, and I presume, according to the code of men, even your honor must have its justification."

"Is there no other way that we can settle this?" asked Arkwright. "Will you not believe me, Bertie, that my words held not the sense that you construed them into meaning? Will you not look back over all these past two years, when you have known a lie to pass my lips, to accept what I now say as truth?"

"Yes, my wife tried to spare you by some such argument—said that you were maddened by her likeness to her sister. Well, such madness deserves equal retribution. A truce to folly! You forget I overheard your traitor's prayer—overheard the confession of your passion, and your traitorous plea that my wife should leave my protection for yours. Oh, how can I taint the air by the repetition of the words? All day the long hours have dragged by, until the moment might come when I might wipe them out in your blood or in mine. Here are the pistols—choose! One is loaded—one not. Let heaven decide between us!"

Mechanically Arkwright extended his hand. For one moment love for his friend seemed greater than the love which had brought him into this pass. For one moment he was tempted to cry out the truth, and refuse to fight, but for one moment only.

Ere the sun set his heart might have ceased to beat, his voice be forever stilled, and his friend would hold him in memory ever as execrable and false.

Yet, even so, not at purchase of life or honor, could he speak to tear the mask from the beauty which had been his curse.

God help him! He loved the woman now—now, with death confronting him for her fair sake, with dishonor threatening to write her record upon his tombstone; now, when she had seen him suffer all, with the smile of triumph on her lovely lips—even with a love greater than he had yet known for her. He died for her, and death thus lost its sting.

As for Bertie—ah, he forgave the boy! He but prayed that heaven might unveil to him the truth. Then his fingers closed about the pistol.

"There is no other way?" he said.

"None," was the low, stern answer.

"So be it. Yet I would ask one favor. When I am dead, bury your resentment with me. Remember me as I was, not as you believe me."

"I consign your past, your present and your future to the oblivion it merits," was the bitter retort.

And, listening, Harry Arkwright could find no greater pain in any wound wrought by the cold lead's course.

Silently the two men fell apart. Five paces distant they were to turn and fire, each counting, aloud and simultaneously, their measured steps.

But while they yet stood nearly back to back, a faint, hoarse scream smote their ears, and in another instant, she for whom they fought, pale, breathless and panting, had thrown herself between them.

Lord Montfort caught her in his arms. For a moment he thought that she had swooned, as the lovely head lay back upon his shoulders, and the long lashes swept her ivory cheeks.

But, almost instantly, she lifted her blue-veined lids, and her glance, wild with some untold fear, wandered from him to Arkwright, standing, cold and stern, as if her judge and accuser all in one.

"Dorothy, my darling!" murmured Dalrymple, "what brought you here? Come, love, come! This is no place for you. You must not breathe the air this traitor breathes!"

"Wait—wait a moment!" she gasped. "Wait till my voice comes—both, both!"

For Arkwright had turned as if to walk away. He stopped at the entreaty in her tone.

Again Lord Montfort would have interposed, but by a mute gesture she forbade him. Then she raised herself from his support. He would have drawn her back, but again she resisted him, and, instead, leaned wearily against the tree whose branches sheltered them.

"I have a story to tell you both," she said, "and I want you both to listen. You both have heard Florence Vane's sad history, but perhaps you did not know her well. She was only a child when Louis Gervase met her, and he won her childish heart. Her childish heart, I say; for when it died, its death-throes gave birth to the woman-heart, which was to know yet greater agony.

"He made to her the world—her heaven. She would have renounced for him all on earth except her honor. By a trick, he stole that, too. Even the marriage into which he inveigled her was false and a sham. Then he deserted her.

"She lost her reason, then. In her madness she shot him, in the moment of his crowning treachery.

"Well, what happened after that matters little. Suffice it that the world gave him its pity—her its condemnation. Do you wonder that under its cold lash her heart froze? Oh, I do not justify her. I only wish to lay before you the barren facts. For her after-course neither heaven, in its pity, nor earth in its cruelty, can give her justice. She determined, then, to repay her debt to the whole world—to make all hearts suffer as hers had suffered.

"She learned for the first time that she had in her beauty a potent weapon. She had no vanity—her purpose was too deep to admit of vanity—but she used her power ruthlessly.

"One man had crossed her path who neither flattered nor condemned her. He used no false phrases; concealed no truths. He lover her. Sometimes his honest truth, his frank manhood, his gentle firmness stole down beneath the ice of her heart, and sent there a momentary thrill of womanly warmth and womanly feeling. He saved it from death. Yet she steeled herself against him, and when he held out toward her such happiness as she might cling to with pure hands, she resolutely set it aside, and tested her own power more recklessly.

"At last, a prince offered her his coronet, and she accepted it. As his wife, she would hold more surely the world under her heel, and to crush the world she would have bartered life itself, for, through the world she crushed him—him who had made the pitiless wreck of her happiness. In the moment of her triumph she lost it, and again through him. Once more the man who loved her tried to save her. His patience was inexhaustible, his love infinite. Little by little it was restoring some of her lost womanhood, building up some of her lost faith. Let us not dwell on her after-struggles.

"Everywhere the man was stronger than the woman. Always, as he had shown, when the cup of triumph was lifted to her lips, he dashed it down. At last the victory which had been so long in coming to her was within her grasp. There was but one price to pay. Should she hesitate? All her future was to be made sure. Even her arch-enemy had been outwitted. And the price? Have you guessed the price, Herbert Dalrymple? The price was blood—the blood of the man who had melted at last the heart of ice, and taught it by its throes of agony to waken from its frozen sleep. Must you need the story told in plainer words to learn who stands before you? Quick, quick, let me tell you ere my courage fails. I am Florence Vane, the sister of your wife. All—all is true you listened to to-day. I am, indeed a living lie. No, do not drop your arm. Shoot, if you will, both of you, but let the target be my heart!"

(To be continued.)

TARANTULA HAWK.

A Wasp That Kills and Eats the Female Tarantula.

"Low down on the Rio Grande river," said a man from Texas, "where the sands are heated almost red hot with the sun, there grow the biggest centipedes, the biggest rattlesnakes and biggest tarantulas in the world. If you can look at one of these tarantulas when he is pinned fast to a board with the naturalist's thin steel pin, and you are sure that he is good and dead and can not spring at you and shoot his poison into you, he forms an interesting subject to study. They are horrible-looking, hairy things, with eight legs and eight eyes. Their colors are dark brown and black. The female tarantula is said to be a fickle spouse and to have a summary way, all her own, of getting rid of her consort when she is tired of him. She woos and weds all right, assumes the entire care and support of the family. The first matrimonial jar she has she turns to and kills her husband. Not content with killing him, she eats him. The female is the larger and the stronger of the two; they are simply gigantic for spiders. I have seen those that measured six inches between the stretch of their legs. They are the terror of man and beast. But there is one little animal of the insect family that wicked Mrs. Tarantula stands in as much dread of as a man stands in dread of her, and that is a big wasp that in Texas is known by the name of the tarantula hawk. The tarantula hawk has an exceedingly bad opinion of the tarantula. It will fly around over the head of the tarantula, make a lightning-like dive down, get a good clutch of the monster spider, fly away home with him, then all the tarantula hawk family sit down to sup. The tarantula hawk will not hurt men. On the contrary, it is a blessing, and you never hear of a western man harming one of them. It is said that these Rio Grande cattle rangers are indebted for the tarantula hawk to an old New England professor, who, while down in that country in pursuit of his studies as a naturalist, was stung by one of these monster spiders and nearly died, and would certainly have died had it not been for the whisky flask of his guide. In that country where rattlesnakes, tarantulas and centipedes are so big and so plentiful, no rancher leaves his house without his whisky flask. Shortly after the old professor left that part of the country the rancher received a small box of these tarantula hawks with instructions what to do with them. He turned the big wasps loose, they increased and multiplied, and now they are holding their own against their enemy, the tarantula."—New York Sun.

PASTOR MUST LEAD HIS FLOCK

He Should Not Come Down to Their Level.

"The minister should be given to understand that his congregation expects to share in the ripest knowledge he possesses, and will appreciate his most careful thinking," writes Ian Maclaren in the Ladies' Home Journal. "When he rises to his height on any occasion and preaches a great sermon, it does not matter whether every person has understood every word or some of them only about one-half. He ought to be told that all the members of his church are proud of him and thank God for him, and that even if he were beyond them this was not because of obscurity but because of elevation, and that they are pleased to have a minister who lives at such a level. He must not come down to them, but they must strive to rise to him. It is a miserable business for a preacher to repeat the commonplace of his people in a showy form so that the man in the street goes home congratulating himself because he has heard his paltry ideas tricked out in a showy dress. It is the function of the prophet to lead his flock onward, even though the march be sometimes through the wilderness, and they ought to follow close behind him and tell him that they are there, and that they will not cease to follow till he has brought them into the fullness of the land of promise. Under those conditions a man will feel bound to read the best books and to think out every subject to its very heart; he will grudge no labor of brain, no emotion of soul, to meet the expectation of a thoughtful, broad-minded people, and if he come at last to be a leader of thought whose words fly far and wide, then to this congregation will the credit be due who believed in him, and demanded great things of him, and made of him more than he, in his most ambitious moment, could have imagined."

FURNISHES A VALUABLE SOOT.

Substance Left by Acetylene Gas Makes the Finest Black Ink.

The flame of acetylene gas has been found to furnish a soot which is especially valuable in the color industry. When such gas is burned with a smoking flame the result is the production of three or four times as great a quantity of soot as is the case with mineral oils. Moreover, it is very light in weight and exhibits an absolutely black color without a tinge of brown and has none of the tarry admixtures or other substances that characteristically appear in lampblack. The substance is likewise noted for being very bulky and is found to be admirably adapted for India ink and the colors of fine inks for such lithographic work as requires a positive black. It is now being manufactured in France by a patented process, almost absolute purity of color and texture being obtained at a comparatively small cost.

Guessing at It.

Little Jamie—Papa, what is the true poetic fire?

Papa—I guess that must be the fire the poet gets when the editor happens to be in a savage mood.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Still More Counterfeiting.

The Secret Service has just unearthed another band of counterfeiters, and secured a quantity of bogus bills, which were very cleverly executed. Things of great value are always selected for imitation, notably, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has many imitators but no equals for disorders like indigestion, dyspepsia and constipation.

Well, Not Exactly.

Brown—I hear you married a very charming young widow since I last saw you?

Green—That's what I thought the day we were married.

Brown—Well, didn't you?

Green—No; she married me.—Chicago News.

"A Good Name At Home

Is a Tower of Strength Abroad." In Lowell, Mass., where Hood's Sarsaparilla is made, it still has a larger sale than all other blood purifiers. Its fame and cures and sales have spread abroad, and it is universally recognized as the best blood medicine money can buy. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappoints

His Anxious Friend.

A story is being told on an East Side man who recently had the ill-luck to be on a train when a collision occurred.

In some manner, conflicting reports were sent out, in one of which he was reported dead. Anxious friends in the western part of the state read the various accounts of the wreck and were greatly worried until some practical man suggested that a telegram would soon bring them tidings that would tell them the worst. Accordingly, one was sent, and the much-bruised victim of the accident was startled to receive the following:

"Mr. John ———, Cleveland, O.:
"Were you killed? Answer at once."
—Cleveland Leader.

The Car Window Again.

Fuddy—You know how loving Tom and Miss Kumfurt were? Well, she has thrown him over.

Duddy—How did it happen?

Fuddy—Charley Titler, who also has an eye on Miss Kumfurt, saw her and Tom sitting in the car as happy as two turtle doves. He got a woman in the next seat to ask Tom if he would please open the window. Of course Tom tried to comply, and of course he failed miserably. That was too much for Miss Kumfurt. A woman can't be expected to respect a man who has made himself ridiculous in public.—Boston Transcript.

The Financial Question.

"Some folks do say that time is money," remarked the village storekeeper, "but I don't take much stock in it."

"You don't, eh?" queried the loafer.

"No, I don't," replied the storekeeper, "and I wish you'd spend a little more money here and a little less time."—Chicago News.

REGISTER OF TREASURY.

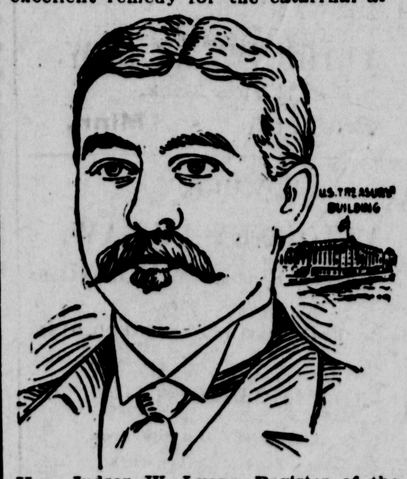
Hon Judson W. Lyons, Register of the United States Treasury, in a letter from Washington, D. C., says:

April 23, 1899.

Pe-ru-na Drug Mfg. Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen—I find Pe-ru-na to be an excellent remedy for the catarrhal affections of spring and summer, and those who suffer from depression from the heat of the summer will find no remedy the equal of Pe-ru-na.

Judson W. Lyons.



Hon. Judson W. Lyons, Register of the Treasury.

No man is better known in the financial world than Judson W. Lyons. His name on every piece of money of recent date, makes his signature one of the most familiar ones in the United States. Hon. Lyons address is Augusta, Ga. He is a member of the National Republican committee, and is a prominent and influential politician. He is a particular friend of President McKinley.

Remember that cholera morbus, cholera infantum, summer complaint, bilious colic, diarrhoea and dysentery are each and all catarrh of the bowels. Catarrh is the only correct name for these affections. Pe-ru-na is an absolute specific for these ailments, which are so common in summer. Dr. Hartman, in a practice of over forty years, never lost a single case of cholera infantum, dysentary, diarrhoea, or cholera morbus, and his only remedy was Pe-ru-na. Those desiring further particulars should send for a free copy of "Summer Catarrh." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

KILL THEM



Those peace destroyers, the household Flies.

Dutcher's Fly Killer

not only kills the parent fly, but prevents reproduction. A sheet will kill a quart.

Ask your Druggist or Grocer.

DUTCHER BROS CO. St. Albans, Vt.

A Distinction.

"Is your mama sick, Benny?"

"Nope, she's ill; pop's sick—he has to do the cookin'."—Judge.

Read the Advertisements.

You will enjoy this publication much better if you will get into the habit of reading the advertisements; they will afford a most amusing study, and will put you in the way of getting some excellent bargains. Our advertisers are reliable; they send what they advertise.

Obciously Incorrect.

"Do you believe you can find the initials of one's future husband in the tea dregs?"

"No; I've tried it and tried it, and I never could find anything but the initials of my present husband."—Detroit Journal.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

William Bell, Dodge Center, Minn., manure loader; John A. Elliot, Butte, Mont., electrical hot-air heater; Joseph Frudenfield, Madison, S. D., account book; Elbridge and J. Haskins, Detroit, Minn., clothes conveyer for washing machines; Robert R. Lea, Dwight, N. D., harrow.

Merwin, Lothrop & Johnson, Patent Attorneys, 910 Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul.

He Knew the Breed.

"Call a messenger boy, qpick!" cried the business man.

The model office boy paled perceptibly. He feared to lose his situation, but then—there was his conscience. The mental struggle was fierce but brief.

"No; I cannot do it," he said, simply, for I have never yet spoken an untruth."—Standard and Catholic Times.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight and New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Her Gentle Hint.

Tramp—Can I get a bite to eat?

Lady of the House—You can get a bite, but Tige will do the eating.—Chicago Record.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Disappointing.

The curfew bell was rung last night at 8 o'clock. Nothing sensational resulted. It just rung; that was all.—Freeport Bulletin.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

The wise man seeks a woman with an independent fortune rather than a fortune with an independent woman attached.

A woman's thoughts of matrimony before and after taking are seldom the same.

Piles of Pain.

Many kinds of piles—itching, bleeding—all painful, terrible tortures, but all are quickly cured by Cascarets Candy Cathartic. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50.

A dog kennel should be built of wood with the bark on and lighted by a bay window.

We will forfeit $1,000 if any of our published testimonials are proven to be not genuine. THE PISO CO., Warren, Pa.

Kindness in ourselves is the honey that blunts the sting of unkindness in another.—Landor.

Did you ever See a Snow Storm in Summer?

We never did; but we have seen the clothing at this time of the year so covered with dandruff that it looked as if it had been out in a regular snowstorm.

No need of this snowstorm.

As the summer sun would melt the falling snow so will

Ayer's Hair Vigor

melt these flakes of dandruff in the scalp. It goes further than this: it prevents their formation.

It has still other properties: it will restore color to gray hair in just ten times out of every ten cases.

And it does even more: it feeds and nourishes the roots of the hair. Thin hair becomes thick hair; and short hair becomes long hair.

We have a book on the Hair and Scalp. It is yours, for the asking.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the use of the Vigor, write the doctor about it. Probably there is some difficulty with your general system which may be easily removed. Address,

DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

FARM AND GARDEN.

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO AGRICULTURISTS.

Some Up-to-Date Hints About Cultivation of the Soil and Yields Thereof—Horticulture, Viticulture and Floriculture.

Grasses for Oklahoma.

The director of the Oklahoma Experiment Station says:

The experiment station receives more inquiries from Oklahoma farmers concerning grasses or clovers than on any other one subject. Aside from our native grasses there is no true grass well adapted for pasture or hay or both which with our present knowledge and experience we can recommend with confidence for cultivation over the territory generally, and the same is true of the clovers proper. Experiments in Kansas and Texas have great value in helping us to form conclusions. Over much of these great states no one of the cultivated grasses proper has been found to thrive. At the experiment station at Stillwater fair success has been obtained on some trials with timothy and with blue grass, but other trials have proved failures. Orchard grass has done well in growth, but a full stand has not yet been secured in any trial. Poor success has resulted from repeated trials of Bromus inermus and English Fescue, grasses which have been recommended for this region. Bermuda grass grows readily and spreads rapidly in many parts of Oklahoma, and, with some marked objectionable qualities, it is coming into favor both as lawn and pasture grass. Johnson grass makes a vigorous growth. It is a coarse grass, and the difficulty of eradicating it is such that many farmers are strongly opposed to its use.

As yet the safest advice that can be given is to leave much of the rough or stony land or any otherwise undesirable for cultivation in the native grasses. The station has also had success with red, alsike and white clover in some cases. The last does best, but its smaller size and light yield unfits it for sowing alone. Alfalfa is by far the most successful and valuable hay and pasture plant introduced into the territory. With good preparation of the soil it thrives well over nearly all the eastern half of the territory at least. It is not adapted to lands subject to overflow or those with impervious subsoil or what are called alkali lands; neither does it do well on very sandy land. For hogs it is almost a perfect pasture. There is some danger in pasturing cattle or sheep on it, but it makes excellent hay. It usually gives a large yield and its value is much increased by the fact that when once established it may be relied upon for a series of years.

As a partial substitute for the ordinary grass, Kafir corn and sorghum are increasingly grown, chiefly for hay or fodder, but with the increasing use of these crops for pasturage. Many northern farmers do not take kindly to the cultivation of cow peas. This crop has value as a substitute for clovers, and its rapid growth and large yield of fairly palatable and nutritive food, as well as its great value as a manuring crop, entitles it to increased attention. Soy or Soja bean has many of the same characteristics, but in trials at the station has not given nearly so large a yield. This is better adapted for northern than the southern parts of the territory. The experiment station is experimenting with a large number of varieties of grasses and has not abandoned hope that some may be found which can be recommended with some confidence for general cultivation in the territory.

Nut Culture.

(Condensed from Farmers' Review Stenographic Report of Illinois State Horticultural Convention.)

Mr. E. A. Riehl read a paper on nut culture. He said: Very little has been done in this state in the culture of nuts, and it is doubted by many if nut culture can be made a profitable industry. There are undoubtedly parts of this country that are better adapted to nut culture with a view to profit than is our state, yet I am inclined to the belief that we may grow certain varieties of nuts on some of our lands at a good profit. However that may be, there is no doubt that we can and should grow nuts for home consumption; not merely that we may save a small sum thereby, but that we may have them; for, like fruit, if they are not grown on the farm, the family is very apt to go without them.

* * *

The hard-shelled almond is fully as hardy as the peach, and will thrive in the same localities. It is as good as the soft-shelled almond, except that the shell is hard like a peach seed, and the outer covering of the seed is bitter, which should be removed by being scalded and peeled, when it can be used for any purpose for which almonds are used.

The chestnut thrives in some parts of this state, notably on the loose formation along the Mississippi river. I have trees of the American sweet chestnut, which were planted thirty years ago. They bear well and regularly, and are among the best we have, and are perhaps the best for planting, where profit is concerned. Especially is this true of the newer and improved varieties we now have, like Paragon and Ridgely. The Paragon is a large nut, of excellent quality, bears very young, producing nuts often the second year from graft, and trees less than five feet high will often have several dozen nuts of the largest size. The Ridgely is very similar to the Paragon in every way except that it is somewhat smaller; but it is a little better in quality. There are quite a number of other varieties that are said to be fine, large and early bearers. Some of these are said to be equal to the American in quality. I have not fruited any except the American, Paragon and Ridgely.

I have little faith in some of the Japanese varieties sent out. I have sent for some of the varieties grown in the East, and have found them to be of very poor quality.

The chestnut has a peculiarity that we should not lose sight of, which is that while male and female blossoms are borne on all trees, the male blossoms will not pollenize the female blossoms on the same tree, but the pollen must come from some other tree. This is true when the trees are grown from seed; when, however, they are grafted varieties, all trees of that variety are practically the same tree, and pollen must come from some other tree that is either a seedling or a different variety. The Paragon and Ridgely are so large, of such good quality and bear so young and profusely that I believe it will pay to grow them for market. We have one decided advantage over eastern growers in that we have no chestnut weevils. I have never seen a wormy chestnut grown in the West.

The shellbark hickory, of which there are many varieties, is native to nearly all parts of Illinois, and is one of the best nuts we have. The old trees that are left when land is cleared are apt to die in a few years, not being able to adapt themselves to the changed conditions. We have not yet learned to graft these trees successfully in this latitude. As we cannot graft them, the next best thing is to plant nuts from the best nut-bearing trees we can find; plant them thick enough so that when they come into bearing we can remove all the inferior ones and leave only the best. Trees grown from nuts vary greatly, like seedling fruit trees. Hickories will come into bearing in from fifteen to twenty-five years.

What I have said about the hickory also applies to the pecan, only I think the nuts vary even to a greater extent. I think they are the finest native nuts we have, and while not growing naturally as high up as the northern line of this state, I believe they will grow and thrive if planted.

The black walnut is a rapid grower, and comes into bearing sooner than the hickory or pecan. The butternut is a near relative of the black walnut, and its treatment should be the same. That the English walnut can be grown in some parts of this state will be news to many. There are some growing on a farm near me. The nuts came from Hungary, and the trees at first died down in our hard winters; but now they seem to have adapted themselves to our conditions, and some of the nuts are here on exhibition

Soiling Crops.

It is a mistake to assume that field grown crops, harvested at the cost of considerable labor, are too costly to feed in summer; that cows can gather their food cheaper than man can, says Coleman's Rural World. The fact that so much more food can be produced in the form of some cultivated crop like corn or sorghum than will be produced on the same land in pasture grass subjected to the grazing and tramping of the cow, will more than offset the labor item of cost. This thought leads to the suggestion that it will pay to grow such crops to feed green during the summer as a means of supplementing the pasture. Sweet corn is one of the best crops to grow for this purpose, particularly the early kinds for early use. By planting small patches of each of several varieties one can easily have a continuous supply of green food, which, after one has once seen the value of, he will never afterwards fail to provide. This supplemental crop should be grown as near the barn as possible, for convenience in feeding, and the land should be rich and well prepared, so as to induce a rapid growth.

American Grown Tea.—Secretary Wilson has believed for some time that we should grow some of our own tea in the United States and he proposes to convince the people of the south that they can keep in the country and themselves get a good share of the $10,000,000 sent abroad for this article annually. The secretary has just returned from a visit to the tea farm of Dr. Shepard, at Summerville, S. C., where are in cultivation about fifty acres of tea. Last year these yielded about 3,500 pounds of superior black tea, which sells readily, it is stated, at $1 a pound. The average cost of tea brought from Asia is about 14 cents a pound and it may thus seem impossible for us to compete with the cheap labor of the Orient. Mr. Wilson states that he would not attempt to grow teas in competition with these poor grades, but only fine teas.—Ex.

A Catch Crop.—On good land there is yet plenty of time to sow cow peas and make a large crop of forage of great value as a stock food and of equal value for manure afterwards. Cow peas draw no nitrogen from the land but tend rather to improve most soils, even when the bulk of the crop is cut off, the root systems being very extensive and the long tap roots bringing up fertilizing elements from the sub-soil. The cow pea is a very strong food. In Florida many of the "crackers" feed their mules on cow pea hay (including the ripe beans) exclusively, giving them no additional grain, and work them too on this single ration.

Nitrogen exists in fertilizers in three distinct forms, viz., as organic matter, as ammonia, and as nitrates. It is the most expensive fertilizing ingredient.

Complete fertilizer is one which contains the three essential fertilizing constitutents, i. e., nitrogen, phosphoric acid, and potash.

SCIENTIFIC TOPICS.

CURRENT NOTES OF DISCOVERY AND INVENTION.

How an Inventive Woman Makes Use of Old Bedsprings—A Copying Press Saturator That Takes the Place of the Brush—New Idea in Folding Boats

Use for an Old Bedspring.

The inventive mind of man usually turns itself to the construction of some new article of use or ornament, some addition to the earth's treasures evolved by patient study and thought. Not so the inventive mind of woman; that is usually employed in devising ways of utilizing the useless; of turning to some secondary purpose that which was intended for some entirely different metier.

In Brooklyn, where annexation to New York has not destroyed the distinctive features, and where people still own patches of garden where flowers and fruit are carefully tended through the trying seasons of youth, a bright woman with the inventive mind aforesaid has taken two old spring beds which have done duty in their intended roles until old age has broken their wires and reduced their slats to a pitiable stage of decrepitude, fastened them against her back fence, and already trained vines are beginning to creep about their unsightliness and peep through the slats with a promise of blossoms later on which shall turn the old spring beds into a glory of crimson and gold; and it is safe to say that when the time comes no one who is not initiated into the secret will be able to tell the foundation of the trailing vines.

Who can say that the inventive mind that turns the spring bed into such a blessing to the eye does not rank with the mind that first conceived the bed itself?

The Persian Carpenter.

In accordance with the invariable custom of all eastern artisans, the carpenter sits upon the ground while at work. Instead of a bench a strong stake is driven down before him, leaving about ten inches above ground, and upon this he rests his work and keeps it steady with his feet. The facility with which the work is executed in this position has always been a matter of surprise to European workmen. In the royal arsenals English tools are used and a better system of working has been introduced under the superintendence of British officers, but in the native workshops the workmen are still to be seen squatting on the ground, and; being used to this position from infancy, and their tools being formed to work with more efficiency when used in this way, any alteration is scarcely to be expected. Their principal tools are the frame saw, adze, planes, hammers, nails and a few smaller tools.—Southern Lumberman.

Temperature of Diamodds.

A good diamond is a good deal colder than an imitation and the lapidaries say that the best way to detect this difference is to touch the stones to the tongue. Sapphires, emeralds, rubies, garnets and other precious stones may be tested in the same way; the real stone is invariably colder than the imitation. The lapidaries do not give a reason for the difference, but it may be found, perhaps, in the greater density of the real stones, which makes them better conductors of heat.

A New Folding Boat.

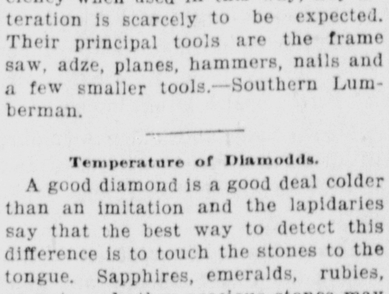
A western man has invented an improved form of folding boat, which should prove very successful as an aid to inland fishermen and sojourners in the forests of Maine and New Hampshire during the summer and fall fishing season.

Any one who has "toted" a heavy boat across a Maine "carry" has sighed for something that would come apart when desired, and yet would be suffi-

(Made to break down into sections, and thus readily transported.)

ciently stable to withstand the shocks and bumps incident to a trip up or down the average New England inland stream.

The boat consists of two middle sections and two end sections. The middle sections are hinged so that they fold together, forming a sort of box, in which the end sections may be stowed. When the four sections are in position and bolted together a com-



plete boat is formed, having pointed ends, constituting buoyant air chambers.

A New Golf Club.

One of the latest devices of the faddist in golf clubs is the single-piece driver, which is said to possess distinct merits over the ordinary implement. The idea emanates from the other side, where most of the innovations of this kind have their origin, and those who are responsible for its introduction claim that the club is the longest driving implement that has yet been produced. As its name implies, it is made all of one piece, the shaft being bent at the neck to allow the head of the club the proper angle, and in this way the grain runs continuously from tip to toe.

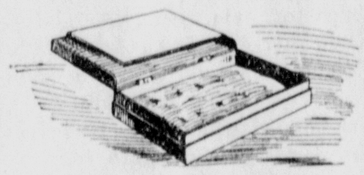
The distinct merit which the club is supposed to possess is a greater suppleness of shaft, the absence of binding at the point where the head and shaft are usually joined making this possible.

Fish-Eating Spiders.

There are certain large sea spiders (two feet from toe to toe), collossendeis gigas, that live in the water and feed entirely upon molluscs and worms. The carniverous wolf spider, an amphibious inhabitant of the tropical regions of South America, is said to prefer a fish diet, although it is not averse to eating mice, young birds, and even snakes, resembling in this respect the theraphosidae, or bird-catching spiders of India and Queensland, some of which equal a cat in size. The collossendeis is the most formidable specimen of the spider family, measuring six inches round the body and possessing twelve long, hairy legs with which it grips its finny prey. It attacks fish several times larger than itself, and, after biting them through the back and stinging them to death, gluts itself by sucking the juices from the bodies of its victims.

New Office Device.

A new piece of office furniture is the copying press bath which was designed to take the place of the brush generally used for that purpose. It consists of a box of sufficient size to accommodate a sheet of the paper generally used. The bottom consists of a padding filled with particles of sponge. The lid of the box is hinged and carries on its inside a spring-actuated plate, which forces the paper against the saturated padding of the bottom. Thus the paper is moistened



evenly and sufficiently, and yet is not soaked to such an extent that it is torn in manipulation. This apparatus has been patented.

New Method of Galvanizing.

Formerly the deposition of a zinc coating to preserve iron from rusting was only effected by the aid of heat, but within two years past a cold process of galvanizing by electrolysis has been put into practice. It is averred that the new process overcomes many defects of the old, such as lack of uniformity in the thickness of the zinc film and roughness of the surface. As formerly practiced, galvanizing often necessitated the recutting of screw threads on account of the uneven deposit, but with the electrolytic method no such difficulty arises. It is also claimed that the zinc coating adheres more firmly when deposited by the new process, while the cost is diminished.

Oyster Culture.

One of the divisions of the United States fish commission has investigated a number of problems connected with oysters and their culture, and has reported on the origin of the color of green oysters. This variety is due to vegetable matter used by the oysters for food, and in no way injures the edible qualities of the bivalve. Red oysters have been occasionally noted, but there has as yet been no opportunity for their investigation.

Stone and Oil.

D. C. French, the sculptor, says that there is more chance for young Americans in sculpture than in painting. "I believe," he adds, "that our natural character is more adapted to working in stone than in oil." Mark Twain, hearing this, replied: "Well, give me the oil well, and the French can take the quarry every time."

A New Ending.

Merritt—I had an awfully embarrassing thing happen to me this afternoon. I was walking with a girl, when a sudden gust of wind blew off my hat and sent it kiting up the middle of the street.

Giles—You surely weren't fool enough to run after it? You know there is always sure to be some obliging stranger who will chase it for you.

Merritt—So I'd always heard. But the girl began laughing at my predicament, and said I'd have to do some scorching to beat the wind.

Giles—Well, of course, she was a girl, and didn't know that some other fellow would do the sprinting for you.

Merritt—In the meantime a man had been chasing it up the block, and when the hat scurried around the first corner I knew he would catch it, for he wa running like a Spaniard.

Giles—Just as I told you.

Merritt—I continued very leisurely, and when I got to the corner——

Giles—There was the obliging man with your hat.

Merritt—No. Both the man and the hat had disappeared.

Could Remember Some Things.

Traveling Missionary—And how many children have you, Mr. Burdock?

Farmer Burdock (doubtfully)—Well, now, I dunno. There's Dick and John and Kate—wife, how many children are there around here?

His wife—Nine; five boys and four girls.

Traveling Missionary—A fine family and a fine farm, Mr. Burdock. You keep stock, I presume?

Farmer Burdock—Oh, yes; I've got 173 head of Jersey cattle, 589 sheep and 91 hogs.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 78,465]

PERIODS OF SUFFERING GIVE PLACE TO PERIODS OF JOY

"I was a sufferer from female weakness. Every month regularly as the menses came, I suffered dreadful pains in uterus, ovaries were affected and had leucorrhœa. I had my children very fast and it left me very weak. A year ago I was taken with flooding and almost died. The doctor even gave me up and wonders how I ever lived.

"I wrote for Mrs. Pinkham's advice at Lynn, Mass., and took her medicine and began to get well. I took several bottles of the Compound and used the Sanative Wash, and can truly say that I am cured. You would hardly know me, I am feeling and looking so well. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me what I am."—MRS. J. F. STRETCH, 461 MECHANIC ST., CAMDEN, N. J.

How Mrs. Brown Was Helped.

"I must tell you that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done more for me than any doctor.

"I was troubled with irregular menstruation. Last summer I began the use of your Vegetable Compound, and after taking two bottles, I have been regular every month since. I recommend your medicine to all."—MRS. MAGGIE A. BROWN, WEST PT. PLEASANT, N. J.

Answered.

"You Americans call things by such queer names," said the Englishman.

"What's wrong now?" asked the New Yorker.

"Why call these things elevators, when they take people down as often as they take them up?"

"Well, what do they call them in your country?"

"We call them lifts."

"Well, I can't see that the word 'lift' expresses their use any better than the word 'elevator.'"

"Oh, yes, it does. Don't you know you can lift persons down as well as lift them up?"—Yonkers Statesman.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Answered.

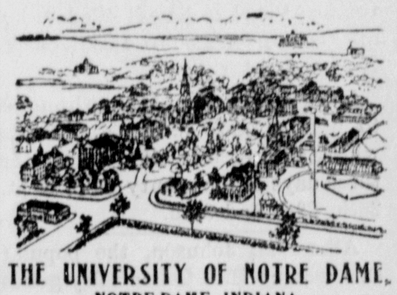
Sunday School Teacher—You have all heard of Admiral Sampson. Now, let us talk of the Biblical hero of the same name. With what did he slay the Philistines? Tommy, do you know?

Tommy—M-m-m—er-m-m——

Teacher (pointing to his own jaw)—What's this?

Tommy (suddenly brightening)—O! yes. Jawbone of a jackass!—Standard and Catholic Times.

EDUCATIONAL.



THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME,
NOTRE DAME, INDIANA.
Classics, Letters, Economics and History, Journalism, Art, Science, Pharmacy, Law, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Architecture.
Thorough Preparatory and Commercial Courses. Ecclesiastical students at special rates. Rooms Free. Junior or Senior Year Collegiate Courses. Rooms to Rent, moderate charge.
St. Edward's Hall, for boys under 13.
The 56th Year will open September 5th, 1899. Catalogue Free. Address,
REV. A. MORRISSEY, C. S. C., President.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY
Notre Dame P. O., Indiana.
(One mile West of the University of Notre Dame.)
The 89th Academic Term will open Monday, September 4, 1899. All the branches of
A Thorough English and Classical Education,
including Greek, Latin, Spanish, French and German are taught by a Faculty of competent teachers. On completing the full course of studies students receive the
Regular Collegiate Degrees of Litt. B. or A. B.
The Conservatory of Music is conducted on the plan of the best Classical Conservatories of Europe.
The Art Department is modelled after the best Art Schools in Europe.
Preparatory and Minim Departments—Pupils who need primary training, and those of tender age, are here carefully prepared for the Academic Course and Advanced Course.
For catalogue containing full information, address, DIRECTRESS OF THE ACADEMY,
St. Mary's Academy, Notre Dame P. O., Ind.

Doesn't your boy write well? Perhaps he hasn't good ink.
CARTER'S INK
IS THE BEST INK.
More used than any other. Don't cost you any more than poor ink. Ask for it.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
REGULATE THE LIVER

WANTED—Case of bad health that P-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

N W N U —No. 30.— 1899.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

A Distinction.

"Is your mama sick, Benny?"

"Nope, she's ill; pop's sick—he has to do the cookin'."—Judge.

Read the Advertisements.

You will enjoy this publication much better if you will get into the habit of reading the advertisements; they will afford a most amusing study, and will put you in the way of getting some excellent bargains. Our advertisers are reliable; they send what they advertise.

Obciously Incorrect.

"Do you believe you can find the initials of one's future husband in the tea dregs?"

"No; I've tried it and tried it, and I never could find anything but the initials of my present husband."—Detroit Journal.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

William Bell, Dodge Center, Minn., manure loader; John A. Elliot, Butte, Mont., electrical hot-air heater; Joseph Frudenfield, Madison, S. D., account book; Elbridge and J. Haskins, Detroit, Minn., clothes conveyer for washing machines; Robert R. Lea, Dwight, N. D., harrow.

Merwin, Lothrop & Johnson, Patent Attorneys, 910 Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul.

He Knew the Breed.

"Call a messenger boy, qpick!" cried the business man.

The model office boy paled perceptibly. He feared to lose his situation, but then—there was his conscience. The mental struggle was fierce but brief.

"No; I cannot do it," he said, simply, for I have never yet spoken an untruth."—Standard and Catholic Times.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight and New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Her Gentle Hint.

Tramp—Can I get a bite to eat?

Lady of the House—You can get a bite, but Tige will do the eating.—Chicago Record.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Disappointing.

The curfew bell was rung last night at 8 o'clock. Nothing sensational resulted. It just rung; that was all.—Freeport Bulletin.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

The wise man seeks a woman with an independent fortune rather than a fortune with an independent woman attached.

A woman's thoughts of matrimony before and after taking are seldom the same.

Piles of Pain.

Many kinds of piles—itching, bleeding—all painful, terrible tortures, but all are quickly cured by Cascarets Candy Cathartic. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50.

A dog kennel should be built of wood with the bark on and lighted by a bay window.

We will forfeit $1,000 if any of our published testimonials are proven to be not genuine. THE PISO CO., Warren, Pa.

Kindness in ourselves is the honey that blunts the sting of unkindness in another.—Landor.

Did you ever See a Snow Storm in Summer?

We never did; but we have seen the clothing at this time of the year so covered with dandruff that it looked as if it had been out in a regular snowstorm.

No need of this snowstorm.

As the summer sun would melt the falling snow so will

Ayer's Hair Vigor

melt these flakes of dandruff in the scalp. It goes further than this: it prevents their formation.

It has still other properties: it will restore color to gray hair in just ten times out of every ten cases.

And it does even more: it feeds and nourishes the roots of the hair. Thin hair becomes thick hair; and short hair becomes long hair.

We have a book on the Hair and Scalp. It is yours, for the asking.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the use of the Vigor, write the doctor about it. Probably there is some difficulty with your general system which may be easily removed. Address,

DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

FARM AND GARDEN.

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO AGRICULTURISTS.

Some Up-to-Date Hints About Cultivation of the Soil and Yields Thereof—Horticulture, Viticulture and Floriculture.

Grasses for Oklahoma.

The director of the Oklahoma Experiment Station says:

The experiment station receives more inquiries from Oklahoma farmers concerning grasses or clovers than on any other one subject. Aside from our native grasses there is no true grass well adapted for pasture or hay or both which with our present knowledge and experience we can recommend with confidence for cultivation over the territory generally, and the same is true of the clovers proper. Experiments in Kansas and Texas have great value in helping us to form conclusions. Over much of these great states no one of the cultivated grasses proper has been found to thrive. At the experiment station at Stillwater fair success has been obtained on some trials with timothy and with blue grass, but other trials have proved failures. Orchard grass has done well in growth, but a full stand has not yet been secured in any trial. Poor success has resulted from repeated trials of Bromus inermus and English Fescue, grasses which have been recommended for this region. Bermuda grass grows readily and spreads rapidly in many parts of Oklahoma, and, with some marked objectionable qualities, it is coming into favor both as lawn and pasture grass. Johnson grass makes a vigorous growth. It is a coarse grass, and the difficulty of eradicating it is such that many farmers are strongly opposed to its use.

As yet the safest advice that can be given is to leave much of the rough or stony land or any otherwise undesirable for cultivation in the native grasses. The station has also had success with red, alsike and white clover in some cases. The last does best, but its smaller size and light yield unfits it for sowing alone. Alfalfa is by far the most successful and valuable hay and pasture plant introduced into the territory. With good preparation of the soil it thrives well over nearly all the eastern half of the territory at least. It is not adapted to lands subject to overflow or those with impervious subsoil or what are called alkali lands; neither does it do well on very sandy land. For hogs it is almost a perfect pasture. There is some danger in pasturing cattle or sheep on it, but it makes excellent hay. It usually gives a large yield and its value is much increased by the fact that when once established it may be relied upon for a series of years.

As a partial substitute for the ordinary grass, Kafir corn and sorghum are increasingly grown, chiefly for hay or fodder, but with the increasing use of these crops for pasturage. Many northern farmers do not take kindly to the cultivation of cow peas. This crop has value as a substitute for clovers, and its rapid growth and large yield of fairly palatable and nutritive food, as well as its great value as a manuring crop, entitles it to increased attention. Soy or Soja bean has many of the same characteristics, but in trials at the station has not given nearly so large a yield. This is better adapted for northern than the southern parts of the territory. The experiment station is experimenting with a large number of varieties of grasses and has not abandoned hope that some may be found which can be recommended with some confidence for general cultivation in the territory.

Nut Culture.

(Condensed from Farmers' Review Stenographic Report of Illinois State Horticultural Convention.)

Mr. E. A. Riehl read a paper on nut culture. He said: Very little has been done in this state in the culture of nuts, and it is doubted by many if nut culture can be made a profitable industry. There are undoubtedly parts of this country that are better adapted to nut culture with a view to profit than is our state, yet I am inclined to the belief that we may grow certain varieties of nuts on some of our lands at a good profit. However that may be, there is no doubt that we can and should grow nuts for home consumption; not merely that we may save a small sum thereby, but that we may have them; for, like fruit, if they are not grown on the farm, the family is very apt to go without them.

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The chestnut has a peculiarity that we should not lose sight of, which is that while male and female blossoms are borne on all trees, the male blossoms will not pollenize the female blossoms on the same tree, but the pollen must come from some other tree. This is true when the trees are grown from seed; when, however, they are grafted varieties, all trees of that variety are practically the same tree, and pollen must come from some other tree that is either a seedling or a different variety. The Paragon and Ridgely are so large, of such good quality and bear so young and profusely that I believe it will pay to grow them for market. We have one decided advantage over eastern growers in that we have no chestnut weevils. I have never seen a wormy chestnut grown in the West.

The shellbark hickory, of which there are many varieties, is native to nearly all parts of Illinois, and is one of the best nuts we have. The old trees that are left when land is cleared are apt to die in a few years, not being able to adapt themselves to the changed conditions. We have not yet learned to graft these trees successfully in this latitude. As we cannot graft them, the next best thing is to plant nuts from the best nut-bearing trees we can find; plant them thick enough so that when they come into bearing we can remove all the inferior ones and leave only the best. Trees grown from nuts vary greatly, like seedling fruit trees. Hickories will come into bearing in from fifteen to twenty-five years.

What I have said about the hickory also applies to the pecan, only I think the nuts vary even to a greater extent. I think they are the finest native nuts we have, and while not growing naturally as high up as the northern line of this state, I believe they will grow and thrive if planted.

The black walnut is a rapid grower, and comes into bearing sooner than the hickory or pecan. The butternut is a near relative of the black walnut, and its treatment should be the same. That the English walnut can be grown in some parts of this state will be news to many. There are some growing on a farm near me. The nuts came from Hungary, and the trees at first died down in our hard winters; but now they seem to have adapted themselves to our conditions, and some of the nuts are here on exhibition

Soiling Crops.

It is a mistake to assume that field grown crops, harvested at the cost of considerable labor, are too costly to feed in summer; that cows can gather their food cheaper than man can, says Coleman's Rural World. The fact that so much more food can be produced in the form of some cultivated crop like corn or sorghum than will be produced on the same land in pasture grass subjected to the grazing and tramping of the cow, will more than offset the labor item of cost. This thought leads to the suggestion that it will pay to grow such crops to feed green during the summer as a means of supplementing the pasture. Sweet corn is one of the best crops to grow for this purpose, particularly the early kinds for early use. By planting small patches of each of several varieties one can easily have a continuous supply of green food, which, after one has once seen the value of, he will never afterwards fail to provide. This supplemental crop should be grown as near the barn as possible, for convenience in feeding, and the land should be rich and well prepared, so as to induce a rapid growth.

American Grown Tea.—Secretary Wilson has believed for some time that we should grow some of our own tea in the United States and he proposes to convince the people of the south that they can keep in the country and themselves get a good share of the $10,000,000 sent abroad for this article annually. The secretary has just returned from a visit to the tea farm of Dr. Shepard, at Summerville, S. C., where are in cultivation about fifty acres of tea. Last year these yielded about 3,500 pounds of superior black tea, which sells readily, it is stated, at $1 a pound. The average cost of tea brought from Asia is about 14 cents a pound and it may thus seem impossible for us to compete with the cheap labor of the Orient. Mr. Wilson states that he would not attempt to grow teas in competition with these poor grades, but only fine teas.—Ex.

A Catch Crop.—On good land there is yet plenty of time to sow cow peas and make a large crop of forage of great value as a stock food and of equal value for manure afterwards. Cow peas draw no nitrogen from the land but tend rather to improve most soils, even when the bulk of the crop is cut off, the root systems being very extensive and the long tap roots bringing up fertilizing elements from the sub-soil. The cow pea is a very strong food. In Florida many of the "crackers" feed their mules on cow pea hay (including the ripe beans) exclusively, giving them no additional grain, and work them too on this single ration.

Nitrogen exists in fertilizers in three distinct forms, viz., as organic matter, as ammonia, and as nitrates. It is the most expensive fertilizing ingredient.

Complete fertilizer is one which contains the three essential fertilizing constitutents, i. e., nitrogen, phosphoric acid, and potash.

SCIENTIFIC TOPICS.

CURRENT NOTES OF DISCOVERY AND INVENTION.

How an Inventive Woman Makes Use of Old Bedsprings—A Copying Press Saturator That Takes the Place of the Brush—New Idea in Folding Boats

Use for an Old Bedspring.

The inventive mind of man usually turns itself to the construction of some new article of use or ornament, some addition to the earth's treasures evolved by patient study and thought. Not so the inventive mind of woman; that is usually employed in devising ways of utilizing the useless; of turning to some secondary purpose that which was intended for some entirely different metier.

In Brooklyn, where annexation to New York has not destroyed the distinctive features, and where people still own patches of garden where flowers and fruit are carefully tended through the trying seasons of youth, a bright woman with the inventive mind aforesaid has taken two old spring beds which have done duty in their intended roles until old age has broken their wires and reduced their slats to a pitiable stage of decrepitude, fastened them against her back fence, and already trained vines are beginning to creep about their unsightliness and peep through the slats with a promise of blossoms later on which shall turn the old spring beds into a glory of crimson and gold; and it is safe to say that when the time comes no one who is not initiated into the secret will be able to tell the foundation of the trailing vines.

Who can say that the inventive mind that turns the spring bed into such a blessing to the eye does not rank with the mind that first conceived the bed itself?

The Persian Carpenter.

In accordance with the invariable custom of all eastern artisans, the carpenter sits upon the ground while at work. Instead of a bench a strong stake is driven down before him, leaving about ten inches above ground, and upon this he rests his work and keeps it steady with his feet. The facility with which the work is executed in this position has always been a matter of surprise to European workmen. In the royal arsenals English tools are used and a better system of working has been introduced under the superintendence of British officers, but in the native workshops the workmen are still to be seen squatting on the ground, and, being used to this position from infancy, and their tools being formed to work with more efficiency when used in this way, any alteration is scarcely to be expected. Their principal tools are the frame saw, adze, planes, hammers, nails and a few smaller tools.—Southern Lumberman.

Temperature of Diamodds.

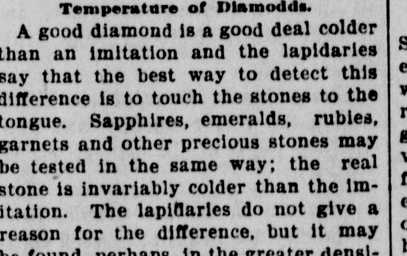
A good diamond is a good deal colder than an imitation and the lapidaries say that the best way to detect this difference is to touch the stones to the tongue. Sapphires, emeralds, rubies, garnets and other precious stones may be tested in the same way; the real stone is invariably colder than the imitation. The lapidaries do not give a reason for the difference, but it may be found, perhaps, in the greater density of the real stones, which makes them better conductors of heat.

A New Folding Boat.

A western man has invented an improved form of folding boat, which should prove very successful as an aid to inland fishermen and sojourners in the forests of Maine and New Hampshire during the summer and fall fishing season.

Any one who has "toted" a heavy boat across a Maine "carry" has sighed for something that would come apart when desired, and yet would be sufficiently stable to withstand the shocks and bumps incident to a trip up or down the average New England inland stream.

The boat consists of two middle sections and two end sections. The middle sections are hinged so that they fold together, forming a sort of box, in which the end sections may be stowed. When the four sections are in position and bolted together a com-



plete boat is formed, having pointed ends, constituting buoyant air chambers.

A New Golf Club.

One of the latest devices of the faddist in golf clubs is the single-piece driver, which is said to possess distinct merits over the ordinary implement. The idea emanates from the other side, where most of the innovations of this kind have their origin, and those who are responsible for its introduction claim that the club is the longest driving implement that has yet been produced. As its name implies, it is made all of one piece, the shaft being bent at the neck to allow the head of the club the proper angle, and in this way the grain runs continuously from tip to toe.

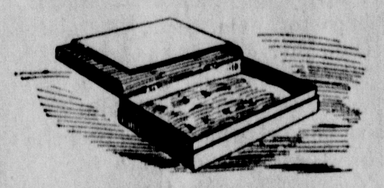
The distinct merit which the club is supposed to possess is a greater suppleness of shaft, the absence of binding at the point where the head and shaft are usually joined making this possible.

Fish-Eating Spiders.

There are certain large sea spiders (two feet from toe to toe), collossendeis gigas, that live in the water and feed entirely upon molluscs and worms. The carniverous wolf spider, an amphibious inhabitant of the tropical regions of South America, is said to prefer a fish diet, although it is not averse to eating mice, young birds, and even snakes, resembling in this respect the theraphosidae, or bird-catching spiders of India and Queensland, some of which equal a cat in size. The collossendeis is the most formidable specimen of the spider family, measuring six inches round the body and possessing twelve long, hairy legs with which it grips its finny prey. It attacks fish several times larger than itself, and, after biting them through the back and stinging them to death, gluts itself by sucking the juices from the bodies of its victims.

New Office Device.

A new piece of office furniture is the copying press bath which was designed to take the place of the brush generally used for that purpose. It consists of a box of sufficient size to accommodate a sheet of the paper generally used. The bottom consists of a padding filled with particles of sponge. The lid of the box is hinged and carries on its inside a spring-actuated plate, which forces the paper against the saturated padding of the bottom. Thus the paper is moistened



evenly and sufficiently, and yet is not soaked to such an extent that it is torn in manipulation. This apparatus has been patented.

New Method of Galvanizing.

Formerly the deposition of a zinc coating to preserve iron from rusting was only effected by the aid of heat, but within two years past a cold process of galvanizing by electrolysis has been put into practice. It is averred that the new process overcomes many defects of the old, such as lack of uniformity in the thickness of the zinc film and roughness of the surface. As formerly practiced, galvanizing often necessitated the recutting of screw threads on account of the uneven deposit, but with the electrolytic method no such difficulty arises. It is also claimed that the zinc coating adheres more firmly when deposited by the new process, while the cost is diminished.

Oyster Culture.

One of the divisions of the United States fish commission has investigated a number of problems connected with oysters and their culture, and has reported on the origin of the color of green oysters. This variety is due to vegetable matter used by the oysters for food, and in no way injures the edible qualities of the bivalve. Red oysters have been occasionally noted, but there has as yet been no opportunity for their investigation.

Stone and Oil.

D. C. French, the sculptor, says that there is more chance for young Americans in sculpture than in painting. "I believe," he adds, "that our natural character is more adapted to working in stone than in oil." Mark Twain, hearing this, replied: "Well, give me the oil well, and the French can take the quarry every time."

A New Ending.

Merritt—I had an awfully embarrassing thing happen to me this afternoon. I was walking with a girl, when a sudden gust of wind blew off my hat and sent it kiting up the middle of the street.

Giles—You surely weren't fool enough to run after it? You know there is always sure to be some obliging stranger who will chase it for you.

Merritt—So I'd always heard. But the girl began laughing at my predicament, and said I'd have to do some scorching to beat the wind.

Giles—Well, of course, she was a girl, and didn't know that some other fellow would do the sprinting for you.

Merritt—In the meantime a man had been chasing it up the block, and when the hat scurried around the first corner I knew he would catch it, for he wa running like a Spaniard.

Giles—Just as I told you.

Merritt—I continued very leisurely, and when I got to the corner——

Giles—There was the obliging man with your hat.

Merritt—No. Both the man and the hat had disappeared.

Could Remember Some Things.

Traveling Missionary—And how many children have you, Mr. Burdock?

Farmer Burdock (doubtfully)—Well, now, I dunno. There's Dick and John and Kate—wife, how many children are there around here?

His wife—Nine; five boys and four girls.

Traveling Missionary—A fine family and a fine farm, Mr. Burdock. You keep stock, I presume?

Farmer Burdock—Oh, yes; I've got 173 head of Jersey cattle, 589 sheep and 91 hogs.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 78,465]

PERIODS OF SUFFERING GIVE PLACE TO PERIODS OF JOY

"I was a sufferer from female weakness. Every month regularly as the menses came, I suffered dreadful pains in uterus, ovaries were affected and had leucorrhœa. I had my children very fast and it left me very weak. A year ago I was taken with flooding and almost died. The doctor even gave me up and wonders how I ever lived.

"I wrote for Mrs. Pinkham's advice at Lynn, Mass., and took her medicine and began to get well. I took several bottles of the Compound and used the Sanative Wash, and can truly say that I am cured. You would hardly know me, I am feeling and looking so well. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me what I am."—MRS. J. F. STRETCH, 461 MECHANIC ST., CAMDEN, N. J.

How Mrs. Brown Was Helped.

"I must tell you that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done more for me than any doctor.

"I was troubled with irregular menstruation. Last summer I began the use of your Vegetable Compound, and after taking two bottles, I have been regular every month since. I recommend your medicine to all."—MRS. MAGGIE A. BROWN, WEST PT. PLEASANT, N. J.

Answered.

"You Americans call things by such queer names," said the Englishman.

"What's wrong now?" asked the New Yorker.

"Why call these things elevators, when they take people down as often as they take them up?"

"Well, what do they call them in your country?"

"We call them lifts."

"Well, I can't see that the word 'lift' expresses their use any better than the word 'elevator.'"

"Oh, yes, it does. Don't you know you can lift persons down as well as lift them up?"—Yonkers Statesman.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Answered.

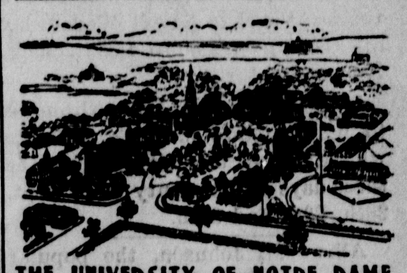
Sunday School Teacher—You have all heard of Admiral Sampson. Now, let us talk of the Biblical hero of the same name. With what did he slay the Philistines? Tommy, do you know?

Tommy—M-m-m—er-m-m——

Teacher (pointing to his own jaw)—What's this?

Tommy (suddenly brightening)—O! yes. Jawbone of a jackass!—Standard and Catholic Times.

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Classics, Letters, Economics and History. Journalism, Art, Science, Pharmacy, Law. Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Architecture.

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The 89th Academic Term will open Monday, September 4, 1899. All the branches of

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Regular Collegiate Degrees of Litt. B. or A. B.

The Conservatory of Music is conducted on the plan of the best Classical Conservatories of Europe.

The Art Department is modelled after the best Art Schools in Europe.

Preparatory and Minim Departments.—Pupils who need primary training, and those of tender age, are here carefully prepared for the Academic Course and Advanced Course.

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REGULATE THE LIVER

WANTED—Case of bad health that P-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

N W N U —No. 30.— 1 '99.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Local News Condensed.

Hoffman negotiates chattel loans.

At Grand Forks the city council has levied a tax of $1.00 on each bicycle.

Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Johnson are the proud parents of a new boy born Sunday last.

Several bargains in Kodaks, New '98 goods at greatly reduced prices at McColl's.

Mr. and Mrs. James McPherson have a daughter at their home, born Monday morning.

Miss Onolee McCullough and Miss Kittie Walker give a dancing party this evening at Walker hall.

Machine Oil of different grades at the lowest prices kept constantly on hand at Beck & Remmels. 32tf

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder. at Dr. Ribbel's.

A petition is being circulated for signatures asking for the re-instatement of Officer Derocher by Mayor Koop.

An order has been issued establishing a post-office at Neutral, this county, with Edward Miller as postmaster.

Mrs. Sue A. Kinney was appointed postmistress at Backus on Wednesday, vice E. S. Clinch, who suicided there a couple of weeks ago.

The Crow Wing county fair will be held Sept. 28th, 29th and 30th. The premium list is now in the hands of printer and will be issued soon.

An eight-year-old son of Eugene Auger, millright for the Brainerd Lumber Co., fell on Monday night and sustained a severe fracture of the thigh.

The Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian church will meet in the lecture room of the church next Wednesday afternoon from 2:30 to 4:30 o'clock, August 2nd.

If enough pressure can be brought to bear a state farmer's institute will be held in this city during the three days of the county fair, Sept. 28th, 29th and 30th.

Albert M. Johnson, the popular salesman at H. I. Cohen's dry goods store, is elated over a nine-pound boy which Mrs. Johnson presented him with on Wednesday.

Miss Ruth Barber was voted the handsomest girl in Brainerd at the Bosco entertainment last Saturday evening and received a silver cup as a memento of the occasion.

Through Congressman Morris Rev. G. W. Gallagher learns that his son, Geo. A. Gallagher, Co. I, 13th Regt. Minn. Vols., did not accept a discharge, but preferred to return with his regiment.

W. S. McClenahan, who has been local attorney for the Northern Pacific in this city for some time, tendered his resignation the first of the month. His successor has not yet been appointed.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of E. C. Bane and Miss Lurline Cale, the event to occur on Wednesday evening next, August 2nd, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Cale.

Ham Sing, one of the two Chinamen sent to states prison from this county in 1893, died at the Stillwater prison on Sunday of typhoid fever. Ham Sing and Ham Hong were convicted of murder in the second degree and were serving a 25 years' sentence.

Word has been received from M. C. Benson, who some three weeks ago went to Butte, Montana, and entered a hospital for treatment, that the doctors now think the cancer can be removed without injury to his eye. Mrs. Dusold, Mr. Benson's daughter, is head nurse at the institution.

WANTED—A good man and woman to conduct my boarding house at the Brainerd Lumber Co.'s mill. Woman must be a good cook, and a good economical housekeeper. Good wages to right parties, and an interest in the business done. Apply at once at boarding house near mill, or through the mail. J. B. BILEDEAU.

A. Lessard has been in the Twin Cities arranging for an excursion which will be run to Walker on the 13th of August. Mr. Lessard says that the indications are favorable for a large number of excursionists. It is expected that a low rate will be made for the round trip from this city on that occasion.

The Quincy, Ill., Optic says: The Misses Carney, of Brainerd, Minn., are kept busy with entertainments in their honor. They were the guests of a merry party of picnickers at the Bredeweg Alps on Thursday, chaperoned by Miss Margaret L. Harding. The Misses Lubbe gave a whist party for them Friday evening at their home, 835 N. Fifth, and on Sunday they will be the guests of honor of a select party who go to the woods for the day.

Rev. G. W. Gallagher preached last Sunday morning in the Park Avenue Congregational church, Minneapolis, of which Dr. George Black is pastor. On Monday Mr. and Mrs. Gallagher enjoyed the hospitality of Minneapolis and St. Paul in connection with the National Editorial Excursion, of which Mrs. Gallagher's brother was a delegate from New York. Through the courtesy of P. V. Collins, chairman of the Minneapolis reception committee, Mr. and Mrs. Gallagher were placed on the committee.

The social event of the season occurred last evening at which time Mrs. Geo. Forsyth tendered a reception at the Arlington hotel in honor of Mrs. C. F. Kindred and her son and daughter, Arthur and Miss Lolla Kindred, of Philadelphia, Pa., who are visiting Mrs. C. J. Merritt and family. The spacious parlors and dining room of the hotel were crowded with guests, over 300 being present. Dresskell's city band was stationed on the veranda and discoursed sweet music during the entire evening. Refreshments were served and dancing was indulged in, the guests departing at midnight.

Back From Camp.

The members of Co. L, N. G. S. M., returned yesterday from Lake City, where they have been in camp for the past ten days. The boys were tired, sunburned and dusty, but all report a royal good time, and it was a novelty to many of them for it was their first experience in camp. The company was met at the train by Dresskell's City Band and escorted to their armory, Brainerd has reason to be proud of its military company and the record made during their stay in camp. Not only was the conduct of the members of the best, but they took the highest mark for guard duty and inspection of quarters of any company in the regiment. The Fourth regiment won the state medal for guard duty which is quite an honor as the regiment is newly organized and competed for the medal against regiments that have seen service before. Capt. Adair says there were no complaints and that the boys were always ready to respond when called upon, and he feels a great deal of pride in the record made.

Co. L and Brainerd has the distinction of having the only man who qualified as a sharpshooter out of the Fourth regiment at the recent encampment at Lake City. The Pioneer Press says:

"Quarter Master Sergeant Frank W. Britton, of Co. L. was the only sharpshooter qualified at this encampment. He obtained a score of 47 points at 200 yards; 44 at 300 yards; 44 at 500 yards, and acquired a score of 68 in the skirmish run this morning. His total score at range and skirmish was 203, eighteen points more than were actually required to qualify him in the sharpshooter's class. Sergeant Britton was formerly a member of Company K, Third regiment, M. N. G., and a member of the Minnesota state team in two interstate rifle contests, one at Camp Douglas, Wis., and the other at Springfield. He has been at Camp Lakeview five times and qualified as sharpshooter each time."

Twenty-two marksmen were qualified and out of this number seven were from Co. L. as follows: Lieut. Wm. Nelson, Private Claude Burton, Private Donald Walker, Private John Seibert, Private James L. Smith, Private John C. Mayhew and Private Geo. Britton.

PERTINENT PERSONAL NOTES.

F. B. Johnson Sundayed in Grand Rapids.

Wm. Bebe visited St. Cloud friends Tuesday.

Jas. Murphy was a Staples vititor Tuesday.

J. N. Nevers was a St. Paul visitor yesterday.

Mons Mahlum went to Minneapolis yesterday.

John Congdon was in the city from Staples over Sunday.

James Towers, jr., leaves tonight for Livingston, Mont.

Miss Mabel Odell, of Staples, is visiting Brainerd friends.

James Willis returned on Saturday from Bradford, Penn.

Miss Hattie Cohen returned to her home at Minneapolis today.

County Treasurer Frater was a Deerwood visitor yesterday.

Mrs. Ed. Leach and children are visiting Fergus Falls friends.

Mrs. Joseph Kiebler left Saturday evening for a trip to the coast.

Mike Cullen, of Staples, was a Brainerd visitor the first of the week.

Mrs. F. E. Low and children left on Saturday for a visit with Fargo friends.

Dr. and Mrs. Walter Courtney returned Monday from their trip to the coast.

Dr. A. J. Thabes went to Ardoch, N. D., last night and will be absent until Sunday.

Miss Mamie Howe, of Chicago, is in the city visiting her aunt, Mrs. James Willis.

Misses Mamie and Anna Carney returned from their visit to Quincy, Ill., on Tuesday.

Joe Guepe returned on Monday from a visit with his parents at Fond du Lac, Wis.

Harry Hamilton came down from Staples and took in the excursion to Bemidji on Tuesday.

Miss Lena Mix returned to this city Saturday after an extended visit with relatives at Little Falls.

Miss Lydia Schaefer arrived in the city Monday from St. Cloud for a visit of some length with friends.

Andrew Stafford and wife returned yesterday from Nebraska. Mr. Stafford's health is not improved.

Misses Sadie and Midge Seymour, of St. Paul, arrived yesterday, and are the guests of Miss Lillian Hoffman.

Ensign Ira G. Miller, of Northfield, was in the city Saturday and Sunday, the guest of his father, M. H. Miller.

Mrs. D. E. Tull, of Staples, was in the city the first of the week visiting Mr. and Mrs. Peter Somers and family.

Miss Emma Netterberg returned to her home at St. Paul on Saturday, after spending some weeks with Brainerd friends.

Wm. E. Seeley and Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Nevers returned Tuesday from their visit to Centre City, in the Rainy Lake country.

Mrs. W. M. Thompson, of Duluth, is spending a couple of weeks in Brainerd visiting her brother, John McGivern, and family.

James Towers left Saturday evening for Livingston, Montana, where he goes to take charge of the Northern Pacific blacksmith shop at that place.

O. C. Wright, an old time Brainerd citizen, Sundayed in the city visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Wright, and other relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Bixby, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bixby, of Oak Lawn, returned to their home at Lakeside, N. Y., on Wednesday.

J. N. Sanborn accompanied his daughters, Minnie and Sarah, as far as St. Paul today on their way to Freeport, Ill., where they will visit their grandparents.

Angus Murry, who has been spending some time visiting relatives here, returned to Salt Lake City on Saturday. Mrs. Murry will remain a couple of months longer.

Thos. H. Murphy, vice president of the A. O. H. Insurance Fund of Minnesota, leaves tonight for Stillwater, where he goes to attend a meeting of the board of directors of that society.

Thomas Lyonas has located at Fall River, Mass., and his family left Wednesday to join him thera. Mr. Lyonas has bought a dairy farm of 160 acres for a consideration $5000 within six miles of that city.

MATRIMONIAL.

The wedding of Miss Nellie Howe to A. G. Armstrong occurred Wednesday morning at St. Francis Catholic church at 9 o'clock, Rev. Father Lynch performing the impressive wedding service which was witnessed by an immense audience of invited friends. The bride was attired in lavender silk mull trimmed with chiffon, and carried a bouquet of pink roses and maiden hair fern. She was attended by Miss Mamie Carney as bridesmaid, who wore white dimity with valenciennes lace, Dr. J. L. Frederick was groomsman. Henry Dunn and James Murphy acted as ushers at the church. After the wedding service had been performed the bridal party repaired to the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Howe, where an elaborate wedding breakfast was served. Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong left on the noon train for a two weeks' trip during which time they will visit at Madison and Milwaukee, and on their return will commence housekeeping at the corner of 8th and Grove streets. The bride is the accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Howe and has hosts of friends in Brainerd and elsewhere in the state where she is known. The groom is a popular employe of the Northern Pacific, and the many friends of both parties extend their hearty congratulations.

W. H. Brain, son of S. A. Brain, of this city, was united in marriage to Miss Nellie Hunter at Lead, S. D., on the 12th inst. The groom was formerly a resident of Brainerd and was employed at the boiler shops of the Northern Pacific road.

DEATHS.

Mrs. Mary Hatten died at Ft. Ripley Wednesday at the advanced age of 69 years. The funeral services will be held at that place Saturday. —Transcript.

Mrs. Eugene Auger, aged 28 years died on Sunday morning from liver trouble. The funeral was held on Tuesday morning from St. Francis Catholic church, Rev. Fr. Lynch officiating. The deceased leaves a husband and five children to mourn her untimely death.

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PERMANENTLY LOCATED



HAWKINS & CO.

Are now in Their

NEW MEAT MARKET

Hartley Block, Front Street.

Our customers will find us nicely situated with as fine a market as the state affords north of the Twin Cities, stocked with the choicest goods the markets afford. We handle

KANSAS CITY BEEF.

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FEATHERSTONE BICYCLES.



See that your Wheel is marked on the name plate--Model A, B, C, D, E or F.

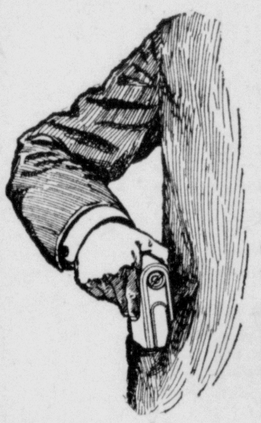
A. L. Hoffman & Co.



Kodaks



When you go wheeling put a Kodak on your Wheel.



When you go for a walk or on an extended tour put a Kodak in your pocket.

We have them in all styles and at all prices, for Films or Plates, or both, at $5.00 to $35.00.

PLAIN and Practical instructions with each Camera, and many valuable hints free by a professional photographer.

THERE IS NO KODAK BUT THE EASTMAN KODAK

Ask for a Catalogue,

McColl's Store,

BRAINERD, - MINNESOTA.

The McFadden Drug Co.

Wishes to call the attention of the public to the elegant wall finish which they have in stock called

Cementico

This is without exception the finest wall finish ever put on the market. Is fully guaranteed, and comes in different tints. Can be used by anyone. Put up in 5 lb packages, at only 50 cents per package. We also have a fine large Brush, the retail price of which is $1.00. We are selling them at 60 cents to purchasers of CEMENTICO....

McFADDEN DRUG CO.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Local News Condensed.

Hoffman negotiates chattel loans.

At Grand Forks the city council has levied a tax of $1.00 on each bicycle.

Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Johnson are the proud parents of a new boy born Sunday last.

Several bargains in Kodaks, New '98 goods at greatly reduced prices at McColl's.

Mr. and Mrs. James McPherson have a daughter at their home, born Monday morning.

Miss Onolee McCullough and Miss Kittie Walker give a dancing party this evening at Walker hall.

Machine Oil of different grades at the lowest prices kept constantly on hand at Beck & Remmels. 32tf

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder. at Dr. Ribbel's.

A petition is being circulated for signatures asking for the re-instatement of Officer Derocher by Mayor Koop.

An order has been issued establishing a post-office at Neutral, this county, with Edward Miller as postmaster.

Mrs. Sue A. Kinney was appointed postmistress at Backus on Wednesday, vice E. S. Clinch, who suicided there a couple of weeks ago.

The Crow Wing county fair will be held Sept. 28th, 29th and 30th. The premium list is now in the hands of printer and will be issued soon.

An eight-year-old son of Eugene Auger, millright for the Brainerd Lumber Co., fell on Monday night and sustained a severe fracture of the thigh.

The Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian church will meet in the lecture room of the church next Wednesday afternoon from 2:30 to 4:30 o'clock, August 2nd.

If enough pressure can be brought to bear a state farmer's institute will be held in this city during the three days of the county fair, Sept. 28th, 29th and 30th.

Albert M. Johnson, the popular salesman at H. I. Cohen's dry goods store, is elated over a nine-pound boy which Mrs. Johnson presented him with on Wednesday.

Miss Ruth Barber was voted the handsomest girl in Brainerd at the Bosco entertainment last Saturday evening and received a silver cup as a memento of the occasion.

Through Congressman Morris Rev. G. W. Gallagher learns that his son, Geo. A. Gallagher, Co. I, 13th Regt. Minn. Vols., did not accept a discharge, but preferred to return with his regiment.

W. S. McClenahan, who has been local attorney for the Northern Pacific in this city for some time, tendered his resignation the first of the month. His successor has not yet been appointed.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of E. C. Bane and Miss Lurline Cale, the event to occur on Wednesday evening next, August 2nd, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Cale.

Ham Sing, one of the two Chinamen sent to states prison from this county in 1893, died at the Stillwater prison on Sunday of typhoid fever. Ham Sing and Ham Hong were convicted of murder in the second degree and were serving a 25 years' sentence.

Word has been received from M. C. Benson, who some three weeks ago went to Butte, Montana, and entered a hospital for treatment, that the doctors now think the cancer can be removed without injury to his eye. Mrs. Dusold, Mr. Benson's daughter, is head nurse at the institution.

WANTED—A good man and woman to conduct my boarding house at the Brainerd Lumber Co.'s mill. Woman must be a good cook, and a good economical housekeeper. Good wages to right parties, and an interest in the business done. Apply at once at boarding house near mill, or through the mail. J. B. BILEDEAU.

A. Lessard has been in the Twin Cities arranging for an excursion which will be run to Walker on the 13th of August. Mr. Lessard says that the indications are favorable for a large number of excursionists. It is expected that a low rate will be made for the round trip from this city on that occasion.

The Quincy, Ill., Optic says: The Misses Carney, of Brainerd, Minn., are kept busy with entertainments in their honor. They were the guests of a merry party of picnickers at the Bredeweg Alps on Thursday, chaperoned by Miss Margaret L. Harding. The Misses Lubbe gave a whist party for them Friday evening at their home, 835 N. Fifth, and on Sunday they will be the guests of honor of a select party who go to the woods for the day.

Rev. G. W. Gallagher preached last Sunday morning in the Park Avenue Congregational church, Minneapolis, of which Dr. George Black is pastor. On Monday Mr. and Mrs. Gallagher enjoyed the hospitality of Minneapolis and St. Paul in connection with the National Editorial Excursion, of which Mrs. Gallagher's brother was a delegate from New York. Through the courtesy of P. V. Collins, chairman of the Minneapolis reception committee, Mr. and Mrs. Gallagher were placed on the committee.

The social event of the season occurred last evening at which time Mrs. Geo. Forsyth tendered a reception at the Arlington hotel in honor of Mrs. C. F. Kindred and her son and daughter, Arthur and Miss Lolla Kindred, of Philadelphia, Pa., who are visiting Mrs. C. J. Merritt and family. The spacious parlors and dining room of the hotel were crowded with guests, over 300 being present. Dresskell's city band was stationed on the veranda and discoursed sweet music during the entire evening. Refreshments were served and dancing was indulged in, the guests departing at midnight.

Back From Camp.

The members of Co. L, N. G. S. M., returned yesterday from Lake City, where they have been in camp for the past ten days. The boys were tired, sunburned and dusty, but all report a royal good time, and it was a novelty to many of them for it was their first experience in camp. The company was met at the train by Dresskell's City Band and escorted to their armory, Brainerd has reason to be proud of its military company and the record made during their stay in camp. Not only was the conduct of the members of the best, but they took the highest mark for guard duty and inspection of quarters of any company in the regiment. The Fourth regiment won the state medal for guard duty which is quite an honor as the regiment is newly organized and competed for the medal against regiments that have seen service before. Capt. Adair says there were no complaints and that the boys were always ready to respond when called upon, and he feels a great deal of pride in the record made.

Co. L and Brainerd has the distinction of having the only man who qualified as a sharpshooter out of the Fourth regiment at the recent encampment at Lake City. The Pioneer Press says:

"Quarter Master Sergeant Frank W. Britton, of Co. L. was the only sharpshooter qualified at this encampment. He obtained a score of 47 points at 200 yards; 44 at 300 yards; 44 at 500 yards, and acquired a score of 68 in the skirmish run this morning. His total score at range and skirmish was 203, eighteen points more than were actually required to qualify him in the sharpshooter's class. Sergeant Britton was formerly a member of Company K, Third regiment, M. N. G., and a member of the Minnesota state team in two interstate rifle contests, one at Camp Douglas, Wis., and the other at Springfield. He has been at Camp Lakeview five times and qualified as sharpshooter each time."

Twenty-two marksmen were qualified and out of this number seven were from Co. L. as follows: Lieut. Wm. Nelson, Private Claude Burton, Private Donald Walker, Private John Seibert, Private James L. Smith, Private John C. Mayhew and Private Geo. Britton.

PERTINENT PERSONAL NOTES.

F. B. Johnson Sundayed in Grand Rapids.

Wm. Bebe visited St. Cloud friends Tuesday.

Jas. Murphy was a Staples vititor Tuesday.

J. N. Nevers was a St. Paul visitor yesterday.

Mons Mahlum went to Minneapolis yesterday.

John Congdon was in the city from Staples over Sunday.

James Towers, jr., leaves tonight for Livingston, Mont.

Miss Mabel Odell, of Staples, is visiting Brainerd friends.

James Willis returned on Saturday from Bradford, Penn.

Miss Hattie Cohen returned to her home at Minneapolis today.

County Treasurer Frater was a Deerwood visitor yesterday.

Mrs. Ed. Leach and children are visiting Fergus Falls friends.

Mrs. Joseph Kiebler left Saturday evening for a trip to the coast.

Mike Cullen, of Staples, was a Brainerd visitor the first of the week.

Mrs. F. E. Low and children left on Saturday for a visit with Fargo friends.

Dr. and Mrs. Walter Courtney returned Monday from their trip to the coast.

Dr. A. J. Thabes went to Ardoch, N. D., last night and will be absent until Sunday.

Miss Mamie Howe, of Chicago, is in the city visiting her aunt, Mrs. James Willis.

Misses Mamie and Anna Carney returned from their visit to Quincy, Ill., on Tuesday.

Joe Guepe returned on Monday from a visit with his parents at Fond du Lac, Wis.

Harry Hamilton came down from Staples and took in the excursion to Bemidji on Tuesday.

Miss Lena Mix returned to this city Saturday after an extended visit with relatives at Little Falls.

Miss Lydia Schaefer arrived in the city Monday from St. Cloud for a visit of some length with friends.

Andrew Stafford and wife returned yesterday from Nebraska. Mr. Stafford's health is not improved.

Misses Sadie and Midge Seymour, of St. Paul, arrived yesterday, and are the guests of Miss Lillian Hoffman.

Ensign Ira G. Miller, of Northfield, was in the city Saturday and Sunday, the guest of his father, M. H. Miller.

Mrs. D. E. Tull, of Staples, was in the city the first of the week visiting Mr. and Mrs. Peter Somers and family.

Miss Emma Netterberg returned to her home at St. Paul on Saturday, after spending some weeks with Brainerd friends.

Wm. E. Seeley and Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Nevers returned Tuesday from their visit to Centre City, in the Rainy Lake country.

Mrs. W. M. Thompson, of Duluth, is spending a couple of weeks in Brainerd visiting her brother, John McGivern, and family.

James Towers left Saturday evening for Livingston, Montana, where he goes to take charge of the Northern Pacific blacksmith shop at that place.

O. C. Wright, an old time Brainerd citizen, Sundayed in the city visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Wright, and other relatives and frlends.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Bixby, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bixby, of Oak Lawn, returned to their home at Lakeside, N. Y., on Wednesday.

J. N. Sanborn accompanied his daughters, Minnie and Sarah, as far as St. Paul today on their way to Freeport, Ill., where they will visit their grandparents.

Angus Murry, who has been spending some time visiting relatives here, returned to Salt Lake City on Saturday. Mrs. Murry will remain a couple of months longer.

Thos. H. Murphy, vice president of the A. O. H. Insurance Fund of Minnesota, leaves tonight for Stillwater, where he goes to attend a meeting of the board of directors of that society.

Thomas Lyonas has located at Fall River, Mass., and his family left Wednesday to join him thera. Mr. Lyonas has bought a dairy farm of 160 acres for a consideration $5000 within six miles of that city.

MATRIMONIAL.

The wedding of Miss Nellie Howe to A. G. Armstrong occurred Wednesday morning at St. Francis Catholic church at 9 o'clock, Rev. Father Lynch performing the impressive wedding service which was witnessed by an immense audience of invited friends. The bride was attired in lavender silk mull trimmed with chiffon, and carried a bouquet of pink roses and maiden hair fern. She was attended by Miss Mamie Carney as bridesmaid, who wore white dimity with valenciennes lace, Dr. J. L. Frederick was groomsman. Henry Dunn and James Murphy acted as ushers at the church. After the wedding service had been performed the bridal party repaired to the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Howe, where an elaborate wedding breakfast was served. Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong left on the noon train for a two weeks' trip during which time they will visit at Madison and Milwaukee, and on their return will commence housekeeping at the corner of 8th and Grove streets. The bride is the accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Howe and has hosts of friends in Brainerd and elsewhere in the state where she is known. The groom is a popular employe of the Northern Pacific, and the many friends of both parties extend their hearty congratulations.

W. H. Brain, son of S. A. Brain, of this city, was united in marriage to Miss Nellie Hunter at Lead, S. D., on the 12th inst. The groom was formerly a resident of Brainerd and was employed at the boiler shops of the Northern Pacific road.

DEATHS.

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